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Lull on Soviet-Nazi Front Continues; Air Activity

London, July 12.

WHILE announcing that there were no important developments on the front during Friday night, a late Soviet communique claims further aerial successes against the Germans.

The communique, issued from the Soviet Information Bureau says :—"During the night of July 11 there was no substantial, change in the position of our troops at the front.

"Our air force continues to inflict crushing blows upon enemy tank formations and their mechanized and motorized units. Our air force also raided enemy aerodromes and bombed the oil fields at Ploesti in Rumania.

"During July 11 our air force destroyed 65 German planes. We lost 19 planes."

German Admission

"Already the Germans have begun to confess unwillingly that their plan of blitzkrieg and a triumphal march into Russia has failed," says the "Red Star" organ of the Soviet Army. "The greatest world powers, the British Empire and the United States, are on a common front in the fight against the ferocious enemy of the whole of humanity.

"Now the whole world may know that the soldiers and officers of our army do not show demoralization or hesitation before the famous German wedges and pincers. The Soviet warriors with their resourcefulness and the inherent ability of our people apply skillfully and rapidly on the battlefield the old popular saying 'beat the wedge with a wedge.'"—Reuter.

"Relative Calm"

Moscow, July 12.

Relative calm continued on practically the entire Soviet-German front for the second successive day yesterday, said an official communique today.

The Moscow radio was reported to have broadcast earlier that the "German offensive is completely halted and in many places the Russian armies have begun counter-offensives.

The night communique said that no changes of consequence occurred anywhere on the front. The Russians apparently were holding their line from Ostrov to Bessarabia.

The last report from the Finnish sector, on July 10, claimed that the Russians had checked the German-Finnish drive in the directions of Kendalashka, Holo, Milsta, Kandalashka, Kexholm and Ukata.

Throughout July 11 no significant changes occurred on the front, said the communique.

"During the day our air force carried out concentrated attacks, destroying enemy mechanized and motorized units, attacked aeroplanes on enemy aerodromes and bombed Ploesti," said the communique.

According to verified data, on July 9, 170 enemy planes were destroyed, the communique said.

A laconic communique issued earlier yesterday—the second similar one since the previous day—had indicated apparent temporary cessation of large-scale violent battles which characterized the first two weeks of the war.

The communiques said that nothing of consequence occurred. The Red Air Fleet, however, bombed German mechanized units, raided German airports and destroyed 58 German planes, while losing only 9 Soviet planes.

The Red Army, which admittedly was caught unawares by the first German assault, seemed to have rallied its main strength, and now was facing the Nazis along old defence lines. According to Soviet reports the lines still appeared to be unbroken.

German claims to the occupation of Minsk could not be confirmed here officially. Travellers who arrived from Minsk yesterday said that although the White Russian capital had been heavily bombed and shelled, it was still in Russian hands.—United Press.

Russians Say Nazi Casualties Exceed 1,000,000 Men

Moscow, July 12.

M.S.A. Lozovsky, Foreign Vice-Commissar, last night said at a press conference that German casualties thus far during Russo-German hostilities exceeded 1,000,000 men killed and wounded.

M. Lozovsky also said that cases had been discovered "in separate areas where the Germans had used poisonous substances. We have encountered them but an official communique on June 28 warned that the Germans were preparing to use them," he explained.

The Vice-Commissar ridiculed Chancellor Adolf Hitler's *blitzkrieg*, which he said had been turned into something quite different.

Nazi Difficulties

It was increasingly evident, M. Lozovsky said, that after three weeks of hostilities Nazi difficulties were growing and that Germany was headed for catastrophe.

He branded as purest fantasy German claims that 300,000 Russian prisoners had been taken in the battle of Bialystock and Minsk.

The Germans are beginning to "fizzle out." M. Lozovsky said but he added they probably were preparing for a new offensive.—United Press.

Roosevelt and Kalinin Exchange Messages

Moscow, July 12.

The Chairman of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the U.S.S.R., Kalinin, has sent the President of the United States the following telegram: "On the day of your national fete of the Proclamation of Independence of the United States of America I beg you Mr. President to accept the sincere congratulations of the Soviet Union and the entire multinational Soviet People who are now fighting with arms in hand for their freedom against the clique of fascist rulers of Germany—the enemies of the whole progressive humanity. I wish you personally, Mr. President, happiness and prosperity for the great people of the United States of America."

Roosevelt Replies

President Roosevelt has replied to Kalinin's telegram in the following message:" I am in receipt of your kind telegram with congratulation and best wishes on the occasion of the anniversary of the Independence of the United States. I deeply appreciate your attention shown in sending this message at the time when the Russian people so heroically fights the merciless usurper. The American people abhors armed aggression.

It is bound with the Russian people by solid ties of historic friendship and therefore quite naturally follows with sympathy and admiration the courageous struggle now waged by the Russian people for self-defence.

On behalf of the Government and people of the United States and also my own behalf I thank you for your friendly greetings. I send my best wishes to you personally and the best wishes of well being and success to the Russian people."—Tass.

U.S. Observers Leaving For Britain

New York, July 12.

American observers for the Office of Civilian Defence were to leave for London by Clipper today. The party includes Dr. Huntington Williams, Health Commissioner for Baltimore, and Captain Donald Leonard, of the Michigan Police, who will tour various population areas in Britain and study maintenance of municipal services during raids.—Reuter.

Nazis Say "Operations Progressing"

Berlin, July 12.

While German military reports indicated that intensive Nazi aerial action continued unabated as the Luftwaffe continued to pound Russian positions, apparently to prevent the Reds from bolstering their defensive lines, the High Command today again divulged no details of the fighting.

"Operations of the German and allied troops on the eastern front are progressing according to plan," the High Command tersely said, not elaborating upon this statement in any way.

The German military reports which reported Nazi aerial activity also claimed that 188 Soviet planes were shot down yesterday.

Despite reports abroad that the German offensive had been balked by the Stalin line, an authorized German military spokesman today told foreign correspondents that German operations were proceeding satisfactorily and were steadily accelerating.

The spokesman emphasized that the High Command "chose its words most carefully."

"Carefully Chosen Words"

The spokesman pointed out that the High Command, in regard to eastern front operations on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, had characterized German operations firstly, as proceeding according to plan, secondly, as progressing successfully and thirdly, as advancing irresistibly.

The spokesman refused to elaborate, but his remarks were made in such a positive manner as to indicate that correspondents shortly would receive news of German successes.

Blocked Roads

The German advance at several points on the Russo-German front has been halted temporarily by blocked roads, D.N.B., official news agency, said yesterday.

During the past few days, in fighting to complete destruction of the encircled Soviet Armies in the Minsk and Bialystock areas, the German advance was temporarily halted because the roads were completely blocked by wrecked and burned Soviet tanks, trucks and all kinds of motor vehicles abandoned by the retreating Red troops, said the news agency.

"Gigantic quantities of war materials have to be pushed aside in order to clear the way for German troops," said D.N.B.—United Press.

Yugoslavia Fully Supports Russia

London, July 12.

The Premier of Yugoslavia, General Simovitch, has issued a declaration expressing the Yugoslav Government's complete agreement with the British Government's policy of support for Russia.—Reuter.

Spanish Town Bombed

Gibraltar, July 12.

La Linea, Spanish town near Gibraltar, was bombed at 3 o'clock this morning by an unidentified plane believed to have been Italian. Six people were killed and nearly a score injured.

The plane flew very low and apparently mistook La Linea for Gribraltar.—Reuter.

Thai Thanks Britain For Invitation to Visit Malaya

Singapore, July 12.

The gratification of the Thai Government at the British invitation to inspect Malaya's defences was expressed by Lieut.-Colonel Luang Sura Narong, who with Flight-Lieutenant Dawee Chulldrupya arrived yesterday on a military mission.

"Thailand has always been and still is anxious to remain best friends with her best friend Britain," said Narong to Reuter. "It is a long-standing friendship which we sincerely hope will never break."

He admitted that Thailand needed more aircraft. "We would like to get some very much."

In conclusion Colonel Narong expressed Thailand's hope for an invitation to send a military mission to Burma and India, and admitted the possibility of a reciprocal invitation being extended to Malaya.—Reuter.

Soviets May Move Seat Of Government Says Tokyo Report

Tokyo, July 12.

The Soviets may move their seat of Government either to Orenburg, 750 miles south-east of Moscow, or Sverdlovsk, 800 miles east of the Soviet capital, should the Germans manage to break through the Soviet defences on the Stalin Line, the New York correspondent of the "Miyako" reports quoting Moscow despatches.

He adds that Soviet observers point out that if the Germans can be held in check until September, the autumn and winter rains will assist the Soviet armies in bogging down the German offensive.—Reuter.

Peru Says Ecuador Continues Attacks

Lima, Peru, July 12.

The Foreign Office last night officially announced that Ecuadorian forces had attacked Peruvian garrisons on Thursday morning in the eastern region but the Ecuadorians were repulsed.

The statement added that Peru considers "it superfluous to send protests to Ecuador over the new acts of aggression and is simply taking note of them."

Border clashes between the two countries started last Saturday. Negotiations already have been started in Washington in an effort to settle the differences between the two countries over their border.—United Press.

Three Soviet Marshals Given Command of Red Armies

London, July 12.

MARSHALS Klementii J. Voroshilov, Timoshenko and S. M. Budienny have been appointed Commanders-in-Chief of the northern, western and south-western sectors of the front respectively, according to the Moscow radio last night.

The three marshals, who have already taken up their duties, are three pillars of Soviet defence organization. Marshal Voroshilov was appointed Defence Chief on August 7, 1940 and became a member of the Defence Council on July 1, 1941.

Marshal Timoshenko succeeded Marshal Voroshilov as Defence Commissar on May 8, 1940.

Marshal Budienny, head of the Red cavalry and the popular ideal of a civil war fighter, was appointed First Deputy People's Commissar for Defence on August 16, 1940.

Explaining the appointments, the official Soviet news agency reports that "in view of the fact there are now three main directions of war operations, the State Service Committee has ordered headquarters to organize three main commands as above."—Reuter.

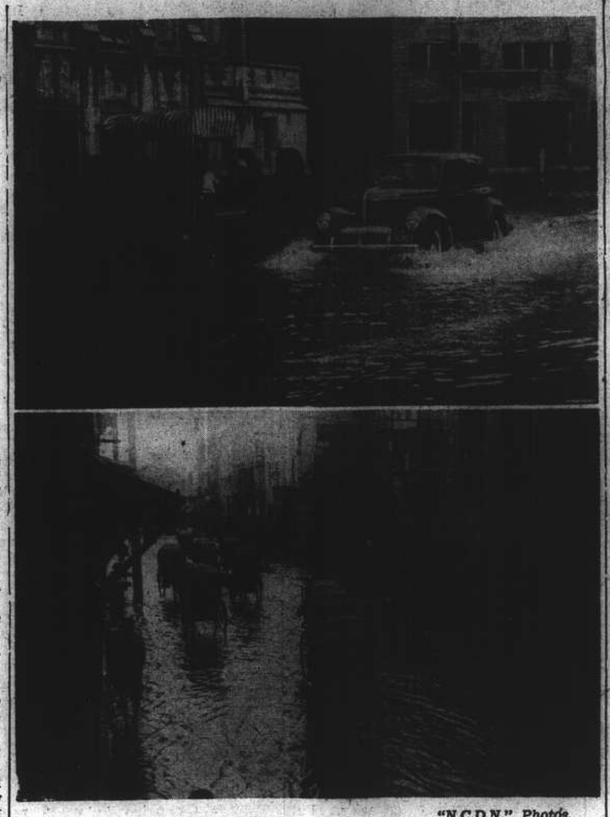
Fresh Push Seen

London, July 12.

Informed sources here yesterday said they had received indications that the Germans were starting a fresh push on the Russian front.

Results of the reported drive were impossible to obtain immediately, however, they said the results might be most serious to Russia.

After the hard fighting which the Germans experienced in the past two weeks, they paused for a while, probably owing to difficulties of supply and to fatigue of troops, said the informed sources.—United Press.



"N.C.D.N." Photos.

Shanghai is "Blitzed" by Floods Again

The heavy and sudden downpour of rain yesterday once again flooded the low-lying areas in Shanghai. It now appears that there is much in the predictions of Chinese farmers of plenty of rain this summer, which has "two months of June" according to the lunar calendar. The top picture was taken yesterday at the corner of Route Cardinal Mercier and Rue Bourgeat at the notorious "Cathay Mansions corner." The bottom picture depicts some of the "land pirates" plying their trade.

U.S. Seizes 16 German, Italian Ships

Washington, July 12.

THE United States has seized 16 Axis ships, previously taken into custody, on grounds that the owners forfeited their rights to the vessels by permitting sabotage.

The seizure was ordered by the Treasury Department under authority of the espionage act of 1917. Fifteen Italian and one German vessel were seized. They were among the 28 Italian and two German craft taken into "protective custody" three months ago.

The Department of Justice approved the grounds for the seizure.

A Department of Justice spokesman said that forfeiture proceedings would be instituted in federal court. The court also will be asked to permit the Maritime Commission to use the ships while the cases are pending, thus giving immediate use to the vessels.

If the Government wins the case it will acquire possession without having to pay for the vessels. The action was taken a few hours after the British Government had agreed not to seize requisitioned Italian and German ships put into service by the United States.—United Press.

Rights Waived

Washington, July 11.

The British Government announced yesterday that it had waived its beligerent rights concerning Italian and German ships seized in the United States.

The announcement, which was made by the Embassy, will enable the United States to operate 28 Italian and two German vessels which the Maritime Commission is already repairing and reconditioning to be used in place of United States ships which have been turned over to Britain, and to make up for some of Britain's losses.

The waiving resulted in a series of conferences between Mr. Sumner Welles, Under Secretary of State, and Lord Halifax, the British Ambassador.

The announcement said: "His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom announce that, in view of the uses to which these vessels are to be put, they entirely approve the steps now being taken by the United States. His Majesty's Government gratefully recognize the assistance which they and their Allies will receive from the service these vessels are to render, and they accordingly have waived the exercise of their belligerent rights as far as these vessels are concerned."—Reuter.

U.S. Ship Dropped Depth Charge to Warn Nazi U-Boat

Washington, July 12.

Colonel Frank Knox, Secretary of the Navy, yesterday told the Senate Naval Affairs Committee, that a naval patrol vessel in the Atlantic dropped a depth charge to "warn" an approaching submarine, the United Press was informed by a member of Congress.

When Col. Knox later was asked concerning reports of his testimony to the committee he refused to make any comment.

The Member of Congress told the United Press that Col. Knox told the committee the patrol vessel, said to be a destroyer, was picking up survivors from a British ship which had been sunk in the Atlantic, when a submarine was heard approaching.

Col. Frank Knox.

Depth charges were dropped, and a few minutes later the vibrations ceased. Col. Knox was said to have assured the committee that a depth bomb was not effective over a radius of more than 100 feet and that the submarine was further than that from the American vessel.

The incident was said to have occurred at dusk and the destroyer was afraid the submarine might release a torpedo, so the depth charge was dropped as a warning.

Col. Knox was said to have told the committee that no American vessel had opened fire knowingly on a German vessel but he refused to discuss new orders concerning maintenance of Atlantic sea lanes.—United Press.

Russian Envoy Sees Duff Cooper

London, July 12.

The Russian Ambassador, M. Ivan Maisky visited the Minister of Information, Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper, at the Ministry this morning. It is stated that the visit was in pursuance of many contacts which M. Maisky has had with the British Government since there has been close co-operation between Britain and Russia.—Reuter.

Japanese, Annamite Policeman Killed In Hankow French Concession Brawl

Hankow, July 12.

One Annamite policeman and a Japanese were killed and another Japanese was slightly injured in a gunfight early this morning in the French Concession between Annamite police and a party of Japanese. The cause of the clash is not clear.

Following the shooting, which took place at about 1 a.m., the French Concession was closed until 10 a.m. Four Japanese were detained by the French police.

An official statement issued this afternoon by Japanese naval authorities, who control adjacent districts, indicates that serious complications are possible. It emphatically denies the French claim that the shooting was started by the Japanese.

The statement asserts that the Japanese were unarmed and were fired on by the French police. It challenges the French officials to produce the weapons they allege the Japanese carried.

It states that the Japanese naval authorities "cannot be indifferent if the French officials refuse to acknowledge the facts of the case."

It is understood the French police requested the Japanese authorities to take custody of the detained men. The Japanese authorities have refused to do so, stating that the men are innocent.—Reuter.

More R.A.F. Attacks on North France

London, July 12.

The R.A.F. resumed its offensive over northern France this morning. Heavy bombers flying in formation, escorted by fighters were seen crossing the coast in the direction of Boulogne. Heavy firing was heard a few minutes later.

Wilhelmshaven Bombed Again

"Despite thunderstorms, a small force of British bombers penetrated into north-west Germany during Friday night and attacked the naval base of Wilhelmshaven," states an Air Ministry communique.

A German minesweeper was bombed and hit off the north-west coast of France yesterday afternoon by a Hudson aircraft of the Coastal Command.

No aircraft is missing from these operations, the communique adds.

R.A.F. bombers and fighters were again over northern France yesterday afternoon, it is officially announced. Details are not yet available, but according to a preliminary report at least six German fighters were destroyed.

One of the R.A.F.'s night fighter squadrons has become the first to have destroyed more than 50 enemy aircraft by night. The squadron, whose score stands at 51, has now received the following message from their Group Commander, Air Vice-Marshal Sir Quintin Brand: "Congratulations on passing your half century. Keep up the good work. I look forward with confidence to the hundred up."

The King yesterday saw the pilots taking off on their raids over France, and on their return he heard first-hand stories from the pilots about their sweeps. He asked many questions about the resistance encountered.

This was His Majesty's first visit to one of the fighter stations in daylight operations against enemy-occupied France.

Nazi Ace Downed

Reuter learns that the crack German fighter pilot, Captain Rolf Peter Pingel, made a forced landing in Kent last night.

It is understood that he had encountered British heavy bombers. He claims 22 air victories.

The British air force had "had its eye" on this German fighter pilot for some time.

Pingel's Messerschmitt 109-F, one of Germany's latest high-altitude fighters, was found to be almost intact, and Pingel himself was uninjured.

The capture is the result of a spectacular and unusual success for a heavy British bomber. The bomber met the Nazi pilot and forced him down near St. Margaret's Bay, on the Kent coast.—Reuter.

Big Air Battle Over Malta

Malta, July 12.

Three Italian fighters were brought down and nine damaged in an air battle over Malta yesterday. One other was probably damaged by anti-aircraft fire.

An official communique on the battle said that a large formation of enemy aircraft attempted to attack the island but were intercepted and split up by British fighters.

Some raiders were able to make a low-flying attack, but no casualties were caused.

Three fighters were shot down, all Maccri 200's, and fell into the sea. Some of those damaged were so badly hit that they were unlikely to have reached their home bases.

No British fighters were lost, the communique added.—Reuter.

Minor German Raid On Scotland

London, July 12.

German planes carried out small raids over Britain last night. Bombs were dropped in the northeast of Scotland and a few people were killed.—Reuter.

Iceland Regent Sends Message to Roosevelt

Reykjaavik, July 12.

"Sincere hope that the closer co-operation now beginning between the United States and Iceland may be blessed by good fortune," is expressed by the Regent of Iceland in a goodwill message to President Roosevelt.

Recalling that the first white man to set foot on American soil was an Icelander, the Regent continues:—"We also recall that the nation of the United States has always held high the flag of liberty and democracy, which we nations of Scandinavian origin respect so greatly, and which has been so strongly emphasized in Scandinavian co-operation, although this co-operation has unfortunately ceased for the time being."—Reuter.

Vichy Recommissions Dakar Squadron

Vichy, July 12.

Apparently fearing possible extension of the United States patrol to Atlantic outposts, the Vichy government has completely repaired and recommissioned the 35,000-ton battleship Richelieu as well as the remainder of the Dakar squadron comprising three cruisers and several destroyers, well-informed sources here declared.

Land defences also have been strengthened against any landing attempt, these quarters declared. It was said that these measures coincided with the continuous reinforcement of the Azores garrisons by Portugal.—Domei.

"Cease Fire" Ordered In Syria; Talks Open

London, July 12.

AN order to cease fire was given in Syria at midnight yesterday, states a message from Jerusalem. It is learned authoritatively here that a Vichy delegation passed through the Allied lines last night to discuss the armistice terms.

The order to cease fire comes as no surprise to those closely following events, learns Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent. Gen. Dentz' request some days ago for cessation of hostilities was an obvious indication that Vichy forces could not hold out any longer against the inexorable pressure of the Allied troops.

It may be assumed that Admiral Darlan declined the armistice terms as "inacceptable" at the bidding of German authorities.

Vichy's rejection of the Allies' moderate conditions has thrown responsibility for capitulation upon Gen. Dentz and the local Vichy authorities. They are left to extricate themselves from the situation to which the Vichy Government committed them.—Reuter.

Talks Open at Acre

Acre, Syria, July 12.

General Sir Henry Maitland Wilson, commander of Britain's forces in Egypt, assisted by General Georges Catroux, leader of the Free French forces in Syria, today opened negotiations here for an armistice with General de Verdillac, who represented Vichy.—United Press.

Earlier Vichy Rejection

London, July 12.

Following another day of conflicting reports about its attitude to the British armistice proposals in Syria, the Vichy Government last night allowed its official news agency, to issue a report that the "French Government had rejected the British terms."

At the same time the Vichy-controlled Lyons Radio broadcast an announcement that the Vichy Government's "reply to the British proposals was handed to the United States Embassy in Vichy yesterday afternoon."

The French Government, according to reports from Vichy, "places its confidence in General Dentz, who will take measures corresponding with the situation in which he may be placed if the British Government takes upon itself the responsibility of continuing the struggle."—Reuter.

To be Given Independence

London, July 12.

As soon as possible after the conclusion of the armistice, the Free French intend to negotiate treaties with the governments of Syria and Lebanon, granting them independence and concluding a perpetual military and political alliance, combatant sources said today.

The treaties envisaged will be based on the 1936 agreement.

It was believed that a delayed action provision will be attached to the independence agreement, but it was emphasized that General Charles de Gaulle, leader of the Free French, does not necessarily intend to postpone Syria's and Lebanon's enjoyment of complete freedom until after the war.

Although it was believed that Hitler has been pressing Vichy to continue the fight as long as possible, the Syrian hostilities were expected to end today.

It was believed that the majority of the 45,000 Vichy troops stationed in Syria at the start of the hostilities would join the Free French forces.

From this estimated number of Vichy troops, 30,000 comprise Senegalese, Syrians and Foreign Legionaires and between 10,000 and 15,000 French regulars.—United Press.

Arabs Affected

London, July 12.

Allied occupation of Syria and the decision of the Vichy authorities no longer to wage the unequal struggle against superior forces is calculated to have a profound effect on opinion [Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 2 *)

Vichy Ships in Turkey Disarmed

London, July 12.

All Vichy warships which have taken refuge in Alexandretta have been disarmed and their crews interned, stated the Ankara Radio last night.

The German-controlled Paris Radio said 14 French warships had now entered Alexandretta harbour.—Reuter.

Railway Station At Naples Badly Damaged by R.A.F.

Cairo, July 12.

Heavy bombers of the Royal Air Force attacked the railway station at Naples during the night of July 9, causing considerable damage and starting a number of fires, says an R.A.F. Middle East communique.

The statement also records further heavy raids on Benghazi harbour, where fires and explosions were observed between the Outer and Cathedral Moles. When the last raider left, the entire target was one huge blaze.

Attacks were also carried out on landing grounds at Derna, Martuba and El Tmimi.

Syrian Operations

Of operations over Syria, the communique reports further attacks on dumps, huts, marquees and buildings in Vichy camps and road transport. One attack on a dump at Hamana on Thursday produced a series of heavy and continuous explosions lasting more than half an hour. During this attack, the R.A.F. bombers were attacked by five Vichy fighters which in turn were attacked by Australian aircraft. All Vichy planes were shot down. Landing grounds at Talia and Hamana were also heavily mchine-gunned. Two planes were destroyed and 24 transport vehicles were damaged on roads in the Beirut area.

Two R.A.F. aircraft are missing, but the crew of one machine is safe —Reuter.

Norwegian Guerillas Harass Nazis

Moscow, July 12.

Scouts of a unit, Sergeant Frolkin and Red Army men Kamkov and Bryukhanov, penetrated into Finnish territory recently and detained two armed men in civilian clothes near River T. The Red Army men disarmed them and brought them back to their outpost.

The strangers related that they were Norwegian workers Berner and Larson and from the beginning of the German occupation of Norway they had joined a guerilla group. Just recently, the guerillas learnt about Hitler's attack upon the Soviet Union and unanimously decided to continue fighting in the rear of German-Finnish troops in the north of Norway and Finland. They had already destroyed two bridges and exterminated the German guards.

"The struggle of the Russians against Hitler—said Larson—is also a struggle for our country. Norwegian workers have already experienced all the horrors of the fascist regime and burn with one desire—to square up with Hitler for the humiliation of their people. Hitlerism must be wiped off the face of the earth.—Tass.

Colonies' War Effort Plays Substantial Part

London, July 10.

It was really amazing that the Colonies had been able to play so substantial a part in the British war effort, declared the leader of the House of Lords, Lord Moyne (Colonial Secretary) in a debate on the Colonies' war-time difficulties.

To a few Colonies, especially Malaya and North Rhodesia, the war had brought abounding prosperity, and to others in lesser degrees. Others, like Malta and Cyprus, had not fared so well. Still others were threatened with loss of their over sea markets and it had been necessary for the United Kingdom to come to their assistance.—Reuter.

Smetanin Calls On Matsuoka

Tokyo, July 12.

Constantin Smetanin, Soviet Ambassador to Tokyo, this afternoon called on the Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, at the latter's private residence at Sendagaya, conferring for an hour and a half.—Domei.

Full Text of British Armistice Terms in Syria

Vichy, July 11.

THE following is the full text of the British note handed to the French Government through the United States Embassy in Vichy :—

"The British Embassy in Washington has just informed the State Department that the message from General Henri Dentz, French High Commissioner in Syria, was communicated to the British Government and that the British Government desires that the following conditions be communicated to General Dentz as soon as possible :—

1. The Allies have no other aim in Syria than to prevent this country from serving as a base for enemy land and air forces against their military positions in the Near East. They have assumed obligations towards the Arab population, having given them, upon entry into Syria, a guarantee of their independence. Great Britain supports the declaration made by General Catroux. French representation in Syria will be assured by the Free French authorities within the framework of the independence granted to Syria and the Lebanon, and to which Britain associated herself.

2. The Allies do not bear any grudge whatsoever against the French in Syria and are prepared to grant them a complete amnesty regarding the recent fighting. They have no charge to level against any leaders, authorities, or troops in Syria. General De Gaulle, who never acted against any of his comrades in arms who fought against him in application of orders received, does not intend to do so in the present circumstances.

3. The Allies must, however, take measures to prevent war material in

[Havas Telemondial.

(Continued on page 2, col. 2 *)

Closure of Clement's Apts. Foreshadowed

The management of Clement's Apartments is seriously considering the complete closure of the establishment in view of their present labour difficulties. Up to the present they have refused to consider the demands presented by the 105 striking employees and a spokesman of the management yesterday declared that they had no intention of ever re-engaging the men who walked out.

If the closure is brought about, it is thought that it will be only a temporary one. At the present time, about half of the residents are still in the apartments but they are required to have their meals outside as there is no service being provided on the premises.

Meanwhile, Shanghai suffered another inconvenience when the stable coolies of the Shanghai Milk Supply Co., well-known for their Blue Ribbon Milk, continued their strike which they started on Friday. Though the delivery coolies of the dairy were not in sympathy with the strikers, they were intimidated into joining the tie-up and no deliveries were made yesterday. In all, there are now about 50 employees of the company on strike.

Customers Co-operate

When customers of the dairy were informed of the situation, many of them decided to collect the milk themselves or sent their coolies. In the meantime the foreign staff are doing their best to cope with the situation, milking the cows and doing the pasteurizing themselves.

No demands have been presented by the strikers and it is believed that their grievances are not based on questions of wages as the Chinese staff were given an increase only recently. Friction appears to have occurred between the foreign and Chinese staffs, and the strikers will probably request the dismissal of the foreign supervisers before they resume work—a demand which the management will definitely turn down.

Another 500 men were added to the idle lists of strikers yesterday when this number of stocking dyers all over the city suspended work, their aim being to secure better working conditions. Minor clashes broke out early in the day and two or three of the strikers were arrested by the French police.

Yen Bloc Area Food Problem Improving

Moji, July 12.

Brighter prospects for the food supply problems in the yen bloc area was forecast by Dr. Hiroshi Nasu, Professor of the Tokyo Imperial University upon his arrival here from a 20-day tour of China.

"Agricultural crops in North China are extremely favourable this year, and the supply of foodstuffs in Japanese controlled areas have been improved greatly," he declared.

Dr. Nasu pointed out that commodity prices in Japanese controlled areas are returning to normal as peace and order are being restored.

He said the food problems in the yen bloc area will be solved favourably as the "agricultural policy in Manchoukuo is progressing smoothly, and rice crops in Japan are fair this year."—Domei.

FROM SOVIET FILES

Moscow, July 11.

During a raid by Finnish planes upon a station in the vicinity of the front, one bomb fell near a train with ammunition. Disregarding the danger, the station-master, Mazolevsky, engine driver Bukashelo, switchmen Chepurnechny and Trud rapidly uncoupled the train and took away the cars which did not catch fire. Almos the whole train was saved.—Tass.

* * *

Moscow, July 11.

A machine-gunner, Zakhodsky installed his machine gun at the edge of a forest near a road along which Finnish White Guards were expected to advance. Zakhodsky allowed the first enemy units to approach to a distance of 50 or 60 metres and commenced to mow them down with machine gun fire. The road was strewn with enemy bodies. The Finnish unit was routed.—Tass.

* * *

Moscow, July 12.

The enemy attempted to advance in sector X. Our troops opened artillery, rifle and machine gun fire, weakened the enemy by accurate fire and counter attacked them. After the battle, 1,215 bodies of soldiers and officers of two German mountain infantry divisions were found in front of the defence of X sector.—Tass.

* * *

Moscow, July 12.

While a group of signalmen headed by a Red Army man Karyakin was laying a telephone line to the commander's post, three enemy bombers dropped a parachute party near them. The signalmen opened point blank fire on the landing diversionists. The whole gang was annihilated. Automatic arms and several field wireless stations were captured from the Germans.—Tass.

* * *

Moscow, July 11.

Eight Red Army men of a unit commanded by Jnnior Lieutenant Charkin, were covering the retreat of their unit. Charkin skilfully placed and camouflaged his men. The Germans failed to discover the ambush and were surprised by its fire. Taking advantage of the enemy's confusion, the Red Army men charged them with bayonets. The Germans lost about 50 soldiers in the fighting.—Tass.

* * *

Moscow, July 12.

German-Rumanian infantry and cavalry units occupied a village, and a Soviet detachment received orders to force the enemy out of this village. After strong artillery preparation, Soviet tanks and armoured cars advanced against the enemy. Rushing into the village they began to smash enemy guns and machine gun nests. The enemy infantry and cavalry began a disorderly retreat. But the village was already surrounded by Soviet cavalry. Cavalry men delivered a crushing blow to fascist soldiers. Over 70 killed and wounded soldiers and officers remained on the field. 247 soldiers and 14 officers surrendered. 12 guns, 28 machine guns and 20 trench mortars were captured.—Tass.

Nazis Said Preparing To Take Bosphorus

Moscow, July 12.

The Soviet Information Bureau possesses reliable information that large troop movements are proceeding on the Bulgaria-Turkish frontier.

Day and night the frontier is being fortified under the direction of German engineers and dozens of aerodromes are being built. Fascist militarists are evidently preparing to capture the Bosphorus straits.—Tass.

*British Terms In Syria

(Continued from page 1)

Syria from being used against them. Therefore, this material must be given up to them.

4. Regarding French troops in Syria, they must be freely allowed to join the Allied forces in their struggle against the Axis powers. At the same time, the Allies reserve the right to take steps to ensure that a free choice is given every man.

5. Full facilities must be granted so that every individual be completely advised of the situation and of the choice offered him. Members of the fighting forces who are not prepared to join the Allied cause will be repatriated with their families, if and when circumstances permit.

6. Honourable conditions will be offered all those wishing to join the Allied forces. Those accepted for service will maintain their rank and duties pending an investigation. The others will be treated honourably until repatriated. All officers wishing to aid the Allied cause will, as much as possible, be given duties corresponding to their rank, and their pay will be guaranteed. Other ranks will be treated in the same way as army officers. Those not prepared to aid the Allied cause will be repatriated with their families.

Handed Over Intact

7. Railroads, bridges, radio and oil establishments, will not be damaged or destroyed but handed to the Allies for their use. The Allied forces will have the right to place Syria under military occupation for the duration of the war.

8. All Germans and Italians in Syria will be handed over for internment.

9. All naval units will be handed over intact to be interned and, consequently, will be brought to and kept in Beirut. They may be eventually sent somewhere else under the orders of the Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean Fleet if conditions of security make this necessary. The restitution of these vessels after the war, or compensation for them, is guaranteed to a united France.

10. The blockade will be lifted and Syria and Lebanon will be immediately joined to the sterling bloc.

11. All Britons taken prisoner in the course of operations in Syria and Lebanon will be freed immediately.

The British Government desires that you make it clearly known to General Dentz, in communicating these conditions to him, that since according to some reports British officers have been sent to France to be interned there, the British authorities find it necessary, until there prisoners are freed, to intern a sufficient number of Vichy supporters in Syria, in order to provide for the case that these British war prisoners are not freed but kept as prisoners in France.

The British Government also desires that you explain that if General Dentz accepts the conditions contained in the present memorandum as a basis for negotiations, and replies in this sense, the British authorities are prepared to cease hostilities and to meet the representatives of General Dentz without further delay."—Havas Telemondial.

*"Cease Fire" Ordered in Syria

(Continued from page 1)

throughout Arabia, says Reuter's Near Eastern expert.

"The Arab's senses are in his eyes" is a saying prevalent throughout Arab lands and with very good reason. It is of course possible to appeal to an Arab through his hearing—the Germans hoped they had done this trick in Iraq largely through wireless broadcasts—but the Arab can best be persuaded through his sight.

What an Arab hears may be true but what he sees is literally true. He has seen Arabia made free again by tried friends. His hopes are high. He has seen demonstrations of Allied might as distinct from Nazi and Fascist violence; of Allied thoughtfulness and care for civilian populations as distinct from Nazi and Fascist ruthlessness.

The Arabs—especially the Transjordan Arabs—have played their part in this Allied victory. The contribution given by the famous Arab legion has yet to make news. All that can be said now is that Amir Abdullah of Transjordan never swerved from his belief in the Allied cause. Even during the height of the Raschid Ali affair, which might have disturbed profoundly Arab opinion, he and his men zealously supported every move to restore the rightful regime in Iraq.

The order to cease fire in Syria means stabilization throughout Arab lands—and a great setback for Berlin.—Reuter.

"And I Said to the Skipper. . . ."

Two young evacuees sit enthralled as they listen to a tale of the sea as told by one of Bixham's fishermen. This pleasant little port in South Devon, well-known to many a Shanghailander, who has spent home leave in that beautiful part of England, now cares for many youngsters from bombed areas in London, many of whom got their first glimpse of the sea when they arrived at this healthy spot.

Roosevelt Asks Huge New Sums For U.S. Navy

Washington, July 12.

President Roosevelt yesterday asked Congress for $3,823,000,000 in cash and contract authorizations for the Navy and the Maritime Commission. With his request for $4,770,000,000 for the Army, this makes a total of $8,093,000,000 sought for defence purposes in the past 24 hours.

Yesterday's request included $1,625,000,000 in cash for the Navy, of which $400,000,000 will be for the maintenance and repair of defence installations in Government or privately-owned merchantmen.

For Naval Ships

Asked at a press conference if this meant that merchantmen would be armed, the President assured that this was not contemplated, and that the bulk of the sum would undoubtedly be used for naval ships. He suggested that it would be applied to such things as fitting vessels with equipment for combatting magnetic mines. He added that conversion of some private vessels for use by the Navy was also contemplated.

The President asked $698,000,000 in cash and $1,000,000,000 in contract authorizations for the Maritime Commission, saying that the money would be used for a great many new ships.

He declared a new Lease-Lend appropriation request was being worked out, but was probably not going to Congress this week. He also said in addition to the tax bill was before Congress at present and he assumed there would be another tax bill next winter and a tax bill about every year.

Expanded Programme

President Roosevelt stated that none of the funds was intended for repair of British vessels. The expanded programme, he added, was needed because the schedule of production had been stepped up and money was needed now instead of next January.

Of the vote asked for by President Roosevelt yesterday, $1,625,000,000 provides for the construction of 566 merchantmen at an estimated cost of $1,246,650,000 and $350,000,000 for requisition, purchase and repair of existing ships. The remaining $50,000,000 will provide additional shipbuilding facilities.

The Maritime Commission announces that it has already developed plans to a point where actual construction can be begun early in August. All ships of the new programme are scheduled to be completed and operating by the end of 1943. The combined tonnage will be 5,500,000.

The new programme, combined with construction already contracted for by Britain directly with United States shipbuilders, contemplates delivery into service of nearly 14,000,000 deadweight tons of merchantmen by the end of 1943.—Reuter.

Bombers for Thailand Still Held Up

Bangkok, July 12.

Plans to enlarge Thailand's air force have been meeting difficulties, it was revealed at a meeting of the People's Assembly on Thursday.

It was disclosed that United States authorities at Manila still are detaining the shipment of 20 bombers which had been ordered by Thailand.

Replying to an interpellation by a member of the Assembly, the government spokesman disclosed that negotiations still were pending with the United States government for the release of the 20 bombers which have been held at Manila for the past five months.

Thailand, it was revealed, is asking for delivery of the planes or the repayment of 200,000 bahts which already has been turned over to the American authorities as deposit. It is understood that Thailand has been negotiating through her Legation at Washington.—Domei.

U.S. Labour, Material Being Used For British Bases—Roosevelt

Washington, July 12.

President Roosevelt declared at a press conference yesterday that he would not be surprised if American steel had gone into 50 British bases, and if American workmen the world over were being paid by the British Government. This, he said, was perfectly legal.

The President made this remark when questioned regarding the construction of American bases in Ireland and Scotland. When a reporter said that there seemed to be some substantiation from abroad for Senator Taft's contentions, President Roosevelt said what was being done was being accomplished either through straight purchases by the British Government or under the Lease-and-Lend Act.

The President went on to say that he would not be surprised if Americans were working for the British the world over and if American steel was being used in bases from Canada to South Africa and "God knows where."—Reuter.

American Technicians in Britain

London, July 12.

The United States Embassy here yesterday revealed that many American technicians at present are working in Britain, including northern Ireland.

The Foreign Office meanwhile said that Americans employed by the British were engaged on "certain work proceeding in northern Ireland." But that there was no basis for charges that the United States was building based there.—United Press.

Manchoukuo Builds Huge Dam

Kirin, July 12.

Less than three hours by train from the Manchoukuo capital, one of the world's biggest dams is in the process of construction. The Kirin, or Fengman Dam, situated on the Second Sungari 21 kilometres upstream from Kirin city, will be completed in three years. It will be only 20 per cent smaller than the United States' Boulder Dam.

Its foundations, drilled deep into solid rock, were laid last year. One-third of the actual dam has been built, and the power house is expected to operate in a small way next year. Figures differ regarding this project's eventual generating capacity, but annually it is expected to be more than double the output for the whole of Manchoukuo in 1939.

It is claimed that the artificial lake created by the dam will be the biggest of its kind in the world. It will be nearly 180 kilometres in length, have a circumference in the neighbourhood of 2,000 kilometres and a total surface area of over 500 square kilometres. About 52,000 persons living in 8,000 households in the part of the countryside which will be flooded by the lake are now being evacuated and re-settled elsewhere.

Bomb Proof

The dam itself is 1,200 metres in length and 91 metres high. Its width is 686 metres at the base and will be eight metres at the top. Nine million tons of concrete will fill its framework. It will be proof against earth tremors and against the dangers of ice and snow. It will even be bomb-proof, it is claimed.

Except in winter months, when certain of the work is slowed down, 12,000 workmen are employed on this job, comprising roughly 2,000 Japanese and 10,000 Chinese. Convicts tackle the harder labour, and are paid for their work.

Expenses for this huge enterprise will probably touch the Y150,000,00 mark. Generators and other machinery for power plant and dam were supplied by the United States, Germany and Japan. Westinghouse and Otto Wolff were principal suppliers.

Feed Many Cities

Hydro-electric generation will serve Kirin's light industry and chemical industry, and will feed cities as far afield as Harbin, Changchun, Mukden and Fushun. The dam will have a secondary use. An area of 176,000 acres along the lower reaches of the river, now waste land, will be irrigated by the artificial lake for cultivation of farm crops, including rice, while another 392,000 acres will be released from floods during the rainy season.

The foregoing figures, however, only partially describe the magnitude of the Kirin Dam. Foreign correspondents visited Kirin recently and were impressed. From high on a hillside, they were given a bird's-eye view of the operations below. The dam, which in its present stage resembles a vast skeleton of concrete and metal, crosses the Sungari between two sizeable hills. On it are thousands of workmen, ant-like in their activity. A temporary industrial town has sprung up in the valley. In addition to its power plant, it boasts a concrete mixing factory, toolsheds and hundreds of workmen's dwellings. The concrete mixing factory has its own railway to the dam-head.—Reuter.

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Indo-China Said Anti-Japanese

Tokyo, July 12.

The majority of metropolitan papers this morning featured Hanoi despatches regarding alleged anti-Japanese actions by French Indo-China authorities recently. The despatches criticized the following French Indo-China actions:

1. Failure to live up to the spirit of the Japanese-French Indo-China trade agreement by trying to restrict rice shipments to Japan;

2. Failure to suppress anti-Japanese and pro-Chungking activities by resident Chinese;

3. Recognition of Chungking diplomatic representatives, and giving preferential treatment to rice shipments to Chungking while refusing to recognize trade agents of the Nanking Government;

4. Failure to suppress anti-Japanese articles in French vernaculars;

5. Censoring of all translations of Japanese news broadcasts while freely permitting large write-ups of Chungking radio reports; and

6. Adoption of severe measures against Annamites friendly to Japanese.

Regarding French Indo-China authorities' pressure against pro-Japanese Annamites, reliable circles say that more than 400 Annamites have been arrested, while many have been questioned and shadowed and their houses searched for being friendly or working with Japanese.

"Adequate Measures"

Deploring indications of intensified anti-Japanese activities in French Indo-China, the "Japan Times and Advertiser" warned that "if the alarming picture of anti-Japanese operations in Indo-China and neighbouring states is only half true, this country can be justified in taking adequate measures for protecting its own interests."

Writing under the caption "Anti-Japanese Campaign in South Must Be Stopped" the journal asserted that one of the principal sources of the trouble was the powerful Chinese interests through which the "Chungking Government has been reported conducting the campaign to arouse the people against the Japanese and indirectly affecting the Governments of places like Indo-China and Thailand."

The newspaper cited one reported instance in which the Chungking Consul-General at Saigon conducted a tour of south Indo-China assertedly on Chungking's orders, to arouse sentiment against Japan.

It was reported that it had been known for some time, the "Japan Times" said, that pressure had been levied on some political groups in Thailand for the purpose of creating a front against Japan.

The editorial charged Chungking with attempting to undermine peace and the foundation for goodwill which Japan cemented through arbitration of the Thailand-French Indo-China border dispute.

"In view of the treaty obligations of French Indo-China, and the economic interests of Japan now developing by mutual arrangement, there is a strong need for the authorities in French Indo-China to control subversion, and remove such influences as might provoke trouble with Japan."

The journal strongly urged French Indo-China to take immediate steps to curb threatening factors, "lest the situation get out of hand."—Domei.

North-China Said First Line of Anti-Red Front

Tientsin, July 12.

Peaceful reconstruction of the whole country is possible only after the restoration of order on a sound basis in North China, which is the first line of the anti-Red front, says the "Hsin Min Pao" in an article dealing with the meaning of the new public safety movement.

This new movement, says the paper, entered the second stage with the July 7 anniversary, the first stage having been launched two months ago.

The previous campaign was initiated "from above" (the authorities) and was in the nature of a tutelage; the present campaign is launched "from the bottom," after the people had been organized into corps of self-defence.

The article goes on to say that residents in North China ought to have a deep knowledge of the evils of Communism, and the militia ought to be further strengthened. While the campaign is mainly concentrated in the rural areas, it is of the utmost importance that the officials in the city administrative organs should be guided in their thought also. Equal attention should be paid to the workers at factories, miners working underground, and members of the educational organs.

While the Japanese Army alone should be relied upon in large-scale action against the Reds, wholehearted cooperation and assistance is also necessary in measures against small groups of Reds.

North China is the first line of the anti-Red front, adds the paper. In view of its importance, the North China problem has become an international problem. North China is the testing ground for Sino-Japanese cooperation. The future trend of the Chinese Reds should not be overlooked, and therefore the anti-Red measures should not be relaxed.—Reuter.

Major-General Jinkuro Ochiai, vice-director of the Central China Liaison Office of the Asia Development Board, will return to Shanghai from Tokyo where he has been in consultation with the central authorities, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

Tokyo Financial Policy Approved

Tokyo, July 12.

The metropolitan press this morning editorially welcomed the government's new programme regarding the nation's financial and fiscal questions and voiced the hope that the new programme will be placed into practice as soon as possible.

Generally speaking, the new programme contains nothing new except a strengthening of the existing policies, the "Hochi" said. It was significant, however that the government now had definitely defined its policy regarding financial and fiscal matters because in the past there always had been differences of opinion within the government itself which tended to cause confusion, the paper said.

The influential Tokyo "Nichi-Nichi" declaring that the new programme should be no cause for alarm among financial and economic quarters, who expected more strict state control, said the basic policies as set forth in the new programme were simple and easy to understand. With the country now facing an emergency, the new programme should have been announced far earlier.

Paper Plans

The widely-read "Asahi," also noting that the new government programme contained nothing new except "being a redefinition of existing policies," voiced the hope that the new programme would not be another paper plan. The "Asahi" warned, "Unless the government strengthens its political power, all well-meant government plans may continue to remain paper plans."

Meanwhile, the industrial daily "Chugai Shogyo Shimpo" asserted that the government's programme of mobilization of all funds within the state, as well as changes in the administrative structure would be welcomed by financial circles since the State now was assuming heavier responsibility over all matters relating to the nation's financial and fiscal problems. Accordingly, all that was left now was for the plan to be carried out, the "Chugai" said.

Concluding, the "Chugai" hoped that the government would take speedy steps restricting financial funds within the limits of national power, and increasing productive capacity by reconditioning the nation's fiscal machinery, thus grooming Japan for total war in the face of an international emergency.—Domei.

Jack Oakie's role as a goofy gob in "Navy Blues" is the same type of role he had in "The Fleet's In," his first picture thirteen years ago.

Marlene Dietrich has given all but a couple of pairs of her slacks to the Goodwill Industries, a Los Angeles charity organization.

Mechanized School for Japan's Army Formed

Tokyo, July 12.

Following the establishment of the new Mechanized and Armoured Force Headquarters on April 8, the War Ministry announced the creation of two new Army schools—the Army Mechanized and Armoured Force Equipment School, and the School of Military Science.

With the creation of the School of Military Science, the present Army Artillery Engineering School will be abolished.

The announcement disclosed that the Director of the Mechanized and Armoured Force Headquarters, Lieut.-Gen. Shin Yoshida, will supervise the Army Mechanized and Armoured Force Equipment School, while the Director-General of Military Education, General Otozo Yamada, will supervise the School of Military Science.

Enrollees in the mechanized school will be divided into four classes: Field officers (Lieut.-Cols. and Colonels, excluding military police and the air forces) will be permitted to enrol for three months once yearly; Captains will be permitted to enter once yearly for four months, Lieutenants, sub-Lieutenants, and non-commissioned officers will be permitted to enrol twice yearly for five months.

Courses at the School of Military Science will be classified into three groups: a basic one-year course open to sub-Lieutenants; a one-year advanced course open to one fourth of the outstanding students in the basic course; a one-year technical course for selected leading graduates of the basic course.—Domei.

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Mardens to Issue $3,000,000 Bonds

The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation and Messrs. Benjamin & Potts propose to offer for public subscription on Wednesday, CN$3,000,000 15-year 5½ per cent. debentures issued by Messrs. G. E. Marden & Co., Ltd. The price to the public has been set at 96½.

It is understood that the debentures are being secured by a trust deed specifically hypothecating certain properties to the Yangtsze Insurance Association, Ltd., who will act as trustees for the debenture holders, and a floating charge will be given on the whole of the company's assets and undertakings.

The company, as is well known, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Messrs. Wheelock & Co., Ltd. The company made profits exceeding $453,000 in 1938 $322,000 in 1939 and $985,000 in 1940, respectively, and the purpose of the issue is to provide funds for the purchase of additional godown properties.

The company repaid a previous debenture issue in December last, and it is most encouraging to Shanghai business generally that conditions should have changed so much for the better as to make financing by means of a debenture issue a practical proposition for a commercial concern after so many years of difficult conditions.

The firm prices ruling in the local debenture market make the present offer an extremely attractive one.

OBITUARY

Robert Leslie Phillippo

The funeral service (cremation) of Robert Leslie, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Phillippo, of Tientsin, was held at The Chapel, Bubbling Well Road Cemetery yesterday afternoon, Dean A.C.S. Trivett officiating. The death occurred on Friday evening at the Country Hospital after a short illness. The ashes will later be interred in the grave of the child's grand-father, Mr. Robert Cecil Phillippo. Great sympathy will be felt for the bereaved parents, particularly on account of the absence of the father, who is now en route to India to join His Majesty's Forces, and the fact that Mrs. Phillippo had arranged to follow soon with her little son.

The chief mourners were Mrs. C. M. Phillippo, the mother, and Sir Robert Calder Marshall, representing the father. A number of other friends were present, and wreaths and floral expressions of sympathy were sent by the following:

"To little Whippity" from Mummy and Daddie: Grandmother; Grandfather and Aunties in England; Aunt Elaine and Uncle Bill; Uncle Leslie; Sir Robert and Lady Calder Marshall; Mr. and Mrs. Eyland; Gladys and Allen; Marie and Bertie; Ardon and Phyllis, Deirdre and Robin; Teddy and Edith Woodford; Mr. Ralph C. Boyd; Mr. and Mrs. W. Slade Bungey; Mr. and Mrs. K. C. Ramsden; Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Pettitt; Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Boyd; and, the Directors of the Yee Tsoong Tobacco Distributors Limited.

FUNERALS

Mrs. Bernadette Carion da Silva

A Requiem Mass was celebrated at the Church of Christ the King yesterday morning by the Rev. Father J. F. Magner, S.J., for the late Mrs. Bernadette Carion da Silva, who died after a long illness at her home Wednesday morning. Burial took place in the Bubbling Well Cemetery at 4 p.m., when Father Magner read the last rites. The services were largely attended, attesting to the love and esteem in which the deceased was held. A beautiful heart of roses from "Louis" and a spray of white flowers from "Mummy and Daddy" was lowered into the grave with the casket. The pallbearers were:—Messrs:—Vicent Xavier, J. dos Remedios F. Gutierrez, Geo. Collaco, F. J. Forrest and Gussie. Among others sending flowers were:—

Uncle Frank and Aunty Eileen Helen and twins: Daisy and Children: Lecnel Alice and twinnies: Aunty Rosie and Uncle Tony: Uncle Marcus: Uncle Rudolph: Eleoteria and Armando: Marie, Margie and Phyllis: Lettie: Emily and Olympio; Dorothy; The Portuguese Staff O. B. Department Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation: Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Almeida and family: Carmelita Braga and Augusto Braga: Louise Brian; Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Betines and family; Mr. and Mrs. G. J. da Costa: Leonor Carion: Y. C. Chen and Y. T. Chen; E. J. Child and family: Mr. and Mrs. J. P. de Campos: Eduardo Maria Carion e familia; Mr. and Mrs. Y. C. Chow; Mr. and Mrs. Chu; Chiu Shang Sung and Ah Toa; Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Danenberg; Mr and Mrs. G. H. Dell and Miss Mary Ann Dell; Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Dyrby; Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Favacho and family; Capt. L. S. Hyndman and family; Gussie and Phil; Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Lopes; Mr. and Mrs. F. R. da Luz and family; Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Maher; Mr. and Mrs. R. Morgan; Charlie and Daisy Mackenzie; Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Ozorio; Miss Evelyn Perpetuo; Lucilla and Leonora da Roza; Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Roche; Maria Angelina Britto Remedios (Mina); Mr. and Mrs. Luiz J. da Roza; Mrs. S. G. dos Remedios and family; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. R. Souza and family; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Bernal-Silva; Reiny Silva; Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Williams and Ray; Mr. and Mrs. C. Wilkening; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Mr. Andrei V. Makaroff

Funeral services for the late Mr. Andrei Vasilievitch Makaroff who died at the Country Hospital last Thursday, were held yesterday afternoon, when a service at St. Nicholas Military Church was attended by many relatives and friends of the deceased. Fathers Pahomy and A. Filimonoff, assisted by the Russian choir, officiated at the Church and later at the Lokawei Cemetery where burial took place. The casket was carried to the grave by Messrs:—M.A. Konoplev, B. S. Barbash, N.I. Ivanoff, V. I. Labutin, N. N. Stiponoff, J. M. Baramidze and N. A. Gorin. Among the floral tributes surrounding the grave were from:—

Wife and children; Chinese Employees of Factory "Barco"; Mr. and Mrs. T. Maher and family; Mrs. Marcal, Aunty, George and Hilda; Joseph Tsi Yuen Ting; Messrs. Barco Gauze and Cotton Co.; Miss Nadine Stepanoff; Bill Broadericks; the Live Yers Club; Miss Agnes Bahon; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

"XCDN Moonlight Follies"

Pictured above are part of the ballet rehearsed by Ralph Lynn—Bill Hegamin at the piano—ready for the grand opening on Wednesday in Hayim's Garden.

Moonlight Follies Plans Completed

With a galaxy of amateur talent having been knocked into shape comparable with professional performers by Mr. Ralph Lynn, the whole town is keenly awaiting the opening night of "X C D N Moonlight Follies" on Wednesday in Hayim's garden at 402 Avenue Haig.

Apart from the main entertainment in which well over 100 girls and men will take part, with slightly different extra numbers being presented on every one of the ten nights on which the show will run, there will be a number of side shows, taxi-dancers and charming programme sellers.

Mrs. Wirt Leonard, who is in charge of this part of the show, is working hard organizing different taxi-dancers for each night as well as charming programme sellers. The taxi-dancers will wear white dresses with red sashes and will be seated near the orchestra. They won't wear masks, so that the males will have a chance to bask under their charming smiles.

The programme sellers on each night will wear white dresses with national colours of the evening, lending atmosphere. Other surprises are also being worked out for each evening, but it is better not to reveal them at present.

A number of valuable articles have been presented by various communities to be auctioned off by American auction on nights held in their honour.

Bronze Statue Donated

A beautiful bronze statue of Themis Goddess of Justice has been given by Mr. Emmanuel Yannaloutos, Consul-General for Greece on behalf of the Greek community.

The British Residents' Association has presented a copy of "The Times," dated June 22, 1815, giving the Duke of Wellington's despatch to the British Government describing the Battle of Waterloo. Not the least interesting part of this unique document is the advertisement column. Apparently there were lonely widows in those days as well. This will be auctioned on the opening night.

On the second night the Norwegian community has presented an electric model of a lighthouse.

Many people have asked what will happen if it rains. On the back of each ticket it is stated that in event of inclement weather causing the performance to be abandoned before it has started there will be a repeat performance on a date to be announced for which the ticket and table reservation will be valid. Or alternatively the ticket will be changed at Moutries for another performance for which a new table reservation will be given or if desired the cash paid will be refunded.

If rain causes the performance to be abandoned soon after it has started no doubt similar options will be given.

Refreshments are guaranteed and are strictly at club prices and if one wants the best seats Moutries have them, provided one should book early.

Two Arrested in $17,000 Robbery With Toy Gun

Armed with nothing more than a tin toy pistol and a dagger, two Chinese robbers managed to make off with a loot of $17,000 worth of watches and imitation jewellery in a raid on House No. 34, Lane 1025 Bubbling Well Road (Wha Kee Avenue), at 8.30 a.m. yesterday, but a quick-witted piece of work by the members of the Shanghai Municipal Police at Bubbling Well Station resulted in the pair being lodged behind bars within five hours and the entire stolen property recovered.

Unfortunately for the two robbers, they decided to seize a couple of bank deposit books together with their other loot. After noting the amount of funds available in the account one of the robbers, probably with dreams of quick riches, made out a chequue to himself for $9,000 and went along to the bank to cash it.

Unpleasant Surprise

An unpleasant surprise awaited him, for a party from Bubbling Well Station was at the bank and he was immediately arrested. Information provided by the arrested man put the police on the trail of his partner. By 1 p.m. the entire case was completed.

The victims of the attempted robbery were two Chinese families residing in House No. 34. The robbers entered the house at 8.30 a.m. and after a methodical search through the first and second floors of the buildings, they finally departed at 9.55 after staying for nearly an hour and a half.

Before they left, however, the gangsters had managed thoroughly to cow the inmates with their crude weapons. Their victims they left all trussed up. It was not until 10 minutes after they had left that one of the residents was able to break from his bonds and put a call through to the police.

Chinese Manufacturers To Visit Bombay

Chinese manufacturers in Shanghai are reported by the "Shun Pao" to be organizing a trip to Bombay with a view to investigating the weaving and cotton business. They may go with Chinese business men and manufacturers in Hongkong and their chief purpose is to investigate the possibilities of increasing the already large sale of Chinese cotton and piece goods in India.

It is said that Bombay may be compared to Manchester during the pre-war days but that since the outbreak of war the producing power of the Indian manufacturing centre has been reduced. Since the war, the Chinese have been pushing the sale of their products in India, specially in this year when Shanghai products have been enjoying a good market.

Encouraged by the increase of the sale of their goods, Chinese manufacturers in this city have decided to organize an investigation trip. They will study the working conditions in cotton mills in India and also the question of demand and supply. They may also visit the south Sea Islands where the sale of Chinese goods is said to have been suddenly increased.

FIREMEN of the Shanghai Fire Brigade were called in the early hours of yesterday morning to attend to two separate fires, each of which needed less than an hour to get under control. A wooden godown in the countryside off Columbia Road was completely destroyed and a large quantity of cotton waste went up in flames when a fire broke out shortly after 3 a.m. The adjoining dyeing works was also slightly damaged before the firemen were able to gain control. The other fire occurred at 165 Kweichow Road at 6.44 a.m. and resulted in the first floors and the attics of three buildings, comprising a stationery shop and dwellings, being damaged.

Heavy Rains Flood Residential and Business Sections

Intermittent rainfall is to be expected at any time of the day and night in Shanghai these days when what is usually termed the typhoon season often causes inundation of low lying areas. This is specially true in this year when the Chinese calendar tells us that we are going to have a long and wet summer of "two months of June." Chinese farmers who are good weather prophets say that when "there is thunder on the day of Siao Su (small heat) which fell on July 7 of this year there is going to be plenty rain." Shanghailanders will recall that actually on that day (Monday) it rained and there was thunder. There is going to be more rain.

It rained several times after that but since it has rained so intermittently that people did not take the weather seriously until yesterday when heavy rain fell from the early hours of the morning throughout the day. Low-lying places in many districts especially in the sing song and cabaret sections of the city in the Louza and Central districts caused many inconveniences. Many streets such as the Gordon, Yulin, Bubbling Well, Hart, Ferry, Seymour and even Pootoo Roads were slightly or partially flooded. Parts of the French Concession also were under water.

All Classes Affected

Cabaret girls, amahs, housewives and vegetable hawkers were probably the ones to suffer most. The noon and early afternoon tea dance business was bad when compared with a good Saturday afternoon. The rain kept vegetable hawkers away from most of the streets where they usually ply their business, and so they were forced to play hide-and-seek with amahs and thrifty housewives many of whom returned home empty-handed. While pork is highly priced and vegetables are so hard to obtain these days the Chinese menu has to be simplified. A noodle meal is the order of the day. This was specially true yesterday when many husbands who are southerners had to eat noodles at tiffin.

It goes without saying that the rain also drove pedestrians and shoppers from the roads and as usual big department stores in the central district did not do much business. Fewer customers patronized the buses which might have meant a great deal to those conductors who were bent on "squeezing." Shops selling rain coats and rain or rubber shoes, however, were exceptions. They have been doing booming business judging from the big advertisements they published in the Chinese press.

Harvest for Rickshaw Coolies

As usual rickshaw pullers and umbrella menders, kept smiling faces throughout yesterday. The rickshaw fare for a short distance was $1 and one was given no chance to bargain for no sooner did a puller see one shaking his head than he turned away to another prospective customer. Fares of $1.50 and $2 were even shouted. Coolies carrying small wooden boxes usually containing several broken umbrellas were kept busy all day long. They repaired umbrellas and their competition was very keen yesterday.

It is also learned that the tidal waters in the Whangpoo have been rising during the past few days. In previous years, the tidal waters usually flooded many buildings in the banking district and along the Bund when they were accompanied by heavy rain. No such thing has happened here yet so far.

Excellent Business At B.R.A. Bookshop

The B.R.A. Bookshop in the Sassoon Arcade has been open for one week. Notwithstanding the oppressive heat of the past few days, which is hardly conducive to shopping expeditions, some hundreds of dollars have been taken. Congratulations must go to the organizers and their lady helpers for such a good beginning, and it is hoped that this new venture will continue to be a profitable source of money for the British War Funds.

Well arranged in shelves easy of access and in very good condition are books of travel and psychology, biographies and fiction, interesting volumes on China, "Penguins" and some of the old standard classics; also a large assortment of magazines. This is good reading weather for those who have time for such pleasures, and half an hour in this pleasing shop will not be mis-spent; prices are moderate and prospective buyers can be sure of bringing home some books worth reading. The price of new books is so high just now, that this is a real opportunity of benefitting oneself as well as the War Funds.

Opens Week-day Mornings

Business hours are from 9 to 12, daily except Sundays and holidays; should the need arise, two afternoons each week from 4.30 to 6.30 o'clock may later be arranged for those who find it inconvenient to shop in the forenoon.

Although good stock is in hand, there is a large demand and the supply must be kept up. It is urgently asked that kind friends will once more look through their bookshelves and part with as many books as possible for this splendid cause; such generosity will be much appreciated. Gifts of books should be sent to the Secretary, B.R.A. War Efforts Subcommittee, 27, The Bund.

Sequel to Kidnapping Of Banker

A formal charge of kidnapping was framed by Settlement police in the First Special District Court yesterday against Van King-biao who was alleged to have been responsible for kidnapping Mr. Wu King-sung, a banker, last December in Yu Yuen Road. Accused pleaded guilty but judgment was reserved until July 19.

It was revealed that the kidnapping gang obtained $120,000 from the victim's family before he was released after more than two months' imprisonment at the kidnappers' lair. No arms were seized when accused was arrested in the Western District on July 4, the court was told, but it was alleged by the prosecution that the gang had used a police service pistol which they stole from a Chinese constable in November.

China Electric Co. Labour Trouble

Telephone workers of the China Electric Co. in Medhurst Road were reported yesterday by the "Central China Daily News," organ of the new regime, to be planning to "resort to action" this week as their management had refused to comply with their demands for an increase of rice allowances. The report indicated that the labour dispute had been going on for some time past and that officials of the Social Movement Guidance Committee had tried their best to prevent workers of the telephone department of the company from calling a strike, considering the importance of that public utility.

A week ago, the report stated, more than 1,000 workers belonging to the electric department called a strike. It was said that 11 demands had been presented and that negotiations had been held without satisfactory results being obtained in favour of disatisfied workers. The new regime's daily also reported that the labour dispute at the Chung Hwa Rubber Goods Factory in Siccawei had been deadlocked. The factory dismissed several workers recently when the workers demanded an increase of wages. The manager was said to have refused to attend a mediation meeting held under the auspices of the new regime's officials on Friday. The officials planned to hold a third meeting.

Third Japanese Group Leaves Moscow

Moscow, July 12.

A third group of Japanese evacuated Moscow for Tokyo last night, with departure via the Trans-Siberian railway of 12 members of the Japanese Embassy staff and one representative of the Saghalin oil concession.—United Press.

Second Group at Manchouli

Manchouli, July 11.

A second group of 16 Japanese evacuees from Moscow, led by Mr. Shigeo Imai, First Secretary of the Japanese Embassy at Moscow, arrived here this morning after a 13-day trip across Siberia.—Domei.

Truck Driver Gets Four Years Term

A truck driver employed by a Japanese and named Liu Hang-ming, who obtained his licence only three months ago, was sentenced to four years and 10 months' imprisonment yesterday in the First Special District Court found guilty of intentional violation of traffic regulations, and of negligence of duty causing the death of Miss Nee Kun-dee, a 16-year old girl.

The tragedy occurred on June 23 when Miss Nee was cycling along Ward Road. It was revealed by the prosecution that the unfortunate girl was knocked down and run over on the opposite side of the street, indicating that accused intended to scare her while being unable to handle his vehicle in an expert manner. The prosecution asked for the most severe punishment.

FOR ALL THE FAMILY
NEW GOODS
FROM ENGLAND
AND U. S. A.

EVERY steamer arriving from England and America brings merchandise for Whiteaway's, specially selected by our London and New York buyers.

MEN'S "FEATHER-MAC" RAINCOATS
Single-breasted style in Fawn.
$75

MEN'S SUMMER GOLF HOSE
Khaki or White. Elastic tops.
$21.50 pair

LADIES' LISLE THREAD "MORLEY" UNDERWEAR
Fine quality. Ideal for Summer wear.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S LASTEX SWIM SUITS
Plain shades and colourful prints.

"MARMET" PRAMS
Smart new models with adjustable hoods.

YARDLEY'S TOILET PREPARATIONS
Lavender Water, Eau de Cologne, Soaps, etc.

LADIES' "WEBFLEX" STRAW HATS
Smart new models in novelty straws.

LADIES' PULLOVERS and CARDIGANS
Summer weight, in colourful designs.
From $37.50

SEERSUCKER DRESS FABRICS
Over 30 gorgeous new designs. Width 36 inches.
$9.75 yard

"PORTICO" and "CEDARBROOK" DRESS FABRICS
Richly coloured. Ideal for evening dress.

MEN'S "LIVE-GLASS" HICKOK BRACES
Plain colours with coloured edge.
From $27.50

MEN'S "INTERWOVEN" SOCKS
Silk and cotton mixture in fancy checks, etc.
From $11.50 pair

"JANTZEN" FOUNDATIONS
Girdles, Pantee Girdles and Girdleteres.

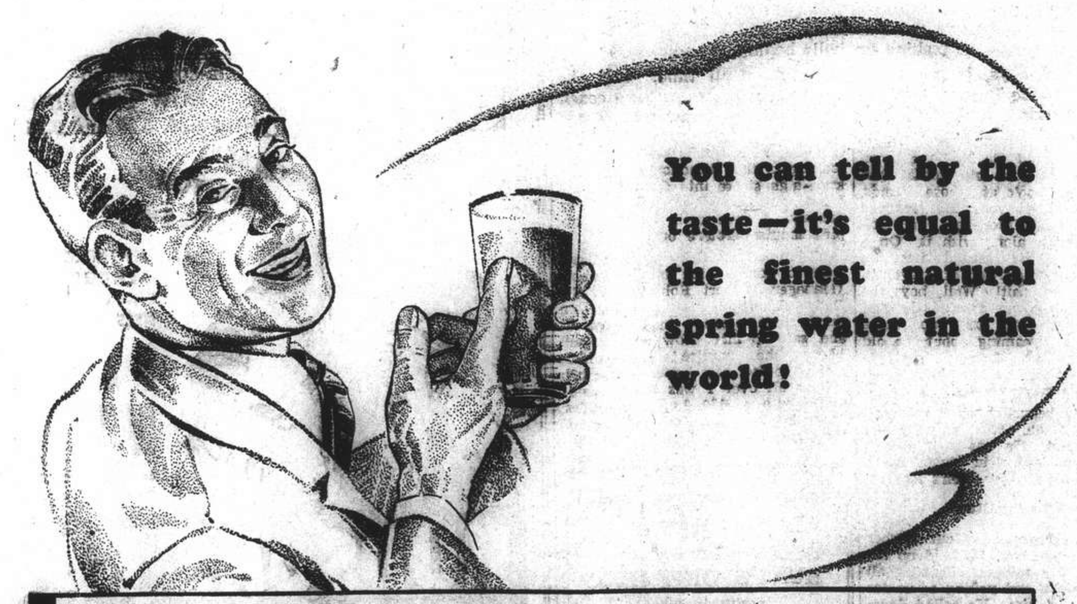
BOYS' "VALOR" ANKLE SOCKS
Multicoloured striped designs. Lastex tops.
$5.75 pair

KLEINERT'S "FLEECENAP" SHOWER CURTAINS
Beautiful texture. Pastel colours.
$95

LADIES' SUMMER BELTS
Large selection in White and colours.
From $4.95

SHOP IN COMFORT DURING THE HOT DAYS AT SHANGHAI'S COOL AND UP-TO-DATE STORE

Whiteaways



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This summer, make Aquarius SPA water a daily habit. As the perfect thirst-quencher for all occasions, Aquarius SPA water can be taken alone, or mixed with wines, spirits or fruit juices.

Use it as a table water: its healthful qualities will soon make their effects felt, in the form of greater joy in living, greater zest for food, greater physical fitness during the most trying of summer days.

Recommended for sufferers from dyspepsia, and liver and kidney complaints.

Aquarius SPA water is available at all high class department stores and compradore shops.

THE SPORTS PAGE

Joe DiMaggio Runs Wild As Yanks Smash Lowly Browns

New York, July 11.

THE mighty Joe Dimaggio ran wild today as he extended his string of hits in consecutive games to the coveted 50 mark.

His four hits, including a homer, played a mighty role in the New York Yanks 6 to 2 victory over the St. Louis Browns.

The Browns kept pace with the American League leaders until the sixth frame but from then on they were badly outclassed. Marius Russo was on the mound for Joe McCarthy's pennant bound club and held the St. Louis nine to seven hits and hurled shutout ball after the first inning.

The End of a Perfect

DiMaggio terminated his perfect day at bat by connecting with a homer in the ninth inning. Previously, he connected with three consecutive singles.

Thouga his official record stands at 50 games Joe also hit safely earlier in the week when he performed in the all star game.

Joe Gordon, Yank infielder, and Tom Heinrich, a garden tender, did their bit toward the Yank's victory by connecting with circuit drives.

Robert Harris and John Kramer divided the mound assignment for he Browns and were nicked by the hard hitting Yanks for 14 safeties.

Newsome Wins Pitchers Duel

Louie Newsome bested the ancient Robert M. "lefty" Grove in a pitchers duel as the Detroit Tigers blanked the Boston Red Sox 2 to 0.

Bad news to Grove was Mike Higgins, Tiger infielder, who figured in both of his club's runs. In the sixth Mike singled and was brought home by Bruce Campbell's double. Two innings later Higgins clouted out a two bagger and then trotted home when Rudy York came through with a double.

Newsome and Grove both allowed a half dozen hits but Louie managed to keep them well scattered as he turned in one of his best games of the season.

Chisox Down Senators

Bill Knickerbocker's homer with one mate aboard paved the way for the Chicago White Sox's 3 to 1 victory over the Washington Senators.

Edgar Smith drew the mound assignment for the Chicago White Sox and held his foes to six hits. He was opposed by Sid Hudson, ace capital city hurler who was nicked for seven safe blows. Brooklyn's Dodgers made it two straight over the Cincinnati Reds with a decisive 12 to 2 victory. Pitcher Curt Davis and Fred Walker both came through with homers as the Dodgers nicked four Cincinnati hurlers for 16 hits. The big inning was the first when four singles, a double and a few walks produced seven runs.

Braves Turn Back Cubs

In the only other senior circuit game the Boston Braves, with a big fourth inning rally, turned back the Chicago Cubs 7 to 2. Jim Tobin was on the mound for the winners and allowed only five hits. Timely doubles by John Cooney and Sebastian Sisti drove in four runs for the Braves in the fourth inning. The other scores were accounted for in the first, third and eighth frames, largely due to the cubs five errors.

Box Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
New York	6	14	1
St. Louis	2	7	0

Batteries:—Russo and Dickey; Harris, Kramer and Ferrell.

Boston	0	6	0
Detroit	2	6	1

Batteries:—Grove and Peacock; Newsome and Tebbetts.

Washington	1	6	1
Chicago	3	7	1

Batteries:—Hudson and Evans; Smith and Tresh.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Chicago	2	5	3
Boston	7	10	0

Batteries:—French, Pressnell, Page and McCullough; Tobin and Masi.

Cincinnati	2	10	0
Brooklyn	12	16	2

Batteries: — Derringer, Thompson, Turner, Beggs. J. Riddle and West; Davis and Owen.

Only games scheduled in both leagues.—United Press.

St. Louis Browns Change Pilots

Affable Luke Sewell, veteran American League catcher and Cleveland Indians coach, stepped into the frying pan last month as manager of the floundering St. Louis Browns

He was signed to a two-year contract replacing Fred Haney in a swift move aimed at improving the plight of the club that was expected to be the surprise team of the junior circuit this season. Haney had been manager since the start of the 1939 season.

A change of pilots had been rumoured for several days, but the announcement by President Donald Barnes caught even newsmen by surprise. It came less than two hours after the Brownies had won their second-straight game from Washington to move out of the cellar into seventh place.

Through 1942

Terms of the contract, to run through 1942, were not disclosed, but Barnes said:

"Something had to be done the way things were going and I believe we got the right man."

Obviously overjoyed with the promotion, Sewell conferred at length with Barnes and associates over plans for rejuvenating the club but said he contemplated "no revolutionary changes" either among players or the coaching staff—at least not at present.

He carefully avoided predictions of what results he expected, stating simply he was happy to have the chance, "and I will make the most of it."

Pitching Weakness

"I have seen the Browns in action five times this season," he added, "and in those games pitching seemed to be the principal weakness, and I believe I can do something about that."

Pitching has been one of the major disappointments. Eldon Auker last year's mainstay, had misfortune and few of the men on whom Haney pinned great hopes have been able to stand the pace. Their hitting also has been spotty—at times almost negligible.

The Browns started the present season with the brightest prospects in years. But nothing Haney tried to snap them out of it seemed to jell into anything slightly resembling a winning stride.

Yet, Hapey, who took his dismissal good-naturedly, predicted the club would finish in fourth or fifth place.

No Immediate Plans

"It's too good a ball club to be down on the bottom," he commented, "and I'm glad to see a fellow like Sewell get the job.

Haney said he had no immediate plans.

Sewell jumped directly into the major leagues from Alabama University in 1921, and has played with Cleveland, Washington, the Chicago White Sox, and Brooklyn. He rejoined the Indians as a player-coach in 1939 but no longer was on the active list.

LEAGUE STANDINGS

American League

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	50	26	.658
Cleveland	47	31	.603
Boston	40	34	.541
Chicago	40	36	.526
Detroit	40	39	.506
Philadelphia	34	41	.453
St Louis	26	47	.356
Washington	26	49	.347

National League

Brooklyn	52	24	.684
St. Louis	49	28	.636
New York	39	33	.542
Cincinnati	39	37	.513
Pittsburgh	34	35	.493
Chicago	35	43	.449
Boston	30	43	.411
Philadelphia	20	55	.267

—United Press.

Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1, Golden Age; 2, Wonderful Bernie.
Also ran:—Howard, Pearl's Fancy, Talisman, Hot Scrap.
A neck.—Time, 18.51.
Win, $16.70. Forecast 5-4 Div. $51.90.
Place. 1st 7.10: 2nd $8.60.

2—300 yd. flat.—Maggie; 2, Wychwood Abbot.
Also ran:—Scotch Bannock, Cute Villain, Hei Jen Ya Kiao, Skedaddle.
1½ length.—Time, 18.64
Win, $31.10. Forecast 4-1 Div. $194.50.
Place. 1st $16.90; 2nd $15.50.
Double Event 1/2 5-4 Div. $47.40.

3—300 yd. flat.—1, First Again; 2, Jacko.
Also ran:—Lucky Jim, Drifting Snow, Daleson, Constant Vow.
3 lengths.—Time, $17.97.
Win. $17.30. Forecast 5-2 Div. $60.40.
Place. 1st $12.10; 2nd $11.60.
Double Event 2/3 4-5 Div. $30.60.

4—440 yd. flat.—1, Grey Vulcan; 2, Cheerful Miss.
Also ran:—Hunter's Wish, Jenny Wren Youthful Patsy, Dauntless Question.
1½ length.—Time, 26.89.
Win. $30.40. Forecast 3-6 Div. $118.10.
Place. 1st $17.10: 2nd $9.20.
Double Event 3/4 5-3 Div. $49.80.

5—500 yd. flat.—1, Youthful Partner; 2, Jorrock's Best.
Also ran:—Speed Cop, Shenkoland II, Oregon, Duke, Sea Shairty.
3 lengths.—Time, 30.58.
Win. $19.90. Forecast 5-3 Div. $73.70.
Place. 1st $12.90; 2nd $12.70.
Double Event 4/5 3-5 Div. $52.80.

6—500 yd. flat.—1, Bonne Paye; 2, Yeoman Corporal.
Also ran:—Nocturne, One Another, Reckless May, Top Notcher.
7 lengths.—Time, 30.30.
Win. $13.50. Forecast 4-3 Div. $99.00.
Place. 1st $9.30; 2nd $13.40.
Double Event 5/6 5-4 Div. $21.00.

7—500 yd. flat.—1, False Lead; 2, Oulala.
Also ran:—Sir Sewn, Lone Plume, Texas Butterfly, Sapphire.
4 lengths.—Time, 30.19.
Win, $22.30. Forecast 5-3 Div. $49.10.
Place. 1st $11.60; 2nd $8.00.
Double Event 6/7 4-5 Div. $32.10.

8—500 yd. flat.—1, Celtic Clan; 2, Mystic Brand.
Also ran:—Sandy Willie, Reckless Mood, Glenmore Lass, Fairy Spirit.
2 lengths.—Time, 30.37.
Win. $11.20. Forecast 4-1 Div. $42.20.
Place. 1st $9.10; 2nd $11.40.
Double Event 7/8 5-4 Div. $18.10.

9—500 yd. flat.—1, Stolen Quibble; 2, Some Fun.
1½ length.—Time, 30.59.
Win, $35.50. Forecast 4-6 Div. $133.00.
Place. 1st $13.60; 2nd $14.30.
Double Event 8/9 4-4 Div. $35.70

10—500 yd flat.—Cordon, Violet; 2, Yeoman Caprice.
2½ lengths.—Time, 30.39.
Win. $76.30. Forecast 2-4 Div. $88.30.
Place. 1st $15.10; 2nd $11.40.
Double Event 9/10 4-2 Div. $87.10.

11—500 yd. flat.—1, Select Crowd; 2, Master Zeb.
½ length.—Time, 30.07.
Win. $19.20. Forecast 3-2 Div. $69.60.
Place. 1st $10.00: 2nd $11.00.
Double Event 10/11 2-3 Div. $79.50.

12—500 yd. flat.—1, Fair Evening; 2, Funny Business.
3 lengths.—Time, 29.74.
Win. $32.70. Forecast 2-5 Div. $197.90.
Place. 1st $15.70; 2nd $13.10.
Double Event 11/12 3-2 Div. $87.40.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Foreign Y.M.C.A. "Reds" Kittenball Squad

Showing a great improvement on their form of last year when they finished up in the cellar position, the Foreign "Y" girls have been well in the limelight this season and are now occupying third place in the League standings. They have only lost two matches, one against the A.S.P. "A" and the other against the Erin Villa aggregation, and they give every promise of being securely lodged in their present position. Reading from left to right: (Front row), L. Hekking, Val Chernoff, Madeleine Lespinasse, Ruth Riege, Lilia Campos, M. Richardson. (Back row), Reserve, Thelma Bettines, Lydia Chernoff, Coach Robinson, B. Barros, E. Calibo.

Water Polo League Swings Into Action on Tuesday

LOCAL water polo enthusiasts will be wending their way to the Foreign Y.M.C.A. on Tuesday night, when the Water Polo League swings into action at 9 p.m. with the opening game of the 1941 schedule—the Foreign "Y" Porpoises v. the A.S.F. "Crocodiles."

There will be five teams competing in the League this year; two from the A.S.F. under the names of "Tritons" and "Crocodiles," two from the Foreign Y.M.C.A., the "Porpoises" and the "Walrusses," and one team from the Shanghai Rowing Club. Each team will play every other team twice.

The following is the complete schedule as released by the Shanghai Amateur Swimming Association yesterday.

SCHEDULE

Date.		Teams.			Place	Time	Referee.
Tues.	July 15	Porpoises	v.	Crocodiles	"Y"	9 p.m.	Brown, J.B.
Wed.	July 16	Tritons	v.	Walrusses	A.S.F.	6 p.m.	Dearn.
Thurs.	July 17	S.R.C.	v.	Crocodiles	S.R.C.	6 p.m.	Kazimiroff.
Tues.	July 22	Walrusses	v.	Crocodiles	"Y"	9 p.m.	Berthet.
Wed.	July 23	Tritons	v.	S.R.C.	A.S.F.	6 p.m.	Bright.
Thurs.	July 24	S.R.C.	v.	Walrusses	S.R.C.	6 p.m.	Logan.
Fri.	July 25	Tritons	v.	Porpoises	A.S.F.	6 p.m.	Dearn.
Tues.	July 29	Porpoises	v.	S.R.C.	"Y"	9 p.m.	Logan.
Wed.	July 30	Tritons	v.	Crocodiles	A.S.F.	6 p.m.	Bright.
Thurs.	July 31	Walrusses	v.	Porpoises	"P"	9 p.m.	Brown.
Fri.	Aug. 1	Crocodiles	v.	Porpoises	A.S.F.	6 p.m.	Berthet.
Tues.	Aug. 5	Walrusses	v.	Tritons	"Y"	9 p.m.	Dearn.
Wed.	Aug. 6	Crocodiles	v.	S.R.C.	A.S.F.	6 p.m.	Bright.
Thurs.	Aug. 7	S.R.C.	v.	Tritons	S.R.C.	6 p.m.	Kazimiroff.
Fri.	Aug. 7	Walrusses	v.	Porpoises	"Y"	9 p.m.	Brown.
Tues.	Aug. 8	Crocodiles	v.	Walrusses	A.S.F.	6 p.m.	Berthet.
Tues.	Aug. 12	Walrusses	v.	S.R.C.	"Y"	9 p.m.	Logan.
Wed.	Aug. 13	Tritons	v.	Crocodiles	A.S.F.	6 p.m.	Bright.
Thurs.	Aug. 14	S.R.C.	v.	Porpoises	S.R.C.	6 p.m.	Logan.
Tues.	Aug. 19	Porpoises	v.	Tritons	"Y"	9 p.m.	Dearn.

In The Dugout

CASEY Stengel was sitting in the dugout at Braves Field, watching the Pittsburgh Pirates run through batting practice. Honus Wagner, who played in the Buccaneer infield and outfield for 17 brilliant seasons, was picking up balls behind the pitcher.

"There, boys, is one of the greatest of all time," said the manager of the Braves, levelling a finger at Wagner, now a coach under Frankie Frisch. "Maybe the greatest. McGraw said he was and 'Mugsy' got around."

Casey paused to let the men around him absorb his words, then continued. "Look at those hands. A couple of shovels. He scooped up a ball like Miller does, but took dirt and grass along with it. On a force play, the second baseman usually got a shower of gravel in the face. And hit! Well, boys, he had as much power as anybody, and to all fields. He'd stand up there like he was dreaming about the old homestead. But if you tried to sneak a fast ball by him, he'd knock it into the next county.

"He was beautiful on the bases," Stengel went on. "Not graceful, but foxy and fast. He was good enough to lead the league in stolen bases. He'd run when you weren't looking.

Winning Run

"I remember one day our pitcher hit him on the leg. He held up the game for five minutes, hopping all over the place and yelling at us for trying to hurt him. He rolled down his stocking and limped around until we all began feeling sorry for him. Well, finally he walks to first base like a man with an anchor around his leg and we go back to the game. We even forget he's there. But on the first pitch he's off like a cat and steals second. Yes, we sure felt sorry for him. The next hitter drives one into centre field and the Dutchman scores with the winning run.

"He loved to have the third baseman come in looking for a bunt," said Stengel. "He'd sneak a look down the line, and if the man was moving in toward the plate, he'd roll the ball at him. One day I saw him hit a third baseman in the chest with a line drive and get three bases on it.

Wagner Took Relay

"I'll never forget the time he got me tossed out of the game and fined in the bargain," said Casey shaking his head. "It was at Brooklyn. We had the pitcher on second base and I was on first. It was a close game and we needed a couple of runs.

"Well, somebody hit a ball into left-centre field. It looked like a possible double. The pitcher and I started running as Wagner dashed out onto the grass to take the relay. As I reached third base, the pitcher was a couple of yards from the plate. The Dutchman got the ball, looked at me and then turned to the plate. I thought he might catch the pitcher, but I wasn't going to be caught asleep. So I rounded third base as Wagner aimed for the plate, ready to go in too if the throw got past the catcher.

Pulled a Fast One

"But at that moment, boys, something happened that 'Old Case' didn't figure on. Instead of throwing to the plate, the Dutchman—while still looking in that direction—whipped a knee-high strike into third base and I was standing there like a wax dummy. I dove back, but the umpire shouts: 'You're out!'

"I jumped up full of fight and went to work on the umpire, Robbie (Manager Wilbert Robinson of the Dodgers), who was coaching on third base, stepped in between us and said to me: 'Now son, don't blame the umpire.' That didn't make me feel any better, and when it was all over I was in the clubhouse with a $150 fine to pay. Yes boys, I remember the Dutchman. How can I forget him!"

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CANIDROME RESULTS

Saturday, July 12, 1941.

Race	Placed-Dogs		$5.00 Win Forecast Pool	Course D/Events $2
1	5	4	51.90	
2	4	1	194.50	47.40
3	5	2	60.40	30.60
4	3	6	118.10	49.80
5	5	3	73.70	52.80
6	4	3	99.00	21.00
7	5	3	49.10	32.10
8	4	1	42.80	18.10
9	4	6	138.00	35.70
10	2	4	88.30	87.10
11	3	2	69.60	79.50
12	2	5	197.90	57.40

Last Night's Highest Dividends:—
$5 Win Forecast Race No. 12 dog No. 2-5 Div. $197.90.
$2 Course Double Events Races 9/10 dog No. 4-2 Div. $87.10.

Ladies' Softball Standings

"A" Division

Team	P.	W.	L.	For	Against	Per.
A.S.P. "A"	6	6	0	99	13	1.000
Erin Villa "A"	6	6	0	91	33	1.000
For. "Y" Reds	6	4	2	80	47	.667
Texaco	5	2	3	49	44	.400
A.S.P. "B"	6	2	4	56	75	.333
C.C.C.	6	2	4	42	62	.333
Race Club	5	1	4	24	71	.200
Moliers	6	0	6	24	100	.000

"B" Division

J.A.C.	3	3	0	50	17	1.000
Lanterns	2	2	0	30	6	1.000
F.M.C.	1	1	0	20	4	1.000
A.S.P. "C"	5	3	2	42	45	.600
Ching Woo	2	1	1	12	12	.500
Erin Villa "B"	3	1	2	13	35	.333
C.S.F.	2	0	2	9	26	.000
Rangers	2	0	2	15	28	.000
Telephones	2	0	2	9	24	.000
S.M.C.	0	0	0	0	0	.000

Four Kittenball Games Slated This Morning

Four "B" divison ladies softball tussles are scheduled to be played this morning in the Erin Villa Invitation Ladies Softball League in the event of the grounds being in a playable condition after yesterday's rain.

The Junior Athletic Club girls, leading, will play against the Erin Villa "B" outfit at the Kiachow Park on ground 2 at 9 a.m. The J. A. C. girls have been showing better form in each of their games, while their pitcher, Miss Fabia Roliz, has been during excellent work on the mound.

The Lanterns, also leading with two wins out of two games played will be meeting the F. M. C. aggregation at the French Municipal College at 10 a.m. The Lanterns should be able to cop this game.

The other two scheduled games will see the Rangers and S.M.C., both cellarites, tussle at Kiaochow Park at 8.45 a.m., and the Telephone ladies battle with the Ching Woo outfit at Kiaochow Park on ground 2 at 10 a.m.

Following are the fixtures for this morning:

"B" Division

a.m.
8.45 Rangers v. S.M.C k.p. 1
9.00 Erin Villa "B" v. J.A.C. k.p. 2
10.00 Telephones v. Ching Woo k.p. 2
10.00 F.M.C. v. Lanterns f.m.c.

Fred Perry Blames Pros for Argument Over Open Tennis

Fred J. Perry, former British Davis Cup star and lately a standout among the tennis professionals, blames the money players for the controversy over open tournaments.

Having just digested his first taste of collegiate coaching at Washington and Lee University, Perry fired a shot into the game's longtime argument.

"Contrary to popular notion," Perry said, "the reason they don't have open tournaments in tennis on the same basis as golf, rests with the professionals, not the amateurs."

"If the professionals would go to the amateur association tomorrow and ask them to take charge of open tournaments instead of trying to force the hand of the amateur body, then I feel sure the idea would become a reality."

Speaking frankly in view of his own pro status, Perry continued, "the professionals want to run the show when they aren't as qualified for the driver's seat as the amateur body. After all, the amateur association has been successfully conducting tennis tournaments for several decades, establishing contacts all over the country with people interested in the future of the games, and are therefore in a better position to operate the open tourneys."

Amateurs and pros have been torn in a standstill strife for years over the amateur ruling body's ban against its members participating in open meets and Perry suggested that the issue could be solved by allowing the amateurs to remain in control, take all the gate, while guaranteeing the prize money for the pros.

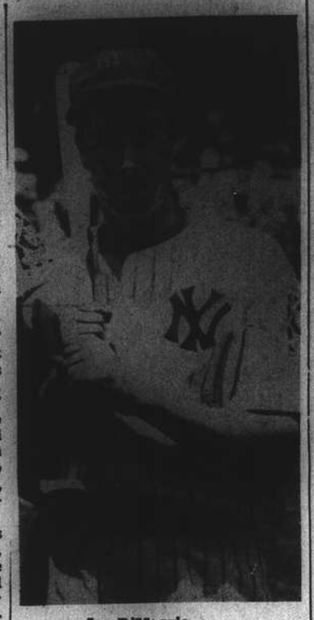
"The public would get better tennis, the amateur body would maintain control of the game, the amateur players would improve their game by playing against the best pros, the professionals would get nation-wide publicity which some of the really fine teaching professionals now lack, and above all, it would clean up the game in certain cases."

Australian Grand National

Melbourne, July 12.

National Debt, an aged mare owned in partnership by S. A. Watts and F. Dougall, won the Australian Grand National Steeplechase over a course of three miles, one furlong at Flemington today.

National Debt beat J. Abraham's Brightello by two lengths with Sachem another four lengths behind in third place. Betting was 7/2 on National Debt, 9/2 on Brightello and 12/1 on Sachem.—Reuter.



Joe DiMaggio . . . .

. . . . extended his string of hits in consecutive games to the coveted 50 mark when he slammed out four hits, including a homer, in the game against the St. Louis Browns.

Thailand, Indo-China Resume Relations

Saigon, July 12.

Signalizing the first resumption of formal relations between Thailand and Indo-China since the armistice, a Siamese delegation headed by Prince Viwatenajai, Counsellor of the Thai Finance Ministry, is arriving here today from Bangkok.

A monetary conference is due to start on July 15 with Indo-China officials, including A. Gannay, Inspector-General of the Banque de l'Indo-Chine, who is considered the foremost expert on financial matters in Indo-China and who arrived here from Hanoi yesterday.

Saigon has become the temporary political capital of Indo-China with the arrival from his summer residence at Dalat of the Governor-General, Vice-Admiral Jean Decoux, who will remain here several weeks before returning to Hanoi.

It is also rumoured that General Sumita, head of the Japanese mission in Tonkin, is likely to proceed to Saigon for a short visit on his return from his present undisclosed mission to Canton.—Reuter.

Did You Know?

If a fielder stops or catches a ball with his cap, glove or any part of his uniform, while detached from its proper place on his person, the batter is entitled to three bases.

On an attempted steal, if the catcher makes a perfect throw to second base but nobody goes into centre field, either the shortstop or second baseman is charged with an error, depending on the batter. If the hitter is left-handed, and therefore apt to hit toward right field, the shortstop is given the error, and vice versa.

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Added Attractions—in Technicolor
"POPULAR SCIENCE"
"UNUSUAL OCCUPATIONS"

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HAI-ALAI
To-day MATINEE AT 2.30 P.M. ONLY
(No Soiree)
TO-MORROW: SOIREE AT 8.00 P.M.

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GRAND TELEPHONE 13223
NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
"RENEGADE!" "TRAITOR!" "ROGUE!"
...BUT THERE WERE OTHERS WHO SAW THE GREATNESS IN HIM!
PAUL MUNI
as Pierre Radisson, the First Canadian, in
HUDSON'S BAY
with
GENE TIERNEY
LAIRD CREGAR • JOHN SUTTON • VIRGINIA FIELD
VINCENT PRICE
NIGEL BRUCE
$1.80, $2.80, $4. $1.80, $2.80, $4, $5.

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YOU'LL Laugh LIKE THE DEVIL
at this comedy without a conscience!
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ROBERT CUMMINGS
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EDMUND GWENN • SPRING BYINGTON • S. Z. SAKALL
WILLIAM DEMAREST
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RESERVATIONS: Can Only Be Held Until Two Hours Before the Show Starts!

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And His Orchestra
CONSTANCE MOORE • PHIL REGAN
BETTY BREWER • LILLIAN CORNELL
VIRGINIA DALE • RED DONAHUE
and his mule "UNO"
Directed by RALPH MURPHY • A Paramount Picture
ALSO PARAMOUNT NEWS
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REVIVAL at POPULAR PRICES!
A "CHAMP" TO ONE . . .
A "CHUMP" TO THE OTHER
To Swipes, the newsboy, "Chuck" Connors was the Bowery's big shot. To Steve Brodie, he was just small time. But it was all in fun(oh, yeah?), and when it came to a show-down, both came through.
JOSEPH M. SCHENCK and DARRYL F. ZANUCK present
WALLACE BEERY
GEORGE RAFT
JACKIE COOPER
FAY WRAY & PERT KELTON
in THE BOWERY
$1.20, $1.70, $2.30 $1.20, $1.80,

American Defence Measures In Iceland Discussed

IN his weekly commentary over XCDN on the European military position, Mr. Alfred Morley on Friday evening spoke at length on the importance of Mr. Roosevelt's decision to occupy Iceland, by and with the consent of its inhabitants. The speaker was optimistic regarding general trends during the preceding week.

Mr. Morley spoke as follows:—I want to say a good deal about America tonight. Listeners will remember that at the time President Roosevelt proclaimed a state of "unlimited emergency," I was at some pains to underline the fact that he had thereby freed himself from the necessity of going to Congress to get formally voted approval for every new step the Administration might think necessary for defence against the menace of Nazifascism. The Axis charge that Mr. Roosevelt had thereby become a dictator was just arrant nonsense, because the President assumed emergency powers with the full consent of Congress and the approval of the vast majority of his countrymen.

But it did mean that when the Chief Executive and his advisers deemed it necessary to take certain defensive moves, he could do so to the limit of not violating any previous decision by Congress or any provisions of the Constitution. The limited degree to which President Roosevelt has so far used his wide powers has led to some disappointment and criticism even among his staunchest supporters. They have clamoured for a greater open display of American participation in the struggle of the democracies; they have tendered advice which the President has very largely ignored.

Best Judge of Expediency

My personal conviction is that Mr. Roosevelt, sitting at the heart of a complex governmental machine, in receipt of reports and advices of which the public knows little or nothing, and being the recipient of diplomatic information from all the capitals of the world, is by far the best judge of what to do, and how and when to do it, in order wisely and well to fulfil his country's pledge that the Axis will be defeated and the democracies made triumphant. To my mind there has never been the slightest justification for questioning either Mr. Roosevelt's intensity of righteous purpose or his prescience in action.

I have opened my talk tonight this way because the occupation of Iceland by United States' forces has come as dramatic confirmation of the faith which I advise all to repose in the people, Government and President of the United States. It is not by precipitate and ill-considered measures that America can best help those to whose aid she is committed. Rather is it by concentration at home upon the large-scale production of the implements of war which the democracies need, and by judicious and progressive measures athwart the path, or possible paths of Axis penetration wherever that might be attempted.

President's Threefold Purpose

When President Roosevelt extends American protection to Iceland and declares that he has done so for the three-fold purpose of forestalling any Axis move in the direction of the western hemisphere, of giving greater security to north Atlantic shipping and of increasing the assurance that supplies being sent to Britain will reach Britain, he takes a move which has rightly been described as one of the most far-reaching and significant since he first enunciated his aid to Democracies policy. And he automatically gives the lie to those who have ever doubted his strength of purpose.

American forces are now within what has already been a naval combat zone, and the view is wisely held that risks of an American-German clash have been greatly increased. I believe that Nazi Germany has far too much on her hands at present to take much risk of provoking America to war, and in that very fact we see the consumate skill of President Roosevelt's timing.

Berlin and Rome can fulminate how they will, or pretend that America's action makes but little difference but the truth of the matter is that they see their eventual defeat being slowly but surely encompassed by the powerful complimentary forces of the British Empire and the United States of America, each working along their own appropriate lines and in ways which reveal a depth of far-sighted understanding.

Of Profound Import

In the daily papers you have already read the comment and reactions which the President's latest decision has aroused, and so I don't propose to go over that ground. I only wish to emphasize, because I think emphasis is necessary, that there is profound import in that decision not only as regards the situation today but in the long-term of the struggle which the free Governments of the world are waging against the forces which seek their downfall and the slavery of their peoples.

I personally doubt whether Mr. Roosevelt will act upon the many suggestions being made in America that he should now order American forces to Dakar, the Azores and other points of the eastern Atlantic or that he will seek to carry out Mr. Wendell Willkie's suggestion of securing American bases in Northern Ireland and Scotland.

While it is gratifying to know that there are many Americans who think that way, it is the cool, cautious methods of Mr. Roosevelt which must have greater appeal to sound reasoning. If and when the need should arise for more to be done, Mr. Roosevelt will order the action to suit. I think we can safely leave it there.

Divergence in War Reports

I do not propose to say a great deal about the fierce battles being waged between the Nazi and Russian armies and air forces, for two reasons. Firstly, you get your fill in the columns of cables every day; secondly, because the situation is so chaotic and undeterminable. Between the claims of Moscow and Berlin, between the reports emanating from Ankara, Stockholm and Vichy, to all of which are added the reports of press and radio correspondents, there is such wide divergence that any attempt to appraise the true situation can only be made with considerable caution.

What does appear clear, however, is that the Nazis have not made territorial gains at the speed expected. They have driven in deeply at various points but they have been subject to counter-attacks and general resistance of a determined character for which they apparently never bargained. If the Nazis expected Red Army units to crack up under *blitzkrieg* tactics they have so far been disappointed.

The Russians have shown that their military strength is a very real thing and that they possess a fighting spirit which merits even a Nazi's respect. That the Germans are behind in their time-table is the general view of expert observers. It may be that the Red Army is going to provide the great surprise of this war.

If most people still believe that the German military machine is powerful enough eventually to smash its way through to Moscow, they also believe that Russia has the strength, the will and the necessary patriotism among its people to make prolonged resistance throughout its vast territory and that Hitler will pay dearly for his latest—and perhaps most flatant—act of treachery.

These are fateful days as well as days of death and suffering for hundreds of thousands of people. To the crazy, ambitions of one man are due this tremendous human tragedy; to his destruction are irrevocably committed the forces and peoples of independent Governments.

Political and Military Means

Although up to the moment there has been no cessation of fighting in Syria, the news that an armistice has been requested did not come as a surprise. It was known that the Vichy forces were coming to the end of their powers of resistance, specially in view of the latest British military advances. From the very beginning of the campaign it was plain that British's plan was an admixture of political and military means.

It was amusing to see that while the Nazis invented a British *blitzkrieg* on Syria and then proceeded to mock the "slow motion" way in which it was carried out, they also criticized British "intrigues." The truth of the matter is that Britain hoped for a greater degree of political success than was secured and then reluctantly had to increase the military pressure—not too much but just enough to show that there was no intention to leave Syria under Vichy forces and, therefore, open to the Germans.

There was never a *blitzkrieg* although a good many British people seemed to think that larger forces should have been employed, and a quicker end put to an unfortunate and distressing situation. On those matters of higher policy I think few are qualified to comment. What matters most is that the objective has now been achieved.

That objective was the removal of the Nazi threat to the Middle East. Iraq has been cleansed and pacified; Syria is no longer in the Axis group; the last sparks of Italian resistance in Abyssinia are being stamped out, while in Libya the enemy has been reduced to quiescence. That's not a bad Near and Middle East picture. The threat to Suez has been stayed.

Growing R.A.F. Offensive

The growing might of the non-stop British aerial offensive over northern France and the industrial regions of western Germany is obviously causing considerable worry to the German High Command which confesses that considerable military forces are still employed in the West in order safeguard against unpleasant surprises.

Whether this incessant hammering of German positions, bases and points of supply presages more in the way of British military action only the British high command can know, but there is not the slightest doubt that when such important centres as Bremen, Kiel, Bremerhaven, Emden, Duisburg, Cologne, Muenster, Hamburg, Wilhelmshaven, Cuxhaven, Dusseldorf, Osnabruck, Magdeburg, Bielefeld, Hamm and even the big Krupp works at Essen are subjected to such heavy bombings, extremely extensive damage has been done to what is the industrial heart of Germany.

Over northern France, British fighter planes continue their successful sweeps, shooting down more machines than they themselves lose. Inevitably, British machines are lost in the day and night attacks over German territory; it would be ridiculous to expect otherwise.

But the point to be noted is that Britain can now afford those losses, can carry a powerful aerial offensive into the enemy's own camp. Both British and American production is steadily increasing; the days of Nazi aerial preponderance are numbered.

We see, as the length and scope of the war increase, no dimming of the determination among those fighting Hitler to go on from strength to strength, from reverses to victory, and finally to win the war and restore law and order, peace and prosperity, happiness and well-being to all the peoples in Europe and elsewhere who have suffered to satisfy the ambitions of a power-crazed tyrant.

Chungking to Get Rice From S.E. Szechuen

Chungking, July 12.

Four months' supply of rice to Chungking is reported to be assured as the result of negotiations with south and east Szechuen rice districts, which have undertaken to supply 350,000 piculs to Chungking.

It is announced that south Szechuen will, prior to the autumn harvest, supply 150,000 piculs of rice to Chungking, while east Szechuen will supply 120,000 piculs.

At the same time Chungking banks have jointly purchased 80,000 piculs.

While the autumn harvest is only three months away, it is pointed out that Chungking has a sufficient rice supply for four months on the basis of an average rice consumption of 80,000 piculs a month.

Due to the efforts of the Government to stabilize the price of rice and foodstuffs, it is learned that the price of rice in Chungking is at present the lowest in the entire province.—Reuter.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

To be Auctioned at XCDN "Moonlight Follies"

Statue of "Themis," Goddess of Justice, which has been presented by Mr. Emmanuel Yannoulatos, Consul-General for Greece, to "X.C.D.N. Moonlight Follies" for auctioning on Greek Night, July 18.

Requiem Mass Held Here for Polish Patriot

The passing of Poland's great patriot and statesman was simply but impressively observed in Shanghai yesterday when a Requiem Mass was held for the late Ignace Jan Paderewski, President of the National Council of the Republic of Poland. The solemn ceremony took place at 9 a.m. at St. Joseph's Cathedral, 36 Rue Montauban, and was attended by a host of distinguished guests.

Members of the diplomatic and consular bodies, naval, military and civil authorities, representatives of foreign communities, social organizations and societies were among those present at the Church.

Those attending included Mr. A. H. George, C.M.G., H.M. Consul-General, Sir Andrew Noble, First Secretary of the British Embassy, Dr. J. de Lebre e Lima, Portuguese Minister, Messrs. Hialmar Collin, Danish Minister, E. Fontanel, Swiss Chargé d'Affaires, T. Knudtzon, Norwegian Charge d'Affaires, Malte Pripp, Swedish Charge d'Affaires, Poul Scheel, Danish Consul General, Frank P. Lockhart, United States Consul-General, A. van Cutsem, Belgian Consul-General, James P. Mee, Brazilian Consul-General, Don Alvaro de Mondonaldo, Spanish Consul-General, Emm. Yannoulatos, Greek Consul-General, J. van den Berg, Netherlands Consul, M. Duval and G. Cattand, French Consuls, Dr. A. C. de Liz, Australian Trade Commissioner, Admiral W. A. Glassford, Commander U.S. Yangtsze Patrol, Colonel Samuel Lutz Howard, Commander U.S. Fourth Marines, Commander H. Villear, Royal Australian Navy, Mr. J. H. Liddell, Chairman of Shanghai Municipal Council, Sir Robert Calder-Marshall, Chairman of the British Chamber of Commerce, Messrs. K. Bumstead, British Press Attache Office, H. J. Collar, Chairman of British Residents Association and Chairman of the Allied Federation of Shanghai, Major J. Stepan, Representative of the Czechoslovakian Provisional Government, Mr. A. Betchitch, Representative of the Yugoslavian Government.

The service was arranged by the Polish Legation and the Polish Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Stanislaw B. M. de Rosset, and Mrs. de Rosset, attended the ceremony.

Judge Helmick Goes On Home Leave

Judge Milton J. Helmick left on the ss. President Pierce on home leave and will attend the marriage of his niece. He had planned to go later but took advantage of the delay in the sailing of the Pierce and caught that ship instead. It is not thought that any Special Judge will be appointed by the President, at least for the present. Judge Helmick has no special plans and may not take a very long leave.

Japanese Ambassador Calls on Lozovsky

Moscow, July 11.

Lieut.-General Yoshitsugu Tatekawa, Japanese Ambassador, called on M. S. A. Lozovsky, Vice-Commissar of Foreign Affairs, this evening. It was understood that Mr. Lozovsky explained to the Japanese Ambassador Soviet-German war developments.—Domei.

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S.M.C. Lease 259 Premises in June

Premises leased by the Shanghai Municipal Council during the month of June totalled 259, according to the report made by the Commissioner of Public Works. Of these, the Police Department occupied 249, comprising three police stations, 107 houses, 137 flats, one block of quarters for married and single men, and one billet for the Russian Auxiliary Detachment. Ten other premises were leased for other departments, namely, two branch health offices, the Public Library, offices for Director of Chinese Studies, five schools and one hostel.

In connection with cleansing work, the Public Works Department collected 46,598 tons of house refuse and road sweepings. The water used for street washing amounted to 178,875 gallons. During the month of June, 361 squatter huts were also demolished. In the extra-Settlement area, Western District, there were also 53 cases of coffins and corpses reported to the P.W.D.

Road Reconstruction

Three roads were selected for special reconstruction work during the month of June. The portion of Tifeng Road between Jessfield Road and the Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Girls is being raised and reconstructed with water-bound macadam; similar work is being undertaken at the south loop of Jessfield Road. The reconstruction of the carriage-way of Columbia Road between Roakhill Avenue and House No. 601 has been completed.

Extensive use was made of the Municipal parks during June, the number of players participating in various sports in Kiaochow Park, Hongew Park and Wayside Park reached 11,010; and 299,360 persons visited the S.M.C. parks and children's gardens (excluding Hongkew Park).

The total building and sanitary installation plan examination fees and miscellaneous permit fees for the first six months of 1941 showed a great increase as compared with those for the corresponding period of 1940. Fees for the past six months reached $101,807.97 while the 1940 figures totalled $53,917.90.

Japanese Members of Border Commission

Tokyo, July 12.

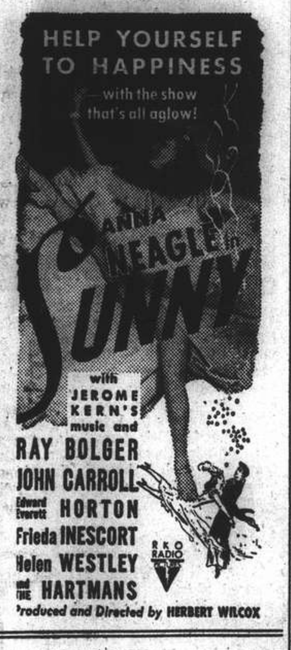
The Board of Information announced today the list of Japanese members to the border delimitation commission which has been set up in accordance with the peace treaty concluded on May 9 between France and Thailand and ratified on July 5.

The Japanese members include five members and five assistants selected from the Foreign, War and Navy Ministries, who will proceed to Saigon soon in order to meet the French and Thai members to the commission "to formulate plans and to carry out their assigned work."

The Board of Information communique disclosed that Mr. Makoto Yano, former Minister, will be chairman of the mixed commission and chief of the Japanese members, who will include Mr. Tsuyoshi Inouye, Foreign Office secretary; Colonel Takanobu Manaki, Lieut.-Col. Iwashashi, and Captain Jin Ikeda. The five assistants will be Consul Tadayuki Takashima, Lieut.-Colonel Kaoru Takeuchi, Major Matsuichi Iino, Commander Takanobu Sasaki and Engineer Commander Taro Ishida.—Domei.

CATHAY

COMING BIG ATTRACTION!



CANIDROME

THIS AFTERNOON 5.30 (12 Races)

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(Rain or Shine)

Dress them in

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Replaced if colours fade

Everfast to washing and light!

Printed fabrics:—

LUNBRIC	*(Black label) A good wearing cambric*	$1.60 per yd.
LINENNE	*(Green label) A fresh linen-like material*	$1.75 per yd.
MARSARELLE	*(Red label) A delightful haircord*	$2.20 per yd.
LUNPOPLIN	*(Pink label) An excellent quality poplin*	$2.10 per yd.
LUNCETTE	*(Mauve label) A new pique attraction*	$2.10 per yd.
LUNTEX	*(Brown label) A new original fabric*	$2.00 per yd.

Plain shade fabrics:—

FASCO	*(Blue label) Universal favourite in 24 shades*	$2.50 per yd.
LUNTEX	*(Brown label) A new speciality in 15 shades*	$2.00 per yd.

Beware of Imitations!

Look for the Laundryman Ticket on every 2 yds.
The Lun Chong guarantee of free replacement
if colours fade in wash or wear

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CONTEST

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CONTEST TO BE HELD EARLY IN AUGUST

All Proceeds will be donated to the Shanghai Refugee Relief Assn. Contestants must register at the Argentina or any afternoon at 160 Ave. Edward VII, room 216. Telephone 10152. Full particulars will be furnished at either address.

FROM SHANGHAI FOOTLIGHTS AND FILMS

"Hudson's Bay"

Paul Muni, held by many as the best interpreter of character roles in Hollywood, is at the Grand today in a rugged role. Associated players include Gene Tierney, Laird Cregar and Vincent Price.

"The Bowery"

One of the more popular pictures which Wallace Beery made has been brought back to the Metropol Theatre. Co-starred is George Raft—also Jackie Cooper, Fay Wray, Pert Kelton and George Walsh.

"Flight Command"

Robert Taylor heads an aviation cast at the Roxy Theatre today, supported principally by Walter Pidgeon and Ruth Hussey. Strong assistance also from Nat Pendleton, Paul Kelly and Shepperds Strudwick.

"Las Vegas Nights"

The opening of this film at the Cathay Theatre today marks the return of Bert Wheeler to the local silver screen. With him are Phil Regan, Constance Moore, Lillian Cornell and Virginia Dale.

Current Films

CATHAY.—"The Saint in Palm Springs."—Most colourful of the series, this suspense-packed thriller pits the arch-enemy of crime in a tense, extra-legal struggle against a gang of foreign criminals who commit murder after murder to secure three rare postage stamps. With George Sanders, Wendy Barrie, Paul Guilfoyle, Jonathan Hale and Linda Hayes. Opens today.

NANKING.—"The Devil and Miss Jones."—The delightfully hilarious romance of a boy and a girl who didn't have a dime till they made a new man out of the richest guy on earth by convincing him that his most valuable possession was something he didn't know he owned. With Jean Arthur, Robert Cummings, Charles Coburn, Edmund Gwenn, Spring Byington, S.Z. Sakall and William Demarest.

GRAND.—"Hudson's Bay."—A two-fisted drama of the Frozen North and Empire Building in the colourful days of King Charles II, built round the fabulous career of the first great Canadian adventurer. With Paul Muni, Laird Cregar, Gene Tierney, John Sutton, Virginia Field, Vincent Price, Nigel Bruce Chief Thundercloud and a supporting cast of many hundreds.

ROXY.—"Flight Command."—With Robert Taylor, Ruth Hussey and Walter Pidgeon. Guns spitting, motors screaming, take to the skies with Uncle Sam's fighting squadrons. The mightiest thrill-barrage as the "Hell Cats" dive spin and crash through the romance of a rookie daredevil.

METROPOL.—"The Bowery."—Thrilling tale of New York's famous East Side, built round two of its most picturesque denizens: hard-boiled, sentimental, talented Chuck Connors and Steve Brodie who "took a chance" by diving off Brooklyn Bridge. With Wallace Beery, George Raft, Jackie Cooper, Fay Wray, Pert Kelton and George Walsh. Opens today.

GOLDEN GATE.—"Thunder Afloat."—Spirited story of those little-known days of the World War when enemy submarines invaded American waters and wreaked havoc with U.S. shipping. With Wallace Beery, Chester Morris and Virginia Grey.

UPTOWN.—"Saps at Sea."—Stan Laurel and Oliver Hardy with James Finlayson, Ben Turpin and Dick Cramer. Anchors aweigh for their funniest comedy hit.

DOUMER.—"Trapped in the Sky."—An exciting story of espionage and aerial adventure, starring Jack Holt, supported by Ralph Morgan and C. Henry Gordon—with crashes of planes and fights on land.

Films Coming

"Dr. Kildare Goes Home."—Pretty nurses! If their patients don't marry them....a doctor will! She said "Yes"! But wedding bells wait while Dr. Kildare Dr. Gillespie and lovely nurse Mary unravel the mystery of their most astounding adventure. Coming to the **ROXY.**

"Sunny."—Against the colourful background of New Orleans Mardi Gras and moving through a succession of catchy songs and dazzling dances, this sparkling comedy tells of the loves of Sunny, star performer at the carnival, and a young millionaire socialite whose "snooty" relations gang up to break their romance. With Anna Neagle, Ray Bolger, John Carroll, Edward Everett Horton, Frieda Inescort, Helen Westley and the Hartmans. Coming soon to the **CATHAY.**

"Sunny"

Anna Neagle and John Carroll come soon to the Cathay Theatre.

Miss China 1941

On Thursday, the Argentina is staging the preliminary eliminations of the Miss China 1941 contest, the finals to be held several days later. There will be no voting but five international judges will choose the winner. Prizes amounting to more than $3,000, including first prize of $1,500, will be distributed and all profits are to be donated to the Shanghai Refugee Relief Association (Chinese). Mr. Bert Palmertz, head of Universal Pictures here, will make a screen test and forward prints to Hollywood. If satisfactory, the winner will get a prepaid trip to the American cine-capital, where Universal executives will pass on her motion picture merits—perhaps a Hollywood contract.

Tamara, Vocalist

A pleasing and popular feature of the Bolero is the songstress of the band. Miss Tamara, who is featuring an old song, "Sand," with special arrangements by the leader and pianist of the band, Charles Albert. Miss Tamara also sings many other songs and is most obliging in the matter of singing numbers requested by guests. Other members of the band include Ernest Schlittner, Jack Reiss and Fredie Loewy.

To Dine and Dance

ALI BABA.—Night club. Guy Roberts orchestra.—Geza and Gino.

ARGENTINA.—Night club. George Roth and his orchestra. Chin Ping Troupe. Marryfield and Sanders. Garden open.

ARIZONA.—Night club. Sandor Stern—Ninotchka.

BOLERO.—Night club. Charlie Albert's orchestra.

CASANOVA.—Gloria Andico's orchestra.

CATHAY HOTEL LOUNGE.—Morning and afternoon tea, cocktails.

CATHAY RESTAURANT.—8th floor.

COSMO CLUB. — Morris' orchestra Dorothy Baker.

D. D.'S. NIGHT CLUB.—Russian and foreign style cuisine. Tino's orchestra.

FARREN'S.—Farren's music-makers June West and Kay—Sally and the Galrae Sisters. Pan Yu-yung and Pan Yu Lan acrobats.

JESSFIELD.—Night club. Teddy and Ferry Guzza—also Havsky.

MAXIM.—Night club. Lazarus and his orchestra.

METROPOLE HOTEL.—Grill and dining rooms for business tiffins and other occasions.

PARAMOUNT. — Cabaret. Tony Diaz's swing orchestra.

PARK HOTEL.—Dancing nightly. Sunday and Thursday tea dances Ikis' orchestra. Aby and Emerico.

ROXY.—Night club. Harry Fisher's swing band. Fobau and Harry Taffet.

TOWER.—Night club. Tower orchestra. Mlle Claudette. Nightly excepting Sunday.

"Foreign Correspondent."—A gripping, action-packed drama that tells at breakneck speed the colourful story of those intrepid and resourceful men who gather news, cheating death at every turn and still able to find time for whole-hearted romance. With Joel McCrea, Laraine Day, Herbert Marshall, George Sanders, Albert Basserman and Robert Benchley. Coming soon to the **GRAND.**

"Model Wife."—The gaily intriguing story of an ardent young couple who have been forced to marry secretly because their sour and grim old employer objects to married salespeople in her Fifth Avenue store. With Dick Powell, Joan Blondell, Charles Ruggles, Lee Bowman, Lucile Watson, Ruth Donnelly and Billy Gilbert. Coming to the **NANKING.**

"The Gorilla."—Weird shadows, sliding panels, unexpected trapdoors and a ferocious killer haunt the paths of the three hair-brained sleuths called in to solve a murder mystery that would have given Sherlock Holmes the jitters. Starring The Ritz Brothers, with Anita Louise, Patsy Kelly, Lionel Atwill, Bela Lugosi, Joseph Calleia, Edward Norris and Wally Vernon. Coming to the **METROPOL.**

"Dulcy."—With Ann Sothern, Ian Hunter and Roland Young. Laugh away a week-end with society's dizziest doll! Anything can happen and everything does as "Maisie's" star brings to the screen the man-adventures of a dumb-belle who's so daffy, she's dandy. Soon at the **ROXY.**

"Dark Rapture."—Strange customs, weird rites, nature in her most luxuriant and forbidding moods, filmed in depths of the African jungle hitherto inaccessible to the white man and his camera. Filmed and recorded on the Denis-Rooseveit Belgian Congo Expedition with a great native cast. Coming to the **METROPOL.**

Farren's Floor Show

It is the policy of the management at Farren's to provide the maximum of air-cooling with the minimum risk to health and early each evening the spacious ballroom is cooled. With patrons arriving earlier, the floor show begins earlier also. On the current bill, June West and Kay are featured in ballroom and adagio dances and the Chinese troupe of acrobats appear several times nightly, doing "muscle-torture" and comedy numbers. The Galrae Sisters and Sally continue as usual to sing with Otto Joachim's band, which also plays classical music during dinner.

On Friday Farren's will introduce George and Allen, styled the biggest little team in Shanghai.

Pianists Extraordinary

Of utmost importance to the dance and concert band at the Roxy Night Club are Harry C. Fisher and Tony, described as pianists extraordinary.

Tower Orchestra

Bernhard Ruff plays nightly at the Bund hostelry, Sundays excepted.

Fisher is also leader of the band while Tony doubles on the accordeon, being a past master of the instrument. Other members of the band include the two singers, Harry Taffet and Fred Fobau. The latter is a violinist. Taffet plays drums. The Roxy serves short orders all night. Mr. J. Hellman is general manager. Eight girls of four nationalities are at the cocktail bar.

Pleasing Singers

A singing trio, composed of members of the Guy Roberts band, is being featured at the All Baba Night Club and is singing old and new songs, with special arrangements by Roberts and Geza, the latter of the famous team of pianists, Geza and Gino, better known as the two G-Men. Of the five members of the band four are pleasing vocalists. Several international hostesses are permitted to dance with guests.

"The Devil and Miss Jones"

Long absent from Shanghai screens, Jean Arthur stars at the Nanking today—also Robert Cummings, Charles Coburn and Edmund Gwenn.

Talented Ninotchka

So successful has been the young, talented Ninotchka, character and novelty dancer, at the Arizona Night Club that her engagement there has again been prolonged. She is now in her second month as the headliner of the floor show. Ninotchka presents two floor numbers nightly and three on Saturdays. Sandor Stern, ace accordeon player and leader of the band, has returned to the Arizona following a siege of illness. The Arizona is air-conditioned and has a comfortable cocktail bar with numerous English-speaking hostesses. Patrons were disappointed several nights last week when the plant broke, but it is functioning again.

Aby and Emerico

The Park Hotel, having discontinued the weekly tango tea dances, as from last Thursday, until the advent of autumn, patrons may devote themselves to the comfortably cool Sky Terrace, where Ikis and his musical cohorts render delightful strains for dancing, as well as accompanying the artistes.

Heading the floor show are Aby and Emerico and, the latter, having made a reputation for himself with his impersonations, interprets a "peculiar" motif each night. His partner, Aby, and he do other numbers as well. Kassakoff is to continue several weeks longer at the Park.

Outstanding Musician

The personnel of the cool Maxim Night Club's band includes a musician who worked with nearly a dozen orchestras in Europe prior to coming here, and who has been a leader himself on several occasions. He is George Warner and is regarded by Band Leader Eric Lazarus as one of his outstanding musicians. The Maxim is cooled through the aid of an open roof, plus plenty of well-placed fans.

Country Store Night

At the New Winter Garden barbecued chicken dinners are served every Wednesday and Sunday. Barbecued steak dinners every night. Jitterbugs are requested to register with Tommie Missman, of the orchestra, for the coming $1,000 Jitterbug Contest. The New Winter Garden serves tiffins every day. Daily tea dances and dinner dances —Jimmy's famous food.

Former Miss Shanghai

Now that Miss Shanghai 1941 has duly been crowned, belated news comes from Seattle to the effect that Miss Shanghai 1935, Mrs. Hodgman, nee Boutina, has arrived in that city, being duly impressed, according to press reports.

It is said that she hopes to take up aviation, modelling and/or Hollywood.

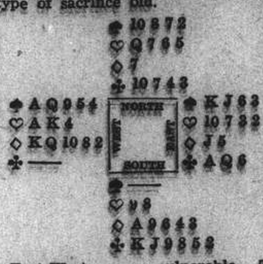
Because Jeanette MacDonald likes footstools, the prop boys on the set of "Smilin' Through" made the star a specially designed stool covered in white leather with the initials "J. M." lettered in black.

CONTRACT

By Albert H. Morehead

(In the New York "Times")

The following deal was sent in by a correspondent to show a most unusual sequence of bids, but it incidentally illustrates a most unwise type of sacrifice bid.



East-West were vulnerable. The bidding was:

North	East	South	West
Pass	Pass	1 Club	2 Clubs
3 Clubs	4 Clubs	5 Clubs	5 Spades
Pass	6 Spades	7 Clubs	Double
Pass	Pass	Pass	

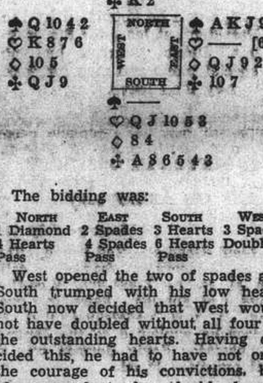
The fact that the first five bids were made in clubs, without a pass intervening, is enough to establish the deal as a curiosity. West's two-club overcall was a demand that East respond; North bid three clubs to shut East out. East bid four clubs in an effort to show a strong hand, including control of the club suit, and South's five-club bid was a combination of a shut-out bid and a stab at making a game on his freak distribution.

The seven-club bid, finally, was based on South's fear that a vulnerable slam might be made against him. Such sacrifices are usually bad gambles when there is any chance of defeating the opponents' contract. In this case, South's ace of diamonds should have encouraged him to pass and hope to win two tricks. A diamond opening and return would have defeated six spades, giving North-South 100 points. Instead, they went down six tricks, 1,100 points.

South could have saved at least one trick in the play. Against seven clubs, West opened the ace of spades. South trumped. His best line of play was to start the heart suit at once As the cards lay, dummy's heart Q-J could have been established, and South could have discarded two diamonds on them. Instead, South immediately cashed the diamond ace and ruffed a diamond. The seven of clubs was led from dummy, and East put up the ace. Now East was in a position to overruff dummy, which could never again get the lead even if South should later get round to leading hearts.

Ticklish Problem

The play of the following hand was so difficult that no declarer could be blamed for going wrong on it:



The bidding was:

North	East	South	West
1 Diamond	2 Spades	3 Hearts	3 Spades
4 Hearts	4 Spades	6 Hearts	Double
Pass	Pass	Pass	

West opened the two of spades and South trumped with his low heart. South now decided that West would not have doubled without all four of the outstanding hearts. Having decided this, he had to have not only the courage of his convictions, but also a talent for double-dummy analysis.

If South had led the queen of hearts or any other heart immediately he could not have made the contract. To make six hearts he had to take the club king, then the club ace, and then ruff a club with a low heart in dummy. If he had been wrong about the division of the heart suit, East could have overruffed, spoiling the play for the slam.

Having ruffed the third club, South had to cash dummy's two high diamonds, and then lead a low heart from dummy to his ten. Whether West took his king or not, South would then simply lead out his clubs, discarding from dummy until West decided to trump. When West trumped, dummy could over-trump, and then South would be in a position to draw trumps.

Test Questions

Each of the following hands was held in an expert rubber-bridge game. In each case partner opened with a bid of one spade. What is the proper response? The answers given are the responses that were actually made.

(1)	(2)	(3)
♠ 10 8 3	♠ A K 9 6 4 3	♠ 10 7 6 4 3
♡ K 5 4	♡ 8 7 5	♡ 7 6
◇ A 3 2	◇ 9 6	◇ —
♣ K 7 6 2	♣ 5 3	♣ A K Q 8 7 3

Answers

(1) One no trump. The player explained that unless his partner could rebid freely over one no trump, he did not feel that there was any chance for a better contract.

(2) Four spades. If the contract cannot be made, then the combined hands are probably too weak defensively to prevent an opposing game contract. This bid shuts the opponents out.

(3) Three spades. Most players would respond three clubs; this player explained that he did not want to go beyond four spades unless his partner could make a slam try. If a slam was to be bid, he thought it best to conceal the club suit, hoping for a diamond or club opening.

Dietrich is Willing

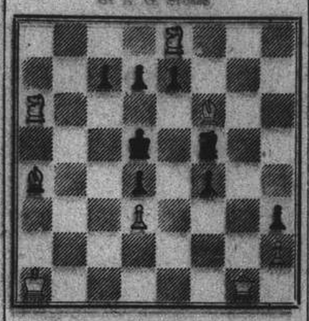
There are certain actresses who can always be definitely classed as tragic and others as definitely comic. One cannot imagine Mrs. Siddons in lighter vein and to come to modern and very different circles, Miss Claudette Colbert, Hollywood's leading comedienne, has not exactly justified herself in the realms of tragedy.

Miss Marlene Dietrich was long encouraged by Von Sternberg to take herself very seriously and one would suppose that by nature she is a serious actress. But unmeasured seriousness threatened to be her undoing. So she went into "Desire" with Gary Cooper under the direction of Lubitsch. The change was successful. She is now co-starring with George Raft in "Handle with Care" in which the atmosphere is more or less tragic.

CHESS

PROBLEM No. 272

By A. G. Stubbs

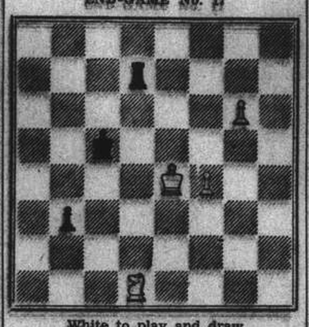


White plays and mates in two moves.

Answer to Problem No. 271

White: K on QB1; Q on QKt6; R on KK1; B on K4; Kt's on Q5, K2. Black: K on KR7; B's on KKt2, KB5; Kt's on KB4, KKt7; P's on Kt4, 6, KKt5, KR6. Three moves. Key Q — KR8. Threat 2. B + K × B; 2. Q × P; 2. Q × KP. Variations: 1. B × Q, 2. Kt — B6 and 3. Kt — Kt4; 1. Kt × Q, 2. Kt × P (K6), Kt × Kt, 3. R × B; 1. Kt — R5, 2. Q × Kt etc. Fine Key, offering the Q to two Black units, with resulting blocks on KB5, the B and Kt getting in each other's way.

END-GAME No. 17



White to play and draw

(Emanuel Lasker vs. Edward Lasker, New York, 1924. The resourceful veteran finds an unexpected draw.)

Answer to End-Game No. 16

Black wins: 1. ... Kt — K5 (Black); 2. B × Q, Kt — Kt6; 3. Kt — Kt4 h. QKt — Kt3ch; 4. Q × Ktch. Kt × Q mate.

Marshall C.C., New York

QUEEN'S GAMBIT

	White F. J. Marshall	Black T. Emery
1.	P — Q4	P — Q4
2.	P — QB4	P — K3
3.	Kt — QB3	Kt — KB3
4.	B — Kt5	B — K2
5.	P — K3	Castles
6.	Q — B2	P — B3
7.	Kt — B3	QKt — Q2
8.	B — Q3	P — KR3
9.	B — R4 (a)	B — Kt5
10.	Castles K	B × Kt
11.	P × B	P — B4
12.	BP × P	KP × P
13.	P — B4	QP × P
14.	B × P	P — QKt3
15.	KR — Q1 (b)	B — Kt2
16.	P × P	B × Kt
17.	P × B	Q — B2
18.	R — Q6 (c)	Q × P (d)
19.	R × KKt	Q — K4 (e)
20.	R — B5	Q × QR+
21.	K — Kt2	Kt — K4 (f)
22.	B — B6 (g)	P × B
23.	R × Kt	Q × R (h)
24.	Q — Kt6+	

and draws (i)

(a) More a la Marshall would be P — KR4. (b) Kt — K5 has points; Black cannot reply Kt × Kt because of 16. P × Kt, P — KK4; 17. Q — Kt8+ or B — Kt5; if P × Kt, Q × Kt, etc. (c) This is true Marshall. (d) If Kt × P, 19. R × Kt wins outright; if P × P, 19. R × KKt, Kt × R, 20. B × Kt, P + B, 21. Q — Kt8+ K — R1, 22. Q × RP+ K — Kt1, 23. K — R1, and Black is dead. (e) The only resource. (f) Otherwise he runs into danger with an immobile Q; for instance, Q1 — Kt (to stop B — Kt7), 24. B — QKt5! (g) He must take the draw, as Mr. Emery refuses to be swindled. (h) If K — Kt2, 24. R — K7, QR — Q1? 25. B × P! Or K — R1, 24. B — KR8, K — Kt2, 25. Q — B5, very likely winning. (i) By perpetual check.—"Observer."

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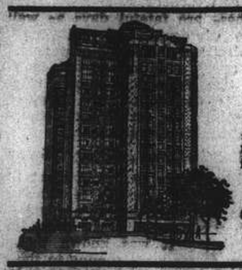

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A FRANK BORZAGE Production

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Directed by FRANK BORZAGE

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Clark Gable Jean Harlow in "SUZY"

Admission: 70 cts. Any Seat

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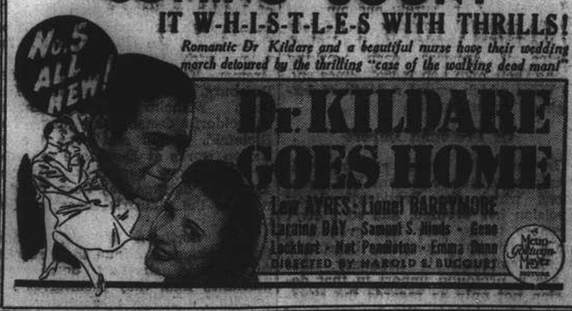
IT W-H-I-S-T-L-E-S WITH THRILLS!

Romantic Dr Kildare and a beautiful nurse have their wedding march delayed by the thrilling "case of the walking dead man!"



Dr. KILDARE GOES HOME

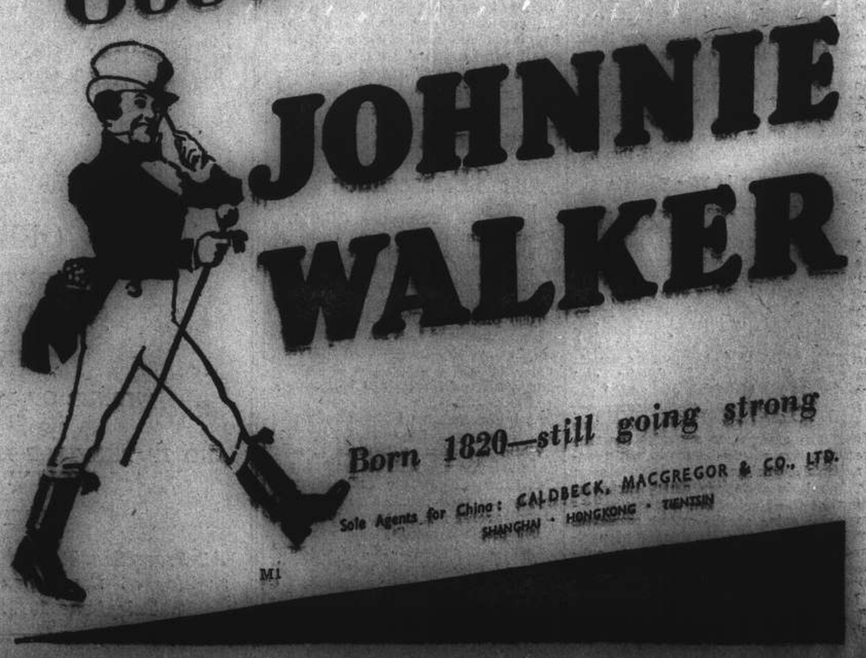
Lew AYRES • Lionel BARRYMORE

Laraine DAY • Samuel S. Hinds • Gene Lockhart • Nat Pendleton • Emma Dunn

DIRECTED BY HAROLD S. BUCQUET

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer

Good Whisky—



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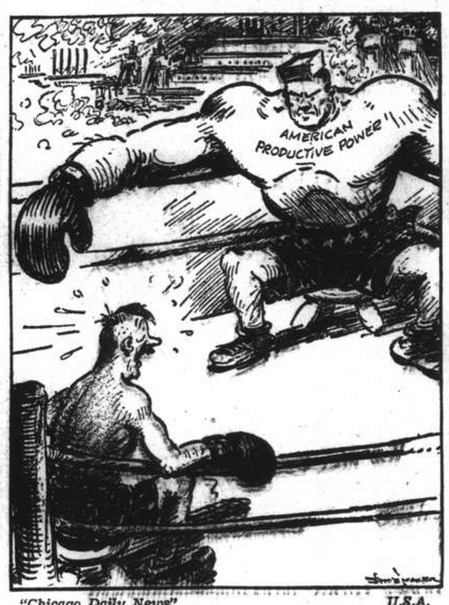
CARTOONS OF THE DAY

"France" London
"Yes, but the Atlantic is the only thing that matters ....."

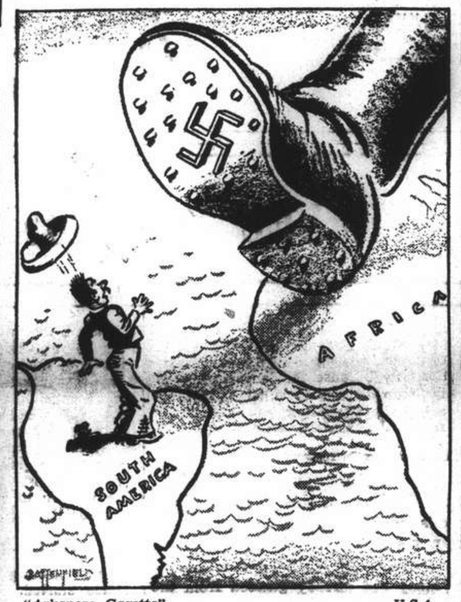
"Glasgow Bulletin" Britain
WE SEEM TO BE PUTTING HIM ON THE SPOT!



"Chicago Daily News" U.S.A.
"His match at last."

"Dallas News" U.S.A.
"In the same boat."

"Chicago Daily News" U.S.A.
"See victory yet, Adolf?"



"Arkansas Gazette" U.S.A.
"Too close for comfort."

"Nashville Tennessean" U.S.A.
"Fancy meeting you here!"

"Star" London
A QUESTION OF SEA-POWER.

Increase in Aircraft Power For Coming Battles

AIR war this year will take on new forms, writes the Air Correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph." New types of aircraft will be engaged and they will employ new tactics; for tactics are largely determined by the aircraft.

Numerically, most students of the position believe that the Royal Air Force, while still being less strong than the Luftwaffe, will be at less of a disadvantage than in 1940.

The technical balance is more obscure. Yet it is likely that technical quality will be the decisive factor in the tremendous clash that must soon come.

Our heroic pilots last summer tackled enormous odds without hesitation. That was because they were courageous and daring. They broke up huge German formations and fought the enemy to a standstill wherever they could make contact with him. That was because their courage and daring were backed up and reinforced by superlative technical equipment.

Engineers Played Part

The unimaginable drive and fury with which the men of the Fighter Command handled their machines were derived from the laboured considerations of our engineers and the conscientious skill of our craftsmen.

A bad pilot in a good aeroplane is useless; a good pilot in a bad aeroplane is much better; but a good pilot in a good aeroplane is the guarantee of victory in the air.

Reports of new British aircraft coming into action or shortly to do have been fairly frequent of late. Among the new fighters there are the Westland Whirlwind and the Hawker Tornado: among the new bombers the Short Stirling and the Avro Manchester.

Concurrently rumours leak through of new German aircraft. Among the fighters there is the Focke-Wulf 187 and among the bombers a new Dornier and a new Junkers. There is also the Focke-Wulf four-engined commerce-raiding aeroplane, which has already been in use on the western approaches from the Atlantic.

Detailed performance figures of these machines are not yet available. Some of the machines are still in pricess of development, and few of them are yet giving the best that can be got from them. But there are also the modifications of existing types: the Mark III. Spitfire and the Mark II. Hurricane; the re-engined Messerschmitt 109 and Messerschmitt 110. These may be said to be near the peak of their possible development.

Importance of Speed

It is useful to look at the figures that have become available; for though they are very incomplete, they serve as some sort of guide to the trend of technical progress on both sides and to the probable performance margins.

First of all there is speed, the prerogative of the interceptor fighter. It may be laid down as axiomatic that the short-range fighter, given equal merit in design, will be faster than the long-range fighter. Those who call for long-range fighters sometimes forget this. The aircraft with a duration of two hours will completely outdistance the once with a duration of seven hours. Any special devices that might be applied to the long-duration aircraft to build up its speed can also be applied to the short-duration aircraft and will have more effect there.

The Spitfire, which was then the fastest military aircraft in service in the squadrons in any air force in the world, entered the war with a maximum speed of 367 miles an hour. It has subsequently been modified in many ways. The Rolls-Royce Merlin engine has been boosted to give more power. The result is that the Mark III. Spitfire is faster. It has been stated that it does over 400 miles an hour.

The Messerschmitt 109 was and still is lower than the Spitfire. The Messerschmitt 110 (which is the twin-engined machine) is also slower. There is no sign that either of these German machines whatever their new engines may give, will be able to out-speed the latest Spitfire. They may, however, have slightly closed the gap.

The Heinkel 113 was originally supposed to be the fastest German fighter, but in practice it seems to have some disadvantages and not to be giving the expected results. It also may be placed below the Spitfire in speed. A comparison of existing types, with their new engines and other modifications, therefore, leads to the conclusion that the Royal Air Force, in this class, will retain technical superiority this year.

In the new types we have to consider the Focke-Wulf 187 and to compare it with machines like the Whirlwind and Tornado. The 187 has two engines, each of more than 1,100 horsepower, and its speed is said to be over 360 miles an hour at 20,000 feet. Note that this speed is below that of the Mark I. Spitfire. We may safely assume that it is below that of the Tornado.

Single Engines Faster

The Tornado is a single-engined machine, and there are many experienced designers who assert that it is always possible, over things being equal, to make a single-engined aircraft faster than a twin-engined. We may, therefore, expect the Tornado to be faster than the twin-engined Whirlwind. Whereas the original Focke-Wulf and the Whirlwind might come in about the same speed class, the Tornado may be assumed with confidence to be a good deal faster.

A recent report, however, has given the Focke-Wulf two newer and higher-powered engines. With these it is said to be 30 or 40 miles an hour faster than in the original version. If that report is true—and as yet it is entirely unconfirmed—it will come into the same class as our best fighters for speed.

My own view is that we shall not see many Focke-Wulf fighters just yet, and that these machines will not be giving their best performance until the end of the summer. By then our new fighters will have been developed and will be faster than they now are.

In every field of aeronautical progress development counts more than origination. It is by the hard and intricate process of development that we started ahead of the Germans in the quality of our air force equipment and it will be by the same means that we shall remain ahead.

Less Sure on Climb

Fighter speed around 400 miles an hour will be common by the summer, and the British machines should be superior to the German in every class. On fighter climb I am less confident that we shall establish a commanding lead.

The Germans have undoubtedly done useful development work on climb and on high flying in general. Part of their success has been attributed to their use of direct-fuel injection. On this some work has been done by the Royal Aircraft Establishment. A Junkers Jumo 211 D direct injection engine was compared with a Rolls-Royce Merlin X, and as a result the experimenters concluded that the direct injection gave no advantage over the carburetter for high flying. It is recalled that the aeroplane height record, which stands at 56,046ft, was a carburetter.

Whatever may be the facts as to the two methods of engine feed, it is clear that the Germans have developed the high-flying qualities of their aircraft and have made the Messerschmitt 109 perform at height far better than it did at the beginning of the war.

Our engineers have also been studying the problems of high flying. The chief difficulty seems to be that the aircraft which is fast low down and in the middle heights is not well suited to high flying. Wing loading is a factor, though the German fighters are mostly more highly liaded than ours.

In high flying and in the powers of manœuvre at height it is important that the Royal Air Force should be well equipped. The present trend suggests that, eventually, specialized high flying fighters may become necessary, but new types of aircraft cannot be produced quickly. Certain modifications to existing types might suit them for high flying. It is not solely a matter of engine performance.

Range

After speed and height comes range. Range is to some extent interchangeable with load, and is the factor which affects the military efficiency of the bombers. At the outbreak of war, again, Britain enjoyed a commanding lead in the range of her bombers. The Wellington bomber with a large of more than 3,000 miles was the most not able case.

In November and on February 16 last British aircraft demonstrated their range capabilities. In November a bombing raid was made on the railway station at Danzig, a distance of about 1,600 miles out and back, and in February the leaflet raid on Katowice and Cracow was made, a distance of about 1,750 miles.

It is, of course, easy to carry leaflets great distances. But in fact our bombers could carry bombs on an operational flight of that range. So far the Germans have not shown that they can make equally long flights, nor does what is known of their bomber performance suggest that they could make them except with a few of their newer types of large bomber.

Finally, something may be said about the tactical significance of performance. It is clear that the faster the aeroplane the better its chances of catching the enemy. It is equally clear that the greater the climbing abilities of the aeroplane the better its chances of making contact with the enemy.

In air combat the technical element is of overwhelming importance. It is essential that the aircraft should be capable of outperforming its opponent if it is to overcome it in combat.

Great Requirements

Speeds of 400 miles an hour, heights of 30,000 and 40,000 feet, and ranges of 3,000 and 4,000 miles—those are the requirements of the present day. A great responsibility rests upon our designers and engineers, for they must keep us ahead of the enemy in the design of our aircraft. The success of the R.A.F., no matter how courageous and skilful its pilots, still rests, as ever, upon the technical equipment with which it is supplied.

A great trust falls upon our aircraft engineers and the aircraft manufacturing shops. Whatever happens, they must not fail. They must ensure that our pilots and aircraft crews are furnished with aircraft which are as markedly superior to those of the enemy during this critical summer as during the summer and autumn of 1940.

It may well be that the outcome of the great air battles of 1941 will be decided not so much by the numbers of aircraft which are engaged on each side as by the technical merits of those aircraft.

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Memorial Services for Sr. Varona Held

Washington, July 10.

Memorial services were held here yesterday for Sr. Francisco Varona, labour attache to the Philippines Resident Commissioner's office in Washington, who died last week in New York. The services were held in St. Patrick's Cathedral before a distinguished group of mourners headed by Sr. Joaquin Elizalde, Resident Commissioner, and Mr. J. Weldon Jones, Assistant Director of the Budget Bureau and former Financial Adviser to Mr. Francis B. Sayre, United States High Commissioner at Manila.

Representatives of nearby Filipino communities, taxi-cab drivers, high United States dignitaries, news correspondents and staff members of the Resident Commissioner's office attended.

Father Lang, who officiated, praised Sr. Varona as "a great soul who sacrificed his life in the interests of his fellow-men."—United Press.

Indo-China Reported Interning Russians

Tokyo, July 12.

Japanese reports received here from Saigon allege that the French authorities in Indo-China, since Vichy's diplomatic break with Russia on June 30, have interned many Soviet residents and arrested 600 communists in Cochin-China.—Reuter.

British-Chinese Military Accord Seen in Nanking

Nanking, July 11.

Conclusion of a full-dress military alliance between Great Britain and Chungking is imminent, qualified observers here declared today. Such an alliance, they pointed out, is the logical outcome of the series of conferences held last month both in Singapore and Chungking.

Major-General L. V. Bond, Chief of Staff of the British Forces in the Far East, it was reliably reported, is due to proceed to Chungking shortly in order further to iron out details of the projected alliance.

Prime object of the pact about to be concluded, reports reaching here disclosed, is to check any possible Japanese move southward. Probable terms of the projected alliance were reported to include:

1. Chungking agrees to the stationing of a special force in Burma to fight under British leadership side by side with Australian troops;
2. Chungking will contribute labour battalions at the demand of Britain;
3. British military instructors will be sent to southwestern China to train Chungking forces in that area;
4. Britain will give support to the transportation of goods for Chungking from such places as Singapore and Rangoon, and
5. The Chungking air base at Lashio will be expanded and a special arsenal for use by Chinese forces will be established before the actual stationing of Chungking troops in Burma.—Domei.

New Regulations for Telegrams to Japan

Tokyo, July 12.

The Communications Ministry announced that effective from today telegraphic offices throughout Japan will accept international telegrams written only in Japanese, English or German. It was further announced that coded telegrams must be accompanied by transcriptions at the time of filing, and also the personal signature of the sender must be included in the original message.—Domei.

Freezing Controls Lifted From Spanish Assets

Washington, July 12.

The Treasury department yesterday issued a general licence lifting freezing control from Spanish assets in the United States in order to liberate about U.S.$30,000,000.

The action followed assurances from Madrid that the funds transferred from the United States would not be used in contradiction of the freezing order.—United Press.

Iceland Regent Accepts Decision

Reykjavik, July 12.

The Regent on Thursday assented to the resolution which the Althing (Parliament) passed approving United States occupation of Iceland. The Regent's assent was made during a meeting of the State Council following the Althing meeting.—United Press.

New American Explosive For Britain

Washington, July 12.

A "brand new" explosive developed by the United Stated States Navy may be made available to Britain, according to Mr. W.H.P. Blandy, Chief of the Navy Bureau.

Testifying before the House of Representatives Naval Committee yesterday, Mr. Blandy stated that the United States Navy planned to construct a complete new $70,000,000 factory for the manufacture of this explosive. He declined to amplify his statement apart from saying that production would begin within 12 or 18 months and would serve the United States army and navy and "possibly the British."

He also revealed that the shortage of armour at present was "bottle-necking" United States warship construction.—Reuter.

Soviet-Polish Talks

London, July 12.

Discussions between General Sikorski (Premier) and M. August Zaloski (Foreign Minister), representing the Polish Government, and M. Ivan Maisky, the Soviet Ambassador to Great Britain, continued at the Foreign Office yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Anthony Eden, British Foreign Secretary, participated in the conversations.—Reuter.

Donovan Named Defence Information Coordinator

Washington, July 12.

President Roosevelt yesterday named Colonel William Donovan coordinator of Defence information assigned to "analyze and collate such material for use by the President" and other officials designated by the President.

Col. Donovan last year and early this year earned world wide attention when he made an inspection tour of the European and African war zones for President Roosevelt.—United Press.

METROPOL
NEXT CHANGE!
SEE! SECRET RITUALS! MEN WELCOMING FLOGGING! "BRONCO-BUSTING" ELEPHANTS!
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Produced by ARMAND DENIS
who made "Congo Gonna" and directed "Wild Cargo"

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NEXT GREAT ATTRACTION!
Startling Highlights That Make "Foreign Correspondent" a Memorable Picture!
SEAPLANE CRASH—S.O.S.! Giant plane actually crashed for the most spectacular action-scene ever filmed!
"HITCHCOCK SUSPENSE" A heart-stopping moment in a story that explodes with excitement!
ALFRED HITCHCOCK'S production of
FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT
ALFRED HITCHCOCK who directed "Rebecca"
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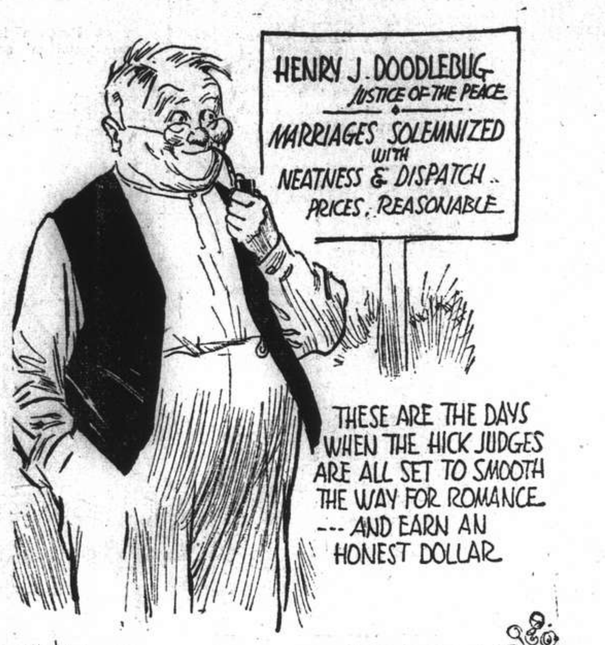
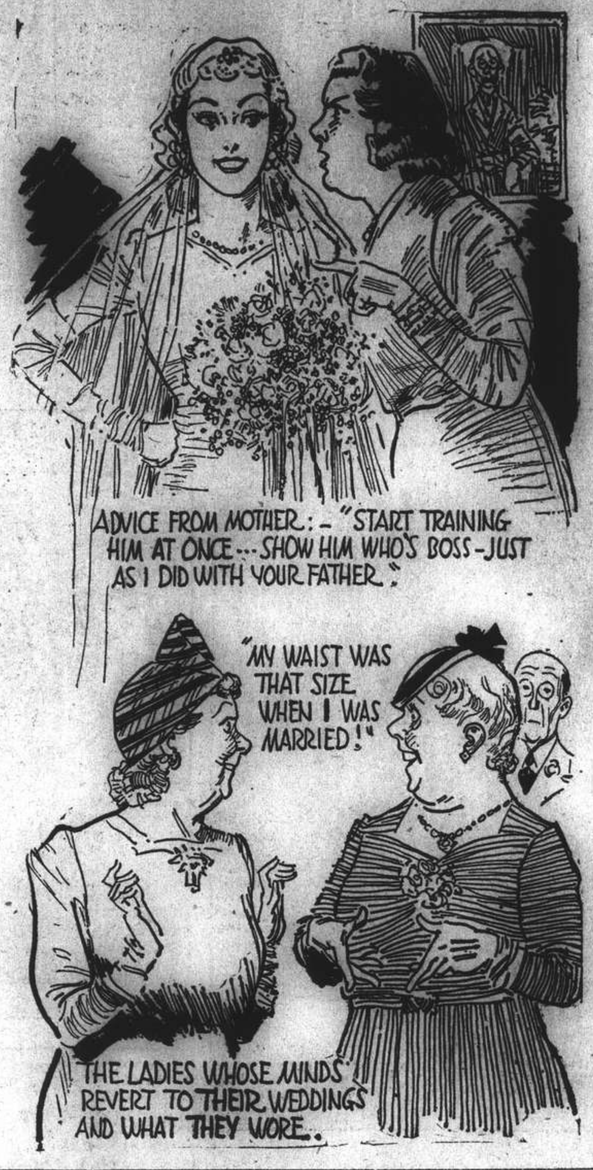
Here Comes the Brides

By J. NORMAN LYND


HENRY J. DOODLEBUG
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
MARRIAGES SOLEMNIZED WITH NEATNESS & DISPATCH.. PRICES REASONABLE
THESE ARE THE DAYS WHEN THE HICK JUDGES ARE ALL SET TO SMOOTH THE WAY FOR ROMANCE --- AND EARN AN HONEST DOLLAR

ANOTHER KICKING AROUND FOR FATHER'S CHECK-BOOK---WHAT WITH THE PRINTER, THE CATERER, THE FLORIST AND A THOUSAND INCIDENTALS

"WHAT DID SHE EVER SEE IN HIM?"
"WHAT DID HE SEE IN HER?---IS WHAT I WANT TO KNOW"
USE CARE IN PICKING YOUR BEST MAN--- YOU DON'T WANT SOMEONE TO KEEP TELLING YOU, "CHEER UP, THE WORST IS YET TO COME!"
OF COURSE, MOST GIRLS WILL KEEP THEIR FINGERS CROSSED WHEN THEY COME TO THAT WORD, "OBEY," IN THE CONTRACT.


ADVICE FROM MOTHER:- "START TRAINING HIM AT ONCE--- SHOW HIM WHO'S BOSS - JUST AS I DID WITH YOUR FATHER."
"MY WAIST WAS THAT SIZE WHEN I WAS MARRIED!"
THE LADIES WHOSE MINDS REVERT TO THEIR WEDDINGS AND WHAT THEY WORE.

FAST SERVICE BETWEEN NORTH AND SOUTH CHINA PORTS TRAVEL "JARDINES"

R.A.F. Hits Back and Hits Back Harder Than Ever

By Wing Commander L. V. Fraser
Special to the "N.C.D.N."

London, July 12.

THE latest facts and figures reveal that not only are the R.A.F. hitting back but that they are hitting hard. Planes from British bases are continuously flying over Germany, over Nazi-occupied territories and over those sealanes along which the Germans try to smuggle their heavily-laden supply ships; it is against these targets that pilots in the Bomber and Fighter Coastal Commands are driving home their attack.

But not only are there British pilots and British planes. American planes are ever increasing in numbers and, together with the British airmen, fly the best of the youth from those countries devastated by the Nazi war-machine; in other words, Poles, Czechs, Norwegians, Netherlanders, Belgians and Free French. Though still in its embryo stage, here is that international air force of which Utopians dreamed during the years of so-called peace.

Day after day over France, the Fighter and Bomber Commands are now inflicting heavier punishment on the Luftwaffe than at any other time since the Battle of Britain. Exactly 250 German machines are known to have been destroyed during the 21 days between June 16, when the British fighter planes made their first sweep, and July 8. British losses over the same period were 91 fighters, from which fourteen pilots were saved, and eleven bombers. And when the number of Nazi-planes, damaged but unaccounted for in Germany, are added, the picture becomes even more favourable for the R.A.F.

Luftwaffe Cornered at Home

And another thing must be kept in mind. Last autumn in the Battle of Britain, when the Luftwaffe found themselves being swept from the air, there was always one thing they could do: considering their losses, they could stay at home. And this was what they eventually decided to do, thereby admitting defeat. This time with the R.A.F. taking the offensive and searching out the Luftwaffe in their own home, there is no such escape. The Germans have got to stay and fight and be defeated again.

With the completion of the daylight attack on the power station at Behune on July 9, the R.A.F. have made 128 raids on 50 targets in the seventeen days since the Nazis started their onslaught against Russia. In the last three weeks, Cologne and Duesseldorff have each been attacked 11 times, Bremen nine, Emden and Kiel five, Wilhelmshaven, Muenster, and Duisberg four, Bremerhaven, Oldenburg, Osnabruck, Bielefeld and Essen twice, and thirteen other targets; included in the last-mentioned were Hamm and Leuna—names which became familiar in the R.A.F. communiques of the winter months.

These two towns have now taken on a new significance in the light of the events further east. Hamm, which received a very heavy attack last Wednesday night, is the focal point for the assembly and transport of materials from the western industrial districts in Germany to the eastern front. Leuna has extremely short nights but still the R.A.F. successfully flew the 1,100 miles there and back; this town contains a vast synthetic oil plant that produces 400,000 tons of oil yearly and is one of the main sources of fuel for the Nazi mechanized hordes.

Ruhr District Hammered

But the principal object of the R.A.F.'s nightly visits have been the industrial districts of the Ruhr. The vital importance of this area to the Nazi war-machine can be judged by the figures just published by the Ministry of Economic Warfare in London, the body which has been responsible for the strategic planning of the offensive against Nazi industries.

These figures show, in comparison with the 1937 production for this area, that the hard coal used for steel-making was unchanged, but figures for coke was down to 71 per cent., steel ingots and castings 69 per cent., electric power over 40 per cent. While figures for the eastward movement of the German industry are not available, the process must be a slow one, particularly in view of the fact that there is almost an unbearable congestion in the German transport system and it is improbable that the predominant role of the Ruhr towards German economy has yet been substantially affected by the process; the effect of the R.A.F. bombings has probably been much more important in affecting the Ruhr's output. As the "Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" itself declared recently: "The fate of the Ruhr areas is the fate of Germany."

Germans "Fighting to Oust Communism"

Tokyo, July 12.

Herr Erich Kolt, newly arrived German Minister to Japan, yesterday said that Germany was fighting Russia in order to oust Communism completely from Europe and the world, the newspaper "Hochi" said today.

Herr Kolt's words were contained in a speech to the Japan-Germany-Italy Friendship Association.

Asserting that even France was welcoming totalitarianism, Herr Kolt said that "I feel very keenly that the present Russo-German war is destined to decide mankind's final fate."

General Iwane Matsui and Admiral Eisuke Yamamoto were among 40 prominent Japanese who attended the meeting.—United Press.

Naval Volunteers in Hongkong Called-up

Hongkong, July 12.

A proclamation calling up all members of the Hongkong Naval Volunteer Force for actual service until further notice was gazetted by the government today. It was explained, however, that the proclamation does not mean that the entire Volunteer Force goes into active service.—Domei.

Luftwaffe Losses Since Outbreak of War Examined

London, July 12.

The reduction of German air activity over Britain has recently been so apparent that it has aroused speculation in regard to the degree to which the Luftwaffe will be able to maintain itself in the west after involvement in the east, writes the aeronautical correspondent of "The Times."

The loss of 2,375 planes in the Battle of Britain, he continues, was sufficient to make the Luftwaffe abandon daylight operations. Total German losses since the beginning of the war are not easy to estimate, but over and round Britain the loss is 3 699, incurring a loss of about 9,000 men. These are claimed officially. No doubt other planes failed to reach home.

During the campaign in France, the advanced air striking force and the air component which operated with the B.E.F. were credited with the destruction of 1,000 planes, which is almost certainly an under-estimate. The Navy shot down 328, and 426 were accounted for over Germany and occupied countries.

Axis losses in the Middle East the correspondent continues, total 1,969, of which about a quarter is German. A few more wearing Vichy colours were destroyed in Syria, 38 "destroyed at sea," and 56 over Norway.

Over 6,000 Machines

Thus the total destroyed by the British alone is rather over 6,000 machines, involving about 15,000 men.

There is little basis to estimate the losses inflicted by the Allies in various other campaigns, but they may be estimated modestly at 1,500. It is, therefore, seen that the Luftwaffe has lost a total of at least 7.500 planes, exclusive of training accidents, crashes in taking off and landing, and damaged in battle.

These materials losses must have cost Germany some 18.750 men. In preparing for war the Reich undoubtedly set up a vast aircraft construction industry and training organization for pilots, crews and ground staff. She must have had many thousands of operational types of aircraft and a great reservoir of fliers. "The acquisition" of many countries added to the productive capacity for men and machines, but the antagonism of inhabitants necessitated the maintenance of aircraft there against possible revolts.

Possibly, the correspondent says, even the terrible wastage of 7.000 or 8.000 machines has been compensated by new building, since given high organization and adequate materials the production of thousands of planes per month is possible.

But it should not be forgotten, he points out, that for more than a year the R.A.F. has been pounding the enemy's industries and communications, and information shows a degree of damage which if done here would have been grave.

The Ruhr and ports had thousands and thousands of tons of bombs. Even assuming that production was little damaged, machines are useless without skilled crews. Though it is possible to mass produce machines the Germans, or anybody else, are unable similarly to teach fliers.

Cutting the period necessary to six months, even then there is much still to learn. Germany has no Empire scheme operating in a country like Canada, where flying is possible all the year, whereas the number of days in winter when flying is possible in Germany is a mere fraction of the total.

Force Reduced

Since the preparations against Russia started, the number of machines in north-west Europe has been whittled down. That the Germans have found it necessary to boast that the force facing Britain is not depleted is significant, but the R.A.F. knows that many bombers and fighters have been transferred.

Some German crews captured on recent nights have been youngsters straight from training, and until a few days ago it was much the same with fighter pilots opposing British daylight sweeps in the last few weeks. The inability of the youngsters to beat off the powerful British day attacks has now forced Goering, doubtless unwillingly, to recall some of the more experienced men from the east.

Even so the R.A.F. chief recently said: "The fighters we encounter are not the first team, not even the second, but colts."

It is difficult to resist the conclusion, the correspondent adds, that the German loss of trained crews is serious, and that the Russian campaign should considerably augment it. Though accurate figures are hard to obtain, there is ample evidence that Germany is paying dearly in airmen and machines for her advance.—Reuter.

American Survivors of Zamzam Released

New York, July 12.

The German authorities were releasing 21 American men who survived the sinking of the Zamzam for return to the United States, announced Mr. W. V. C. Ruxton, President of the British-American Ambulance Corps, last night.

Mr. Ruxton said the German Government had informed the United States State Department that the men were going to Lisbon for removal to the United States on board the steamer West Point, which is leaving for Lisbon on July 15 with Axis Consuls on board.

Mr. Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State, confirmed Mr. Ruxton's announcement, and said the release of the American survivors of the Zamzam was obtained after extended negotiations with the German Government.—Reuter.

British Troops Pleased to See Americans in Iceland

By Reuters' Special Correspondent In Iceland

Reykjavik, July 12.

EVENTS have moved very fast in Iceland in the past few days. Until this week, British troops here were inclined to regard themselves as a lost legion. War news came from everywhere else but never from Iceland.

Suddenly, on July 5, news arrived of an American senator's disclosure and the rumour ran riot. None denied Senator Wheeler's statement and excitement grew. Soldiers and Icelanders alike were asking "When will the Americans come?" At 5 p.m. GMT on Monday, July 7 they had their answer. The largest convoy of troopships, warships and 'planes ever seen in this island appeared on the horizon.

A crowd collected at once to watch the sight, soldiers with beaming faces peered over each other's shoulders, and delighted comments came from them all. Some were thinking that they would soon be seeing their old country again, others were hoping for an opportunity for active service elsewhere.

It was an inspiring sight.

Proof of U.S. Aid

Here was visible proof of the armed might of the United States of America reaching half-way across the Atlantic to protect the passage of planes, tanks and armaments which her factories were producing, and not only helping Great Britain with the task of convoying war materials but releasing a fine body of troops for active service elsewhere.

Hopes ran high at every camp on the island on that momentous night and wireless information of what many had already guessed from the sight of the convoy gave interest and zest to life which had been altogether lacking during the first year of occupation.

Given Big Welcome

On Monday night, the convoy anchored; on Tuesday morning, the British general, with a guard of honour and military band, welcomed the American general. There were few spectators who failed to realize that history was being made before their eyes as the two generals saluted and the guard of honour presented their arms.

The first great steps in the collaboration of the two great armies took place. It was a great and symbolic union. Once the guard of honour had been inspected, the officers of the two armies started to mingle. Within five minutes, they could be seen in close consultation and around them the work of disembarkation started. It took no time to see that the Americans were here on business. One hour after the generals shook hands, American transport vehicles were on the streets of Iceland. American troops drove lorries along the left-hand side of roads as though they had driven in Iceland all their days.

Meanwhile, the British troops looked on with wonder and approval on their faces. There were three comments that were heard from all: Fine-looking fellows; they know their job; fine outfit they have got. The first impression could not have been better.

As this disembarkation took place, the American marines were moving to their prepared quarters. They were at work, and there was no time for the British troops to fraternise with them until their work had been done for the day.

Troops Inter-Mingle

Then meeting between the two armies started, in camps, canteens, offices, streets, anywhere where by chance one soldier might meet another. There was no emotion, no excitement. Many badges, denoting marksmanship, were keenly noticed and revealed the Americans as the same crack troops which the Germans have never forgotten from Chateau Thierry and Belleau Wood.

An English Tommy leaned over and offered an American a drink. The marine accepted and the Tommy asked him what he thought of the place. "Fine," said the American and nothing more. "What is the life like here?" asked the marine later. And then at last the Tommy let himself go. For half an hour they talked on conditions in Iceland, what they thought of the war, how much American help was coming, and when the war would end.

It was essentially an unemotional meeting, half-truths and understatements abounded, but when the men parted there were two things they had learned.

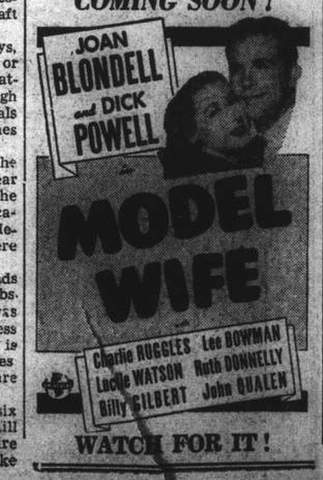
Knew Their Jobs

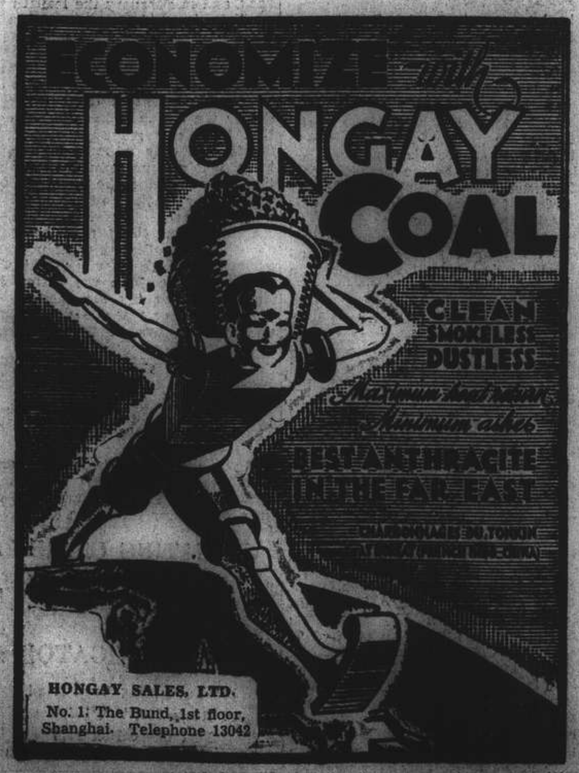
The British knew these were soldiers after their own hearts, men who knew what soldiering was, who had been ordered to protect Iceland and see that armaments arrived safely. The Americans had learned that they were meeting men who also knew how to use those armaments and were never going to stop using them till all the world's enemy was beaten so completely that he would never again cause trouble.—Reuter.

Peru Accepts Mediation Offer

Buenos Aires, July 12.

The Argentinian Government yesterday officially announced that Peru accepts "in principle" an offer of Argentinian-United States-Brazilian mediation of the boundary dispute with Ecuador.—United Press.

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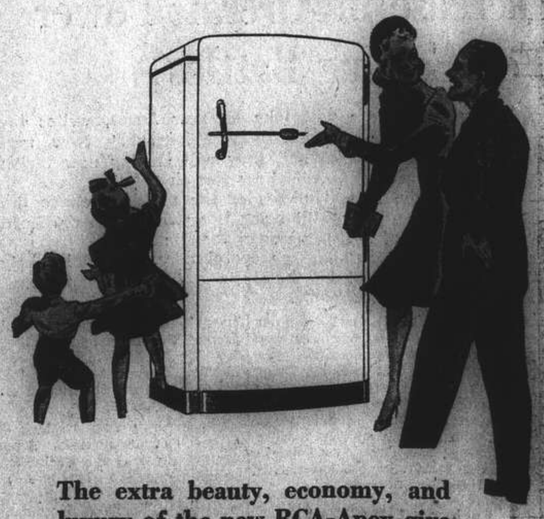

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FROM DAY TO DAY

The usual service will be held in Union Church today at 10.45 a.m. The preacher will be Rev. Harold Tomlinson.

JUDGE Milton J. Helmick of the United States Court for China left yesterday on the ss. President Pierce for a short vacation in America.

MEMBERS of the B.W.A. sports section and their friends who are attending the outing to Yangtszepoo tomorrow are reminded that Cholera passes are required.

CONTRARY to reports appearing yesterday the local French authorities have denied that M. Henri Cosme, French Ambassador to China, intended to leave for Tsingtao in the near future.

Two Chinese banks will be established in Nanking in the near future, the Chinese Reconstruction Bank to be capitalized at $1,000,000 and the Chien Hwa Commercial Bank with a capital of $1,000,000, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

MR. E. T. Nash, former Acting Deputy Secretary of the Shanghai Municipal Council, has received an appointment to the staff of Sir Gerald Campbell, K.C.M.G., in the Directorate General of the British Government Information Services in New York.

TWENTY-five principals and teachers from National Schools in Central and South China will undergo special summer training at the Japanese Girls' Higher School here for twenty days commencing on July 15, under the auspices of the Foreign Office, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

DECISION has been reached by Mayor Chen Kung-po, of the Shanghai Special Municipality, to establish a Public Works Department in the place of the Shanghai Reconstruction Bureau, Mr. Chang En-lin, Counsellor of the Municipality, is expected to head the new department, according to the "Tairiku Shimpo."

AMONG those who left in the ss. President Pierce yesterday were Major A. Bassett, Miss Peggy Dunn, Mrs. W. Stoy Elliott and three children, Mr. M. R. Endicott, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Lennox, Mr. J. H. Morris, Major Frank P. Snow, Mr. Samuel Sokobin (U.S. Consul), Mr. Lew Carson.

DR. Junjiro Inoue, professor of the Hokkaido Imperial University, who has served as director of the Central China Anti-Epidemic Institute of the Dojinkai Hospital for the past three years will return to his original post, having been succeeded by Surgeon Vice-Admiral Chozo Tanaka, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

MR. Shinrokuro Hidaka, Japanese Minister to Nanking, who returned from Japan with Mr. Chou Fo-hai, Finance Minister of the National Government, called on Vice-Admiral Taiji Ota, Director of the Central China Liaison Office of the Asia Development Board on Thursday and conferred for about one hour, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

MR. Hsu Wei-lin, assistant secretary-general of the Friends of Wounded Soldiers Society in Chungking, will sail shortly for the United States to obtain American public aid for the Society, says the "Cheng Yien Pao." The New Life Association in Chungking and its branch offices in various provinces will devote much time in helping wounded soldiers, it is reported.

A TOUR party has been organized under the auspices of the Executive Yuan of the Chinese National Government, to study economic and political conditions in Sikong and Chinghai provinces, it is learned from the "Cheng Yien Pao." The party will be made up of representatives from various government and public organizations in Chungking and will set out from Chungking in the near future.

THE Mongolian-Tibetan Education Bureau of the Ministry of Education has appropriated C.$7,000,000 to promote education in the outlying dependencies during the current year, as compared with only $3,000,000 during last year, states the "Cheng Yien Pao." The Ministry is sending well-trained teachers to Tibet and Mongolia and has offered to pay for travelling and other expenses for the teachers and their families.

THE week ending July 12, proved a quiet one for the Shanghai Municipal Police compared with the previous week as there were only 106 cases of crime, which was a decrease of 56 cases over the previous seven days. Larceny continued to be main source of crime with 137 cases being brought to the attention of the police. During the same period, 387 arrests were made for all crimes, a decrease of 37; of this number, 114 were indentified.

THE programme for the Municipal Brass Band Concert to be given in the Jessfield Park today at 5.30 p.m. (weather permitting) is as follows:—

Overture "Phedre" ..... Massenet
Selection from "The Count of Luxembourg" ..... Lehar
Two Songs
"Abenlied" (Evening Song) ..... German
"Nirvanha" ..... Adams
Rhapsodie "Hungarian No. 2" ..... Liszt
Scena "A Highland Scene" ..... Moore
Humoristique "En Promenade" ..... Gillet
Czardas from the Opera "Der Geist des Woiwoden" ... Grossmann
Selection from "La Gioconda" ..... Ponchelli

Band-Master: Wilfrid W. Sayer.

SPONSORS of the newly formed World Freedom Federation, whose head officers are at New York on Friday wired to the China branch of the World Anti-Aggression League in Chungking, pledging their full support of the Chinese National Government, according to the "Cheng Yien Pao." The wire declared that on behalf of the free peoples throughout the world, the World Freedom Federation pledges the support of its members to the Chungking Government. The Axis de facto recognition of the Nanking regime was criticized in the message. The wire was signed by the former Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Italian Government, the Foreign Minister of the defunct Spanish Republican Government, the Chairman of the American branch of the World Anti-Aggression League, and the Chairman of the American China Aid Association.

Change in Anti-Air Attack Organization Demanded

AIR attack is an act of war. Its consequences must be met and fought on the same plane. How much longer are we to keep up the pretence that daily invasion from the air crashing down on our large cities can be treated as a new department of local government and tacked on to normal peace administration? asks a Special Correspondent of "The Times." We have tried for months to force war needs through the bottle-neck of local government. A volume of experience is now to hand which proves the futility of the attempt.

To say this is not to blame the authorities whose means have proved inadequate for novel ends remote from their normal duties. Nor is the smallest reproach levelled against the devotion and zeal of the public servants concerned. But after nine months' experience of bombing it would be scandalous to shirk the need for radical change. Air attack has come to stay. For months, years perhaps, we have to face the prospect for our cities of ordeal by fire and high explosive. The present writer has seen at close quarters the consequences of bombing in many of our large towns. The tragedy follows much the same lines whatever the locality: destruction of public building and commercial houses by fire and high explosives; shattering of private homes, temporary breakdown of communication by road, rail, telegraph, telephone; cutting-off of gas, water, electricity. It is a pattern common to all. How can these evils be countered?

Dispersal of Powers

The major administrative difficulties which arise after an attack are largely due to the dispersal of powers in a given area between a number of authorities, large and small, of varying capacities and intelligence. A complicated network of local administration covers the country, ranging from large units like the county council, with a trained staff of public servants, to the parish council, whose clerk may be some parish worthy. It was an intricate system, more or less dovetailed, which worked with varying success and often considerable delay under normal conditions. Whatever its merits in peace-time, the system was ill adapted to meet prevalent circumstances. Though the consequences of an air raid demand positive and immediate action, the old, often dilatory, peace-time machine still holds the ground. Arrangements differing enormously in efficiency between area and area persist, and the terrible experience gained in places subject to heavy on-slaught does not so far seem to have penetrated the understanding or changed the plans of cities which have not yet felt the full force of the German bombers.

Attack may fall on a large industrial city with a rural hinterland, into which it is desired immediately to evacuate some thousands of people, both adults and children. The city may be adequately organized with trained and responsible officials in charge of the various departments. But their jurisdiction ceases at the city boundaries, and the business of evacuation has therefore to be picked up and carried on partly by county officials, partly by urban and rural authorities. Confusion and delay set in at this point. Local authorities are jealous of their powers; a co-operative spirit is the exception, not the rule. The principle of self-determination was fully applied when local authorities were allowed to make their own arrangements on their own lines, and central government has shown marked reluctance to trespass upon these powers in the cause of efficiency. Emergency committees were formed on a party basis, not that of administrative efficiency. Further, an unimaginative town clerk or a self-sufficient public assistance officer not infrequently thought to concentrate all these novel powers in his own hands, and the help enlisted was often pitifully inadequate to the grim task that ultimately had to be faced. Hence the confusion in some places, accompanied by a proportionate toll of human suffering which better organization might have mitigated.

The Regional Remedy

Such a state of affairs calls for remedy without further delay. It is an urgent national matter that the defensive machinery should be made at once more simple, flexible, and authoritative. The tangle of competing local bodies and their officials must be cut away and power concentrated on one responsible unit. This unit clearly should be sought in an extension of the powers and function of the Regional Commissioners. The Government set up Regional Commissioners, whose powers, it is understood, would be large in the event of invasion. But invasion tarries, and meanwhile the Commissioner either possesses no powers or has not been authorized to apply them on plans before air attack or on the problems of food, evacuation, and transport arising afterwards, problems which are often acute on the morrow. Yet the situation in a bombed area brooks of no delay if human suffering is to be mitigated and the normal life of the area in some measure restored.

It is suggested, therefore, that the powers of the Regional Commissioner be extended and made more concrete, especially in respect of food, evacuation, and transport. Fire-fighting has at last been recognized as a national matter, and is now being faced on national not local lines. Air attack, however, creates a volume of human and personal problems which must be handled locally. When circumstances make such a step necessary, the Regional Commissioner should be authorized to proclaim a given area, determined, of course, beforehand, as an administrative unit in which all the resources of local government should be pooled and officials set free to act under his orders beyond the narrow limits of their own authority. The Commissioner would then appoint three chief officers to deal with, first, food and rest shelters; secondly, evacuation and Billeting; thirdly, transport and other technical services (gas, water, electricity). In addition a medical officer should be appointed, competent to treat the health needs on the proclaimed area, and to work under the instructions of the Commissioner. These four officers would form the Commissioner's executive staff; they would have power to act, to commandeer houses and transport, and to cut through hampering red tape.

Advisory Councils

It should be the business of the Commissioner, before any trouble occurs, to study the needs and resources of an area and to have the outlines of a shadow organization clearly in mind. To keep the local authorities in touch, an advisory council should be created in each proclaimed area, consisting of the four executive officers and the mayors and chairmen of the respective local bodies. As the Commissioner might have more than one proclaimed area under his control, he could not be expected to preside personally over the advisory committee. The chairman should be his deputy or nominated by him, and through him be answerable to Parliament. Representatives of the Government Departments concerned, Health, Food, Transport, Labour, with the Assistance Board, would be asked to attend meetings of the advisory committee, and these officials must at all times keep in close touch with the Commissioner and place themselves at his service. In some districts it may be necessary, in view of essential work to be carried out in the bombed area itself, to build hutments in the surrounding neighbourhood to serve as dormitories. The Commissioner would consult with Lord Reith's Department and the appropriate building authority about such matters.

To associate local interest with the work sub-committees could be formed in each area, to which certain duties would be allocated. Members of the local authorities would serve on these sub-committees and representatives of the voluntary organizations. But it must be clearly understood that all such bodies are under the direction of the Regional Commissioner for the purposes already enumerated, and must carry out instructions when given. The town councils and other local authorities, while carrying on their normal municipal work, would be expected to hold themselves in readiness to assist the Commissioner in any way, and to co-operate by the loan of staff and premises when required. Assistance from the various education offices would be necessary in dealing with the children.

The whole question of evacuation and billeting would be greatly simplified if it were entrusted to one responsible authority operating in a large geographical unit from which a multiplicity of varying local authorities had been eliminated for the time being. In some areas, where essential work has to be carried on, the Commissioner should have a residential belt at his disposal earmarked for local use and not filled up with evacuees from London.

A Special Minister

Should any deadlock arise between the Commissioner and Whitehall, he would be better able to solve it by dealing direct with Ministers and chief officials than by depending on the tedious and vexatious methods of correspondence and inquiry which at present hamper action on a lower level. Central Government, by spasms parsimonious and extravagant, can hold up business and prove as argumentative as any parish council. The Commissioner would be in touch with the Navy, Army, and Air Force, and be in a position to call upon their services in an emergency. He would be responsible to Parliament through a special Minister, who was not a Department head. He would require an adequate staff. Many officials can be seconded from their normal duties in the locality, for local knowledge is a valuable, indeed an essential, asset in administration. But appointments must be made with entire disregard of seniority or of any consideration save that of efficiency, and be subject to ruthless scrapping if efficiency is not achieved.

Finally, speed is of the essence of effective war relief. Great though the trials of the people, their courage and patience and endurance have been beyond praise. They on their side may well ask that traditional methods should not hamper the treatment of the novel and terrible aftermath of an air attack and further that adequate provision beforehand should reduce its inevitable miseries to the lowest possible level.

12,000 men Repairing London Raid Damage

Twelve thousand men who answered the appeal of the Ministry of Health and the Ministry of Works and Buildings to repair raid-damaged houses are now at work in the London area mending roofs, cracked walls and broken windows.

Since London had two "blitzes" in a week great strides have been made in first-air repairs, and many families who were given temporary accommodation in billets are now back in patched-up homes.

Three schemes are being operated in London and the provinces to speed up the work.

The mutual aid scheme by which one local authority goes to the assistance of another is working satisfactorily; and mobile repair squads, numbering 5,000 men, organized by the Ministry of Works and Buildings, are moving from district to district to give further help.

Local authorities who have planned to build satellite towns of cheaply-produced bungalows and houses for "blitzed" families will have difficulty in securing Government sanction.

"We can manage with existing accommodation," a Ministry of Health official explained recently.

"Speedy repair work, billeting and are solving our housing problems."

ONE of the six business magnates who are advising the Board of Trade on the grouping of industries is Sir Nigel Campbell, the banker. He can claim to be a specialist in industrial difficulties. During the slump of a few years ago he took a leading part in financing depressed trades, and Lord Nuffield appointed him chairman of the three trustees of his £2,000,000 fund for the Special Areas. In his youth he went to Canada to prospect for gold, but joined a New York banking firm.

SHIPPING NEWS

Under the charter of the Kailan Mining Administration, the Panamanian freighter **Nord** is due to arrive here today. She comes from Campha port and will tie up at lower buoys 20 and 21.

* * *

Coming from Tsingtao with 2,500 tons of coal, the Panamanian freighter **Feloru**, chartered by the Yamashita Kisen Kaisha, is expected to arrive in Shanghai today. Upon arrival, the vessel will be berthed alongside the Tungkadoo South Wharf in Pootung.

* * *

After arriving here on Friday, the fast American freighter **Dona Aurora**, operated by the De La Rama Line, will sail again tomorrow on her return trip to New York by way of Hongkong, Manila, Los Angeles and Panama Canal. She is docked alongside the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company's Pootung Wharf.

* * *

The next vessel leaving here for Tsingtao and Dairen will be the D.K.K. liner **Tsingtao Maru** which sails from the Company's Whangpoo Wharf tomorrow at 9 a.m. Passengers are requested to be on board at least half an hour before sailing time. Registered mail should be posted so as to reach the Head Post Office by 7 o'clock tonight; ordinary mail closes tomorrow morning at 7.15.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

STRAITS AND INDIA

From Calcutta	
Durban M	— 27/7
Anyo M	— 28/7
Nagato M	— 29/7

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York		From Manila	
Dona Nati	— 19/7	Tatuta M	11/7 16/7
From Los Angeles		**From Yokohama**	
Nitta M	16/6 21/7	Hakone M	— 19/7
K'kura M	30/6 4/8	Nitta M	5/7 21/7
Yawata M	7/7 18/8		
From S. Francisco		**From Kobe**	
Yawata M	11/7 18/8	Taiyo M	19/7 21/7
From Honolulu		**From Nagasaki**	
K'kura M	8/7 4/8	Kobe M	13/7 14/7

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen	
T'tsin M	12/7 14/7

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The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated

For Karachi		For Hongkong	
Toyooka M	14/7	Dona Nati	22/7
Delagoa M	24/7	**For Kobe and Yokohama**	
For Bombay		Taiyo M	13/7
Hakone M	20/7	Durban M	30/7
For New York		Anyo M	30/7
Dona Nati	22/7	Nagato M	30/7
For Los Angeles		Nitta M	31/7
Tatuta M	19/7	**For Nagasaki**	
Dona Nati	22/7	Nagasaki M	13/7
For S. Francisco		Kobe M	15/7
Tatuta M	19/7	Shanghai M	17/7
For Manila		**For Dairen**	
Nitta M	22/7	Tsingtao M	14/7
Dona Nati	22/7	Tientsin M	15/7
Kamakura M	5/8	Hoten M	18/7
Yawata M	19/8	Dairen M	20/7

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Banshu M. 5	Japan	K.U.K.
Pluto	Hongay	E. Asiatic
Husan M.	Tsingtao	N.Y.K.
Chianlee	Bokkoshin	Y.K.K.
Nagasaki M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Tsingtao M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Sumida M.	Japan	Y.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Dairen M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Genoa M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Norse Carrier	Pana.	K.M.A.
Yunghsing	Chi.	T.K.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
D. de Legres	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B.

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SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE (Summer Time)			
ss. TSINGTAO MARU .. (Arrive)	July 12 (Leave)	July 14	at 9 a.m.
ss. TIENTSIN MARU ..	July 14	July 15	at 3 p.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU ..	July 16	July 18	at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU ..	July 18	July 20	at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU ..	July 20	July 22	at 9 a.m.
DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)			
ss. HOKKAI MARU		July 17	at 3 p.m.
ss MANJYU MARU		July 18	at 4 p.m.
ss. PEKING MARU		July 19	at 5 p.m.
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN LINE (Freight only)			
ss. KOGA MARU		July 18	

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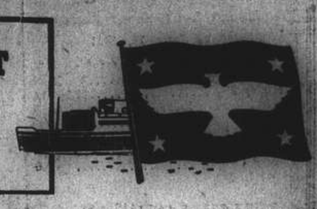

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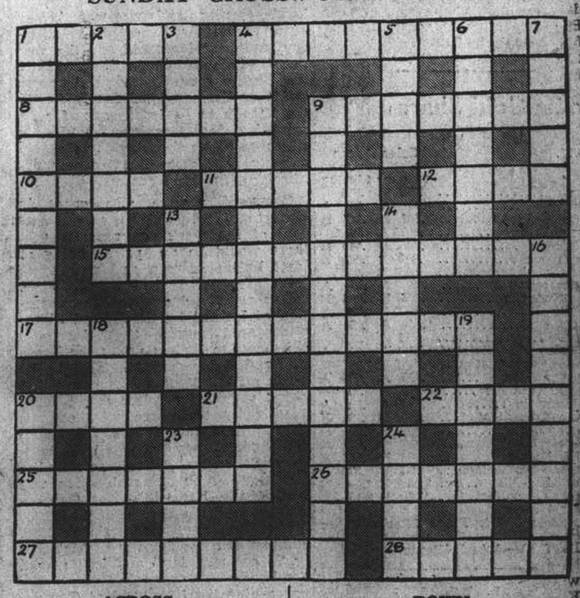
SUNDAY CROSSWORD No. 620



ACROSS

1 An ailment
4 Trick with brilliant end
8 "Real bun" (anag.)
9 One relies on his helping hand, at the table, as a rule
10 A preposition
11 A mound
12 This sort of show is unprofitable to the producer
15 "Cruel yourself!" (anag.)
17 There's a French town in this shy confusion
20 This is shot at night by the thousand in the home
21 The cause of a lover's jealousy
22 Rum stuff, this
25 This part of a pig shows there's danger in spirit
26 Stamp
27 Great excitement
28 Cut

DOWN

1 An example of many feet in an inch or two
2 This is caught, with its nippers, in potty fashion
3 This is left at the end of a sentence
4 The method of the thug
5 A spot of variety?
6 This word has no particular significance
7 A system of signal importance
9 The way to 3 down is via this
13 A business in which great interest is taken
14 Too late, too often
16 One of those who must be served, the veterans are told
18 A number with initial account
19 Kind of engine
20 Sham
23 Kind of gull
24 Work of soup-making?

The solution will be published tomorrow

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1, First class; 9, Baku; 10, Goalkeeper; 11, Angler; 12, Pansy; 15, Clamp; 18, Mason; 19, Ukraine; 20, Tutor; 21, Alibi; 22, Section; 25, Frome; 26, Taste; 27, Stage; 28, Loofah; 31, Red herring; 32, Used; 33, World-weary. DOWN: 2, Iron; 3, Seldom; 4, Chap; 5, Aspen; 6, Spray; 7, Ballistics; 8, Quarantine; 13, Apricot; 14, Stifling; 15, Catafalque; 16, Astrologer; 17, Purse; 18, Meant; 25, Averse; 26, Shrew; 27, Adder; 29, Emend; 30, Knar.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 3/32d.	$ 75.29
U.S. $100 @ 5 1/16	$1,927.71
Yen 23	$100
Guilders 93/4	100
Rupees 173/4	100
Pesos 103/8	100
Hongkong $211/4	100
Closing 3 7/32 5 1/4	

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 3/32d.	$ 73.14
U.S. $100 @ 5 1/16	$1,882.00
London—demand, $1=	3 3/32d.
4 months' sight credits	3 5/32d.
4 months' sight docts	3 1/16d.
6 months' sight credits	3 1/16d.
6 months' sight docts	3 3/32d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $5 3/4
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $5 5/8
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $5 5/8

Closing rates unchanged.

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Buying	U.S.$100=$1,882.352 £1=$73.846
Selling	U.S.$100=$1,927.710 £1=$75.294

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per	H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling " @ 9 1/4 "	H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) buying @ 125 per	H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing CRB$ or	$2.794 @ 188
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar	$5.253

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest 3 13/32	Lowest	3 7/32
U.S. $	5 5/32		5¼

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

SELLING		BUYING	
July/Aug.		July/Aug.	
£ T.T.	3 7/32	4 m/s. l.c.	3¼
U.S.$ T.T.	5¼	4 m/s. l.c.	5⅜
Rs. T.T.	177/8	15 d/s.	183/8

BAR SILVER

	READY	FORD
London pence per std. oz.	23¾	23¼
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34¾	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	62.15	—

Bombay offtake 50 bars.

U.S. $/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for July 11 4.03½

Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.91¾
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.92½

At the opening there were sellers at 3 13/32d. sterling and 5¼ U.S.$. but Bank selling immediately made the market steady and rates moved up to 3 7/32d. sterling and 5 5/32 U.S.$. with some business passing at 3 13/32d. sterling. At the close the market was quiet but still steady with sellers at: 3 7/32 Sterling 5 5/32 U.S.$. Cash/Aug.

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, July 11.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

Japan	81½ N.	London	1/5 11/16
N.Y.	333¼-332¾	2 mths	
Shanghai	184½	" sellers	1/5 11/16
Hongkong	84½	" buyers	1/6
		Japan 2 mths	
		" sellers	83N.
		" buyers	77¼ N.

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Bombay	1/6
Madrid	40.00	Hongkong	1/3 1/2
Berne	17.30	Singapore	2/4 3/8
Bel. Congo	176½	Yokohama	1/2½
Shanghai	3 11/16d.	" buying	1/2

New York U.S.$. T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N	Shanghai	5.35
Paris	2.36	Hongkong	24.59
Montreal	88.250	Hungary	19.85
Brazil	5.05	Manila	49.88 N.
Japan	23.57/62*		

London	4.03½
Buenos Aires, Paper	29.78
" " market rate	23.80
Montreal on London	4.57

B—Bid N—Normal *—Offered †—Official. —Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	July 11.
Fine Bank Bills, 3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills, 6 months	1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months	3¼%
Call money	⅞%
New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B 0 3/8%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0⅝%B 0 1/2%A
Call money	1%

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

July 12.	Sales 10 a.m.		Prices p.m. Closing	
Atoks	.345	B	.355	
Antamok	.05	A	.05	A
Baguio Gold	.145	B	.145	B
Batong Buhay	.0075	A	.0075	
Big Wedge	.44	B	.445	B
Coco Grove	.1075		.105	B
Consolidated Mines	.0041	B	.0041	
Demonstration	.05	A	.05	A
East Mindanao	.085	B	.085	B
I. X. L.	.22	A	.22	A
Ipo Gold	.05	A	.05	A
Itogen	.185		.185	
Mambulao Consolidated	.01	A	.01	A
Masbate Consolidated	.0675	B	.0675	B
Mine Operations	.055	A	.055	A
Paracale Gumaus	.24		.24	
San Mauricio	.30	A	.30	A
Surigao Consolidated	.18	B	.18	B
Suyoc	.10	B	.10	B
Syndicate Investment	.025	A	.025	A
United Paracale	.165	B	.165	B
Mindanao Motherlode	.365	B	.375	
Manila Hai-Alai	8.00	B	8.00	B
Benguet Consolidated (over the counter)	3.15	B	3.15	B

Turnover 89,200, Pesos Shares Index 48.40.

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

N.Y. Stock Market

New York, July 11.

Prices on the Stock Exchange today were irregular but slightly higher on the whole. The market was featured by the strength of amusement, soft drink and farm equipment issues.

Market men were pleased with performance of the list yesterday. Some of them now feel the list has had time to digest recent gains and is in a position to resume the rise with vigor.

The problem now is to calculate how long the advance will carry on and where it will make a price level. —United Press.

May Rubber Output

	lb.
S'hai Kelantan Rubber Estates Ltd.	31,580

New York Stocks

Friday's Closing Quotations

New York, July 11.

Steady but irregular conditions were witnessed on Wall Street today, with stock prices generally closing fractions higher on balance. Foreign political despatches presented the same tenor as received during the past few days, while domestic business reports continued to give excellent reading.

Quotations early moved up on scattered buying, but later reacted partially on evening-up-operations.

The volume of business done amounted to 810,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	128.70	127.35	127.90	+0.12
20 Rails	29.36	29.15	29.19	+0.01
15 Utilit.	18.72	18.51	18.56	—0.05
40 Bonds	—	—	91.49	—0.03
11 Commod.	—	—	73.56	+0.06

July 10	11		July 10	11
Adams Exp	6½	Int T & T	2¼	2⅜
Alg Lud	23⅜	Johns Man	67½	68¼
Allis Chal	30¼	Kennecott	39	38⅜
Amer Can	87	87¼	Libbey O F	30¼	29¼
Am Cyan	39½	40½	Lockheed	26½	26⅜
Am For Pr	0⅜	0⅜	Loew's	31⅜	31¼
" $7 pfd	20	*19¼	Martin	30	29⅜
Am Loco	14⅜	14⅜	Mont Ward	36⅜	36½
Am Metal	18½	18⅜	Nat Avian	9	9
Am Radtr	6⅜	6⅜	Nat City	*27½	*27½
Am R Mill	15¼	15	Nat Dairy	14⅜	14½
Am Smelt	44	44	Nat Dist	22	22¼
Am Sug	17⅜	17¼	Nat P & L	6¼	6⅜
Am T & T	156	156⅜	Nat Sup	7¼	7¼
Am Tob	72¾	73⅜	N Y Cent	12⅜	12⅜
Am Wtwrks	5	5	Niag Hud	2¼	2⅜
Anaconda	29½	29½	N A Avian	14⅜	14⅞
Atchison	29⅜	29½	N Am Co	13	12⅞
Avian Cpn	3⅜	3⅜	N Pac	7	7
Bald Loco	16½	16¼	Packard	2¼	2⅜
Balt & O	4	4	Pan Oil	3⅜	3⅜
Barns Oil	10¼	10	Paramount	12	12¼
Bendix	39½	39½	Penn R R	24¼	24½
Beth Steel	76⅛	76⅛	Phil Pet	44⅜	44⅛
Bliss	18⅛	18	Pullman	27⅜	27½
Boeing	17	16⅝	Pure Oil	10⅜	10¼
Borg War	20⅜	20	Radio	3⅝	3⅞
Briggs	20½	20	Reading	17	*17¼
Budd Mfg	4⅜	4⅛	Rem Arms	*4⅜	*4⅜
Can Pac	4⅞	4⅞	Rep Avian	3⅛	3⅛
Celanese	25⅛	25½	Rep St	20¼	20⅜
Chase N B	*31½	*31⅛	Rey Tob B	32⅜	32⅛
Ches & O	38½	38⅛	Schenley	12⅛	13⅜
Chrysler	57⅜	56⅝	Shell U Oil	15	15⅛
Col G & E	3⅛	3⅜	Sthrn Pac	12	12⅛
Col Credit	25⅛	25½	Soc Vac	9⅜	9⅛
Com & S	0⅜	0⅛	Sthrn Ry	25⅜	25⅛
Con Edis	19½	19½	Spicer	36⅜	37
Con Oil	6½	6⅛	Std Brands	6	5⅞
Copld St	16	15⅜	Std G & E'	20	20½
Curtis Wr	9½	9	Std Oil	43⅜	44
Dist Corp	15⅜	15⅜	Studebaker	5⅛	5⅜
Douglas	74⅜	74	Swift Int	19⅜	20
Du Pont	159½	159⅜	Technicor	9⅛	9½
E P Lead	⅝	⅞	Tex Corp	42½	42⅜
E A Lite	29½	28	Transamer	4⅜	4⅜
Elec B & S	2⅜	2½	Tw Cent	6	6⅛
" $5 pfd	56½	54½	Un B & P	11⅜	11⅜
" $6 pfd	61½	59½	Un Pac	81⅜	81⅜
E P & L	36	36	Un A Lines	11½	11½
Gen Elec	33¼	33¼	Un Air	41	41½
Flintkote	15⅜	15½	Un Corp	0⅛	0⅜
Gen Motor	39⅜	39	" $3 pfd	23½	23
Gen Rly	15¾	*15½	Un Gas	7⅜	7
Gen T & R	12	12	U S Rub	25⅜	25½
Goodrich	16⅛	16½	U S Steel	58½	58½
Goodyear	19	18⅝	Vanadium	25⅝	25⅞
Gt N I Ore	17½	17⅜	Vultee	7⅛	7⅛
Gt N Rly	26½	26⅜	Walworth	5	5⅛
Gt W Sug	25⅛	25⅜	War Br Pic	4	4
Int Nickel	27⅜	27½	West Elec	95¼	96⅜
Int Paper	17⅜	18	Woodward	28½	28⅜

BONDS

Am For Pr	58⅜	Erie	30⅜	30⅜
Aust Com	*66½	*66½	Int T & T	45½	45⅜
Brazil	20½	20½	New Eng	61	61
" 6½%	17⅜	17⅜	Sthrn Pac	52	52
C S P & L	98⅜	98⅜	St G & E	91	90⅜

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices ruled irregularly higher on a smaller turnover today. American Telephone and Telegraph and Western Union have submitted favourable earnings reports. Business news included April net earnings of Class 1 rails at $7,300,000, compared with a net loss of almost $9,000,000 during April 1940. Department store sales during the past week were 28 per cent. ahead of the corresponding period in 1940. Traders have noted the excellent earnings prospects of locomotive shares.

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Sustained strength was displayed by the stock market when it reopened after the Independence Day holiday and the gains registered on Monday and Tuesday were the widest for any two consecutive sessions thus far this year. The advance continued in the early trading on Wednesday but later profit taking pared these gains in the case of Industrials though Rails and Utilities remained firm. Despite further irregularity on Thursday, the market as a whole closed that day at its best level since late January. Trading was relatively heavy and the million share mark was exceeded on Tuesday and Wednesday for the only times thus far in 1941. Tuesday's turnover of 1,380,000 shares was the largest volume for a single session since last November. A combination of factors was responsible for the upward surge: business activity was at record-breaking levels, earnings estimates were better than previously expected, inflationary sentiment increased and the war news was very encouraging. While the Britain severely bombed areas inside of Germany and finally forced the French in Syria to ask for an armistice, the Russians not only appeared to be checking the German offensive but were heavily counter-attacking in some sectors.

Commodities were also generally strong and active during the first part of the week on reports that there would be no price fixing at least before autumn and new highs were registered by wheat, corn, cotton and No. 4 sugar. The occupation of Iceland by the United States encouraged hopes that increased shipments to Britain under the Lease & Lend Act would be able to be made safely. Renewed rumours that rising commodity prices might force Washington to impose price ceilings in the near future caused a somewhat reactionary tone on Wednesday. Cotton and wheat are still below the loan figures and cotton was additionally buoyed by the Government acreage estimate of 23,519,000 which is the smallest since 1896. Rubber and hides were neglected while cottonseed oil and lard moved erratically on changing sentiment concerning the livelihood of Government price control.

The business news was excellent and included record airline travel, gasoline withdrawals above normal and heavy construction awards. The prices of anthracite coal and gasoline were increased slightly and Ickes is seeking a 20 per cent. reduction in Atlantic States consumption of petroleum products. It is estimated that the national income even in May was running at the record-breaking level of $86,000,000,000 a year and must have increased since then. Retail and mail-order sales in June were far ahead of the corresponding month 1st year. General Electric's bookings for the first half of the year were larger than for any entire year previously with the sole exception of 1940. Government expenditures are expanding and President Roosevelt has asked for additional appropriations totalling $6,000,000,000 for defence purposes.

THE MARKET IN FIGURES

	Thursday July 3	July 10
D.-J. average for 30 Indust.	124.04	127.78
D.-J. average for 20 Rails	28.50	29.18
D.-J. average for 15 Utili.	18.04	18.61
D.-J. average for 40 Bonds	91.17	91.52
D.-J. 11 Commodity Index	72.36	73.52

COMMODITY INDEX

Chicago Wheat	105⅛	106¾
Corn	75¾	75⅝
Cotton	14.73	15.29
Rubber	21.30	21.50
Hides	14.25	14.32
Sugar	1.09	1.16½
Cocoa	7.50	7.53
Lard	10.35	10.37½

BUSINESS

	Previous	Latest
N.Y. Times Business Index	131.4	132.8
Steel operations (% of capacity)	93.7	96.8
Carloadings (carloads)	909,000	740,000
Elec. power prod. (kw. hrs.)	*3,121,000	*2,870,000
Aver. daily oil prod. (bbls.)	3,847,000	3,658,000
Automobile output (cars)	127,926	96,437

*000 omitted.

Stock Outlook

The action of the stock market during the past week has not been entirely conclusive. The industrial average broke through its upside resistance level on the heaviest trading volume of the year but rails have not yet confirmed and unless they do so soon, this divergent behaviour may be the forerunner of a reaction. Concerning the current hesitation, builds can argue that the market is merely consolidating its recent gains prior to a renewed advance while bears can assert that the stocks are evidently in increasing supply at around present levels. Basically, inflationary influences are at work and stocks must be presumed to be a better hedge than idle cash. The immediate trend of the market still appears somewhat dependent on the war news and the soundest policy amid all the current uncertainties seems to be the maintenance of a substantially invested position together with the retention of some reserve buying power in order to take advantage of any especially attractive buying opportunities which may occur from time to time.

London Stocks

Friday's Closing Quotations

London, July 11.

Despite week-end considerations, the Stock Exchange today closed the week with a firm undertone. British gilt-edged securities ruled firm, while foreign issues presented a more subdued appearance.

Industrials finished higher, despite profit taking. Rails remained steady and South American rails were firmer on better traffic returns.

Kaffirs, especially dividend payers, held steady and Far Westerns tended to ease.—Reuter.

	July 10	11
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan (Red.)	£105⅞	105⅛
3% Defence Loan	100⅛	100⅛
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	43	43
4½% Anglo-French Loan	43	43
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	27	27
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	37	37
5% Stg. Notes, 1925	7—9	7—9
5% Honan Rly., 1905	10	10
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	14	14
5% " " " (Ger. Is.)	12	12
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	9	9
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	14	14
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	10	10
5% " " G.	10	10
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B.	10	10
5% " " (Supl. Loan) G.	10	10
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	9	9
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	51	51
JAPANESE BONDS		
5% Sterling Loan, 1907	28	28
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	31½†	31
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	8⅞	8⅞
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	81	81
" " " (Col. Reg.)	85 N	85 N
Mercantile Bank of India	11	11
National Bank of India	31¼	31¼
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	22	22
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	10/9	11/-
B'tish American Tobacco	86/10½	86/10½
Dunlop Rubber	35/-	35/3
Imp. Chem. Industries	32/10½	32/9
United Steel	24/-	*23/10½
Woolworths	55/3	55/-
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Mfn.	12/6	12/6
Chosen Corp.	4/-	4/-
Marsman Investments	5/7½	5/7½
Pekin-Syndicate	1/-	1/-
Sub-Nigel	141/3	140/-
Western Holdings	14/1½	14/-
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	36¾	36¾
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	15/-	15/-
London, Midland & Scot.	14⅜	14⅜
S'hai Elec. Construction	13/6	13/6
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Shell Transport & Trad.	46/10½	46/10½

*—Subject to Confirmation.

London Bullion

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine, per ounce, 168/- unchanged.

London Silver: No business was done and the market ruled idle. Prices, however, remained steady. After the official fixing the market ruled steady, without any business passing.

Spot	23¼d. unch.
Forward	23¼d. unch.

—Reuter.

Shares Values

The statistical value of the International Investment Trust Co. of China, Ltd., shares last Friday was $33.92, and of the Yangtsze Finance Co. Ltd., $24.20. These values were arrived at after making provision for dividends of $1.25 and $0.75 per share respectively, payable on July 17.

Brokerage Loans Drop

New York, July 11.

The Federal Reserve System announced yesterday that brokerage loans last week totalled US$369,000,000, off US$13,000,000 compared to the previous week's total but up US$104,000,000 compared to the total for the corresponding week of 1940.—United Press.

Car Loadings Drop

New York, July 11.

Car loadings last week totalled 740,493 cars, 168,171 cars less than the previous week's total but 100,592 cars more than the total for the the corresponding week of 1940; the Association of American Railways announces yesterday.—United Press.

Mercantile Bank of India Ltd. Chairman's Report for 1940

THE annual general meeting of The Mercantile Bank of India, Limited, was held on May 20. The following statement by the chairman, Sir Charles A. Innes, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., has been circulated with the report of directors and balance-sheet for the year ended December 31, 1940 :—

Instead of making a speech at the annual meeting, I have decided this year to circulate the following statement with he bank accounts. In view of the difficulty of travelling, I believe that this course will be the most convenient one for shareholders.

The Late Lord Abertay

The bank suffered a severe loss when Lord Abertay died suddenly last December. As Sir Charles Barnie, he joined the board in 1930, and his wide knowledge of men and affairs was always of great service to the bank. In him we have lost not only a wise colleague but also a valued friend.

Lord Catto, too, has left us. When he was appointed financial adviser to H.M. Treasury, he found it necessary to give up—only temporarily, we hope—all his varied interests in the City. Our pleasure at his appointment to so high an office is inevitably tempered by regret that a man of such distinction and ability is no longer a member of the board.

To fill one of these vacancies we have been fortunate enough to secure the help of Sir John Hay. Sir John is the managing director of Guthrie and Co., Limited, a firm whose name is a household word in Malaya, and he is also a member of the International Rubber Regulation Committee. He adds greatly to the strength of the board, and I am sure that you will cordially approve our choice.

Position Exceptionally Liquid

I do not think that I need say much about the accounts. The balance-sheet is just what you would expect from an exchange bank at a time when international trade has been disorganized by war conditions. The chief point to notice is that our position is exceptionally liquid. We have deliberately maintained it so. It is an obvious precaution in times like the present, but naturally it affects the earning power of the bank. For the rest, deposits and investments are both larger, but advances have declined owing to poor rading conditions. Bills have increased, but the increase is due mainly to the fact that they are longer on the water. In spite of all difficulties, however, and among these difficulties I must include a sharp rise in taxation not only in this country, but also in most other countries where we do business, our profits have been well maintained. We have been able to pay our usual dividend and to make our usual allocations. These results, I think, are satisfactory, and we can again congratulate Mr. Crichton.

Questions of staff have been one of our chief preoccupations during the year. A large proportion—two-thirds, in fact—of the men in the London office have been called up, and are now serving with His Majesty's Forces. I am sure that you will approve of my sending them on your behalf a message of good wishes. Fortunately, casualties among them have so far been light, but there have been some, and our sympathies go out to the relatives. We have replaced the men who have been called up, mainly by women. They are doing very well, but the demand is beginning to exceed the supply. In India, Malaya and Ceylon the position is even more difficult. Many of our European staff have been called up either for continuous military service or for lengthy periods of training. It is now impossible to send out new recruits to fill vacancies, and a heavy burden of work and responsibility falls on the remaining officers, most of whom have to spend what little leisure is left to them in some form of military training. Still they carry on cheerfully and with unabated vigour. A special word of praise is due to the London office staff. It is no easy matter to get to the bank during or after a heavy air raid on London. Travelling is always difficult, and sometimes dangerous. Yet without exception, women as well as men, they have all turned up with unfailing regularity and cheerfulness, and I take this opportunity of offering them our thanks.

Trade Conditions

It would not be appropriate in present circumstances to attempt any detailed survey of trade conditions in the countries where we have branches. Defence regulations, import and export control, and exchange restrictions have thrown comparative statistics, even if the material for making them were available, completely out of gear. My remarks under this head, therefore, will be brief. Before the war, trade with Germany and with the other countries on the Continent of Europe now occupied or dominated by Germany, accounted for about one-sixth of India's total overseas trade. This trade has now been cut off, and trade with other countries has been gravely hampered by lack of freight and also by import and export control. I referred last year to the prosperity then enjoyed by the jute trade. Mills were working to full capacity for 60 hours a week and exports from India of manufactured goods were at a high level when the course of the war in Northern Europe and the collapse of France in particular caused a falling-off in demand, which also was adversely affected by the scarcity of freight space. Mills faced the situation by cutting down production to the equivalent of 34 hours weekly and thereby have been able to keep stocks at reasonable levels. These developments, however, increased the difficulties of marketing an exceptionally large jute crop for which Government was anxious to secure an adequate return to the cultivators. It was ultimately agreed that mills should continue buying jute in quantities and at prices that would ensure orderly marketing, while they at same time fixed prices for manufactures that would encourage buyers to operate. As a result values of jute, both raw and manufactured, have been well maintained, and if Government's efforts to control sowings of next season's crop are successful the immediate future of the jute trade will depend largely on the amount of space available for overseas shipments. The area under groundnuts has also been reduced, and the agriculturist is, I am afraid, not too prosperous.

Cotton Mills Actively Engaged

The cotton mills, however, are actively engaged. There is a large internal demand for cloth and military orders are substantial. Industries too which contribute to the war effort, notably the iron and steel industry, are very busy and are expanding rapidly. There is no doubt that as the result of the Reger Mission and the Eastern Group Conference, the war will give a big impetus to the growth of industries in India. It is all to the good that India should, so to speak, be getting down to the war, and taking the long view, the more balanced economy which will result from these developments will be greatly to the benefit of the country. But the developments raise problems for exporters in this country, and the same remark is true of the expansion—greatly stimulated by the war—of India's market for cotton goods in British East Africa, Ceylon and Malaya. A higher rate of release combined with favourable prices has made the rubber and tin industries prosperous, at any rate for the time being, and this prosperity has been reflected in Malya. The Ministry of Food is practically the only buyer of Malay's other staple products such as vegetable oil products, sago and pineapples, and shortage of freight has interfered with the shipment even of these purchases. But rubber and tin are by so much the predominant factors in the prosperity of Malaya that despite other adverse influences, the total trade of the country increased in 1940 by nearly 600 million dollars compared with that of 1939. Ceylon too had a good year owing to the prosperity of the rubber industry and to stable conditions in the tea industry.

Position in China

The war in China has dragged on through another year with little in the shape of success to the Japanese armed forces. Each month, however, has seen Japan obtain by political manœuvres a tighter economic grip on the country. During the year control of all major commodities forwarded to Shanghai from the interior has been enforced. A system whereby permits have to be obtained before goods are purchased upcountry and moved to Shanghai for export has resulted in more and more business going to Japanese firms who have no difficulty in obtaining permits to the exclusion of European firms. Silk and eggs have been particularly affected, but the restrictions are applied from time to time to most major commodities. Another threat to British trade in China is the recent opinion of a new Central Reserve Bank of China under the control of the Nanking Government. In spite of everything, however, Shanghai itself enjoyed a fair measure of prosperity during the year. Local industries all did well, and many new industries were started and are flourishing. It is doubtful, however, whether the roots of this prosperity go very deep for the period was one of considerable inflation. In addition, the horizon is gravely overcast in the Far East, and I cannot speak too highly of the courage and ability with which Mr. Huxter, the manager of our Shanghai branch, conducted the affairs of the bank during a period of continuous difficulty and anxiety.

I referred last year to the work of our enemy debt department, presided over by Mr. Kennedy, our inspector of branches. It has succeeded in liquidating all but a small proportion of German outstandings, but the collapse of France brought a fresh access of work to the Department. The problems that have arisen are much the same as those I mentioned last year, and I need not go into any detail. The point I wish to make is that though we are hopeful that a good portion of the sums still due to us will prove ultimately recoverable, we have thought it wise to make full provision for all outstandings.

The Outlook

I can say little about the future. The fate of this bank is bound up with the outcome of the tremendous issues which are being fought out in this gigantic war, and like every one else in this country, I have no fears as to the final result. As regards immediate prospects, you will of course recognize that since we are an exchange bank, our prosperity depends mainly on the prosperity of international trade, and international trade for the reasons which I have already briefly indicated is at a low ebb. We have also to bear in mind the effect of the Excess Profits Tax combined with the high rate of income tax. Our profits are now limited to those we made in our standard year, and moreover these profits are subject to income tax at more than double the rate then obtaining. We have no complaint, of course. It is the same for all public companies, but I will permit myself just one observation about the effect of the Excess Profits Tax at its present level. A bank's policy is to keep its dividend stable. When it has a good year it does not "dissipate"—the word is not mine, it is the word used by the Chancellor of the Exchequer—the extra profit in increasing its dividends. It puts it away to reserve, and the strength and stability of British banks is largely the result of this policy. The great disadvantage of the 100 per cent. Excess Profits Tax, from a banker's point of view, is that it makes this policy impossible, and that it prevents us from taking advantage of a good year to strengthen our reserves. If the tax is kept on too long it will be a serious thing for British banking.

I have already paid a brief tribute to our staff. I need only say now that we continue to have good reason for placing confidence in the skill and ability of our chief manager, Mr. Crichton. We owe indeed a debt of gratitude to him for the way in which he has steered the bank through all the dangers and difficulties of the past few years. Mr. Paton and Mr. Cruden are able lieutenants, and have rendered him valuable assistance, and our branch managers and all our staff at home and abroad have laid us, as usual, under a great obligation.

U.S. Commodities

Friday's Closing Quotations

New York, July 11.

The cotton market ruled irregular at the outset, with quotations ranging from 8 points down to 1 point up. Early trading consisted mainly of switching from near options to more distant ones. Subsequently, the market forged ahead on trade buying and scattered commission house demand, influenced by unfavourable weather reports. At the close, quotations ranged from 3 to 8 points up from the previous final levels.

The rubber market again presented a neglected appearance, with business done totalling only 3 contracts. Final quotations were from unchanged to 3 points up from yesterday.

The Chicago Wheat Pit ruled irregular today, with some liquidation noted on the bearish crop estimates of Winter wheat, while mills bought at the decline. At the final bell, quotations were from unchanged to ¼ cent up.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
July	15.15-15 +03	Sept.	21.35-50 unc. B/A
Oct.	15.35-38 +03	Dec.	21.30-40 +05 B/A
Dec.	15.48-48 +08	Mar.	21.00-20 unc. B/A
Jan.	15.49 N. +08		
Mar.	15.58-59 +07		
May	15.57-58 +07		

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
Sept.	2.54-55 —02 B/A	Sept.	1.18-16½ unc. B/A
Jan.	2.59-60 —01 B/A	Dec.	1.19-19½ —½ B/A
		Mar.	1.21½-22½ —½ B/A

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
July	105¼-105⅛unc.	July	73½ B. —⅛
Sept.	106⅜-106⅞+⅛	Sept.	75½ B. —⅛
Dec.	108¼-108⅛ +¼	Dec.	78⅜ B. unc

New York Silk No. 1

Sept. 2.93½-96 —2½ Dec. 2.95-97 —2½

B—Bid A Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Friday's Closing Quotations

London, July 11.

Very steady conditions prevailed in the Tin market today.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 13⅜; unch; sellers 13⅝ unch; Aug. delivery buyers 13⅞ +½; sellers 13⅝ +½.

London Metals: Tin, Standard, cash, middle price £258⅞ +1¾; 3 mths delivery, middle price £261⅝ +1½.—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's, D.H. p.b. Cash		$1,560
Tungchow cotton ..	per picul	245
Shanghai cotton	per picul	225
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%	picul	$6,400 Nom.
Flour, local ..	per bag (49lb.)	$29.00
Flour, imported	"	33.00

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Italian Booty in British Hands

Some of the enormous booty which has fallen into British and Imperial hands as a result of the defeat of the Italians in East Africa. This picture was taken at Kismayu, in what was formerly Italian Somaliland.

Eleven Men Are Key Figures In the U.S. Arms Programme

WASHINGTON—If the Government's defence organizations were staffed like a corporation, Franklin Delano Roosevelt would be both president and chairman of the board. His board of directors would be a four-man panel: two Republicans and two Democrats (one a New Dealer) named Cordell Hull, Henry Morgenthau, Jr., Henry L. Stimson and Frank Knox. Executive vice president, second only to the President, would be Harry L. Hopkins. William S. Knudsen would be plant foreman, and Sidney Hillman would be employee relations counsel. Price consultant would be Leon Henderson, and chief finance officer would be Jesse H. Jones. Two square-jawed, hard-eyed men, Robert Patterson and James Forrestal, would be the chief purchasing agents, says Mr. Eugene S. Duffield in the "Wall Street Journal."

These are the top men in the defence programme at Washington. Of them all, the Hull-Morgenthau-Stimson-Knox group, known in the newspapers as the "war cabinet" are the most important. They meet with the President at least once a week, with Mr. Hopkins always present. They are the policymakers.

Hull "ex Officio" Member

"Judge" Hull's position on the board of directors of the defence programme is ex officio. Armament is an instrument of foreign policy, a result of foreign affairs. Mr. Hull's eight years as Secretary of State have made him the most popular member of the President's cabinet. He is a backwoods-born free trader, the symbol of a United States and a world order which can now be found only in history books.

On its strictly political side, the Administration's anti-Axis policy is a Roosevelt-Hull policy. The Secretary of State as much as the President wants to restore a world in which international obligations are respected, disputes are settled by peaceful means and commerce is free.

Always a little overshadowed by the President, Secretary Hull will be more so as American diplomacy approaches the final question: war or peace. That question can not be answered by a Secretary of State.

On its economic side, the anti-Axis policy expounded by the New Deal wing of the Administration has been checkmated by the State Department. Secretary Hull has blocked a general freezing of all foreign assets in the United States, although such a step has been advocated for more than a year by cabinet members who personally are closer than Mr. Hull to the President. Similarly, the State Department has frowned down a "ministry of economic warfare."

Morgenthau an "Idea Man"

Henry Morgenthau, Jr., sits on the defence board of directors partly as Secretary of the Treasury. He is there equally as much because he is an "idea man" and an administrator.

The Secretary of the Treasury had espoused such diverse Administration policies as armament plant expansion, price controls, economic warfare, heavy taxation and the food stamp plan long before they appeared in headlines. Because he never tries to steal the show from the President or to force the President's hand, Mr. Morgenthau receives only a modicum of public recognition as a New Deal "idea man." But he is the only cabinet officer who has a regular weekly luncheon appointment with the President.

His department is entrusted with such non-financial jobs as British aid and drafting of the Lease-Lend Bill. In a Government which lacks any full-sized White House administrative staff, Mr. Morgenthau does a large share of the President's administrative work.

Of all the war cabinet he is the most New Dealish. He is an implacable foe of fascism, but he also harboured a healthy skepticism of the pre-Dunkirk governments in France and England. "He loves the democracies but not their governments," an acquaintance once remarked.

Stimson's Position

Henry L. Stimson was the first statesman in the post-war world to call for firm action against aggressors. As President Hoover's Secretary of State he pointed out the dangerous pattern Japan set by her Manchurian grab. He was cold shouldered by England. When President Roosevelt formed a two-party, anti-aggression cabinet, Mr. Stimson was an obvious choice.

The Secretary of War, before he joined the cabinet, was a vocal advocate of all-out aid to Great Britain, of conscription and of permitting the British navy to base itself in America. Now he has a habit of speaking as though the United States were preparing for war.

When Mr. Stimson leaves his office at the War Department, he passes the portrait of a dapper young man, riding crop in hand. The legend reads, "Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of War, 1911-13." The Secretary of War is serving in his third cabinet. He is the oldest member of the President's official family and heads the department which is under the greatest stress.

No New Dealer, he is impatient with labour standards and social legislation which stand in the way of building an army. Three "fundamentals" he follows: (1) the munitions industry of France which armed the United States in 1917-18 is now in hostile hands and must be replaced by an American munitions industry; (2) the western front of 1914-18, which was America"s outpost, is gone and must be replaced by bases stretching from Greenland to Brazil; and (3) the British navy, in friendly or American hands, is temporarily necessary to hold those bases unless the United States withdraws from the Pacific.

Knox is Business Man

Frank Knox is the only member of the defence programme's board of directors who could be called a "business man." He has been in the business of publishing newspapers for 40 years.

A rough rider under Leonard Wood and Theodore Roosevelt, Col. Knox still says "bully" and laughs in a toothsome, hearty way reminiscent of the first Roosevelt. When a colonel was made head of the navy, sea dogs raised their eyebrows, but they found him a desk-thumping champion of the Navy and a hard driver they could appreciate.

Of the four members of the war cabinet, Secretary Knox is the most outspoken about war. He told a press conference that every man in the room knew that the United States stood in danger of war. Other cabinet members are seldom so blunt. Since the Navy would be the first American military arm to go into action, Secretary Knox has the demeanor of a man who knows the first shot will whistle past his ear. Long ago he started saying that the Navy is always ready to fight.

Like his Republican colleague, Mr. Stimson, the Secretary of the Navy is acutely aware that America has a Pacific as well as Atlantic problem. On the desirability of acquiring bases off the western coast of Latin America, as on the questions of convoys and of sacrificing labour standards to defence, Secretary Knox has dared to get publicly out of step with his chief, laughs heartily when he is twitted about it.

Hopkins Executive Vice President

Harry L. Hopkins is an expert in making Government work. As such he is the executive vice president in the defence programme, sitting with the board of directors and seeing that decisions are carried out.

On an organization chart he is only chief of the lease-lend programme. Actually he comes as close to being the single-man head of the defence programme, under the President, as anyone in Washington. If his health permitted, he probably would emerge as the 1941 Bernard Baruch.

During the 1940 Presidential campaign, while Mr. Hopkins was still Secretary of Commerce, disclosure that he was handling some part of the industrial mobilization work brought an outcry which led to his retirement from the cabinet. Now he is back in the defence programme in a much more important role with no objection except perfunctory ones from Republicans.

Mr. Hopkins lives at the White House. His position in the defence programme is supposedly attributable, since he has had no business experience, to his personal friendship with the President. Men connected with the 1917-18 mobilization, however, say that Mr. Hopkins has one key quality. He is an administrator. He knows how to make the great, sprawling machinery of government move.

Less the reforming New Dealer than he was when he ran relief, Mr. Hopkins is now the White House sponsor for many businessmen-industry which will enable the United States, in the event of a German victory, to be a low-cost, high-volume producer, equipped to defeat the German barter technique in world markets. This idea he shares with Bernard Baruch, one of his greatest partisans, who says Mr. Henderson is the only top official who has tried to learn from the experiences of 1917-18.

Jones and Finance

Jesse H. Jones for seven years hankered to be in the cabinet. Yet he is important in defence councils now, not because he was made Secretary of Commerce last year, but because he still bosses the agency for which he went to work nine years ago: The Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

New Dealers have made several attempts to separate Mr. Jones from the RFC. He is not popular with them, and has dared to talk down their legislation even after the President has approved it. An inveterate horse-trader since he started business, Mr. Jones has clung to the RFC, even though he now has no official position in it, with the sound instinct of one who knows that money talks.

Today the R.F.C., through subsidiaries as numerous as those in a utility empire, makes deals with the tin and rubber cartels, buys up all South America's copper, finances munitions plants, makes loans to the British on their American assets, finances workers' homes, decides when government stock-piles of crucial raw materials shall be released—and at what price.

Mr. Jones has a personal position as influential as his official one. He is the Washington father-confessor of businessmen in and out of government. Executives snarled in some government relations problem come to him to be fixed up. Dollar-a-year men, new to the ways of government, find him at their elbow with advice. The advice isn't always taken. It was Mr. Jones who instructed Mr. Knudsen that in Washington an official gets power by grabbing it.

From "KP" to Command

In national emergencies cabinet officers become preoccupied with policy matters. Actual operations pass into the hands of their immediate subordinates. The two men who hold the newly-created under secretaryships in the War and Navy departments are, therefore, the operating chiefs of the departments, particularly on arms procurement. They are the defence programme's purchasing agents.

In the War Department the undersecretary is Robert P. Patterson. National crises seem to catch Mr. Patterson at lowly tasks. When war engulfed the United States in 1917 he was a national guard private with the force that had been sent to the Mexican border to catch Pancho Villa. When President Roosevelt called him to be Assistant Secretary of War in 1940, Col. Patterson was on KP duty at Plattsburg.

Firm, efficient and fair, Judge Patterson (he left a Circuit Court judgeship to come to the War Department) is commonly credited with pushing much of the huge rearmament programme through the War Department. He has recruited around him a staff of vigorous middleaged New Yorkers like himself who now are far out in front of OPM on matters of armament planning.

Judge Patterson has a habit of admitting that mistakes, some very serious ones, have been made by his department in handling its enormous chore. The work has greyed his hair and deepened the lines in his face. But, generally speaking, he is a vigorous defender of the War Department and what it has done. Suggestions received from outside sources, like the old National Defence Advisory Commission, have made only slightly more headway with him than with the generals and colonels down the line.

Creation of new defence agencies has blurred the lines of authority in Washington, but not in Judge Patterson's mind. He regards the War and Navy departments as the repository of final authority—and responsibility—for defence. No one but those two departments can sign contracts or issue orders. To a congressional committee befuddled by the labyrinth of new agencies, Judge Patterson, when asked who held final authority, replied "I do."

Navy Purchasing

In the Navy Department, as in the War Department, the undersecretary is a man who was in the ranks when the last war started. James V. Forrestal was a seaman, second class, on July 7, 1917.

Mr. Forrestal has known his Dutchess County neighbour, Franklin Delano Roosevelt, since young Mr. Roosevelt first ran for the New York State Senate. In the intervening 30 years, Mr. Forrestal demonstrated a marked ability as an organizer and executive which the President recalled when the defence programme began to expand the government's personnel needs. By 1940 Mr. Forrestal had become a partner in Dillon, Read & Co.

In Washington, Mr. Forrestal has actively cultivated his hobby, which he says is "obscurity." His movements are seldom chronicled in the headlines. But he is an important operator behind-the-scenes. He arranged, for instance, the Allis-Chalmers strike settlement by calling the workers back to their jobs. New Dealers, out of power when the defence programme started, have been convinced that Mr. Forrestal wants to see them back in important positions, but no New Dealer has yet entered the Navy's high command.

Mr. Forrestal himself has been to London to work on the formidable task of "standardizing" the American and British navies so that lease-lend equipment will be equally useful to both. Since not even screws are threaded in the same way, Mr. Forrestal will need all of his executive abilities.

HONGKONG and Chinese industrialists, says a Hongkong message to the "Cheng Yien Pao," are planning to form a mission to India to study trade prospects between China and that country. On the way the mission will visit British Malaya. The Chinese Consul at Bombay, Mr. Chiang Chia-tung, has informed the Shanghai Chinese Chamber of Commerce and allied associations in Hongkong that, owing to the European War, the foreign trade in India has been seriously affected and that India is now hoping to secure Chinese produce.

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CENTRE Concession. In small family, large southfacing room, cool, garden, full/part board. 73735 meal hours. -451

KENSINGTON House, Lane 30, 10 Seymour Road. To let one double room with private bathroom, southfacing. Telephone 30179. -376

12 Pacific Garden, Seymour Road. Double/single room, facing south, private bathrooms. Telephone 30376. -541

THE BERKELEY, 20/12 Seymour Road, one double south room with private modern bathroom. Telephone 36251. -545

Unfurnished Apartments

THREE roomed apartment Race Course district, all comforts, low inclusive rental. Post Office Box 1897. -507

WESTEND Gardens: three rooms, kitchen, bath, first floor, $300. No keymoney. Architect Herper, 205 Winling.

PETAIN, corner Cohen, luxurious 5 roomed apartment, all comfort, immediately. Architect Herper, 205 Winling.

SAY Zoong, 3 rooms, bath, kitchen, frigidaire, central-heating, park, garage. Architect Herper, 205 Winling.

JOFFRE, two-roomed apartment, central-heating. $380. No keymoney. Immediately. Architect Herper, 205 Winling.

IN streetfacing house with garden, garage, two roomed flats, kitchen, bathroom, steamheat, gas, to let. Apply 9-12 a.m., 3-7 p.m. 287 Route Boissezon. Telephone 51867. The United Realty, 909/11 East Seward Road. -577

TWO, three, four-roomed apartment, furnished / unfurnished, Concession / Settlement. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. No advance commission charge. -582

THREE rooms flats with big garden attached, situated at Route Dupleix, Passage 321, House 16. Each flat consisting of three rooms, one bathroom and one kitchen. Please apply to Dah Ching Realty Co., 281 Nanking Road or at the house location. -488

AIRY 5th floor 2-roomed apartment end Ave. Joffre available August 5, telephone 73960 after 7 p.m. 10172

AVAILABLE August 1, Route Ferguson, furnished/unfurnished, five-roomed apartment, hall, two bathrooms, toilet, servants' quarters, all screened, garage, garden, large sun porch and central heating, thoroughly modern. Monthly rental US$60. Telephone 73056. 10141

FOUR roomed southfacing apartment, bathroom, kitchen. Concession. Moderate rent, no keymoney. Address Box 282, NCDN. 10198

FOUR/five-roomed two-storied flat, in detached house, telephone, no keymoney. Vicinity Petain. Address Box 293, NCDN. -422

THREE-roomed unfurnished apartment, all comforts, telephone, gas. Bubbling Well Road. Rent $380 inclusive. Post Office Box 4163. -521

Cameras

WANTED for Manila, two good cameras, accessories and binocular. Pay cash. Box 356, NCDN. -577

EXPORTER urgently wants cameras of any make. Payment in USA currency. Box 93, NCDN. 10231

Foreign Craftsmen

VIOLINS, cellos, accordions, gramophones, all kinds of musical instruments, even broken, bought, sold and repaired. Heinemann, 376/23 East Seward Road. -7891

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to purchase, ABC sixth edition or Acme Commodity and Phrase Code. Must be original print and in good condition. Address Box 303, NCDN. -533

WILL pay best prices for all secondhand goods, household, carpets, refrigerators, machines, pianos, radios, etc. Telephone 96987. 1234 Avenue Edward VII, George Young. -519

WANTED to purchase, steel office furniture. Desks, chairs, filing cabinet, sofas, etc. Box 242, NCDN. -441

WANTED to purchase fishing rod and gear for sea-fishing. Please state condition and price Box 317, NCDN. -551

ACID-PROOF paper of superior quality, having a fair thickness is required. Please communicate telephone 18894 with samples. -479

WE buy any quantity used typewriters and pay best prices. Offer Box 200, NCDN. -474

Offices, Shops, Godowns

TO LET: Small office with telephone, central district. Apply Box 358, NCDN. 7810

OFFICE. Settlement, furnished or unfurnished, with telephone per August 1, wanted. Box 364, NCDN.

SHOP, 290 Avenue Petain, available immediately with furniture and fittings, linoleum and blinds, lavatory. Rent $300 per month. Price $6,000 or near offer. Apply at shop any day except Saturdays and Sundays from 9-12 or telephone 77254 from 12-2. -433

WANTED, office space about 1,000/1,500 sq. ft. downtown. Reply to Box 285, NCDN. -508

WANTED godown space for general machinery, ground floor, about 3,000 square feet, International Settlement, south Soochow Creek. Reply Box 279, NCDN. 10194

URGENTLY wanted two rooms or one big room, for office, with telephone, near Bund. Offer Box 201, NCDN. -374

WANTED, office space approximately 1,500 sq. ft. in modern building downtown. Willing take over fixtures, furniture, etc. Reply to Box 150, NCDN. -280

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before July 19 after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 3190, 3866, 3873, 4047, 4066, 4109, 4130, 4147, 4249, 4314, 4320, 4325, 4331, 4420, 4428, 4456, 4463, 4495, 4529, 4543, 4563, 4601, 4616, 4636, 4638, 4640, 4678, 4712, 4742, 4755, 4831.

Furnished Apartments

BREEZY, excellently furnished three roomed apartment, Bubbling Well Road, to let during August-part September. Box 360, NCDN. -554

FIVE-roomed apartment two bathrooms all modern conveniences, garage, best residential part Concession for three months or longer to responsible tenant. Telephone 79481 from 1 to 3.

HAIG, new furnished one room, private bath, $250. No keymoney. Architect Herper, 205 Winling.

JOFFRE. Two roomed apartment, all comfort, $380. No keymoney. Architect Herper, 205 Winling.

JOFFRE apartment house, three roomed apartment, $480. Central heating. Furniture to be taken over. Architect Herper, 205 Winling.

TO LET, furnished flat two rooms, bath, kitchen, telephone. Telephone 78564. -346

FOR sale: three roomed modern apartment, fully furnished, Pichon. Box 211, NCDN. -395

THREE roomed modern, fully furnished apartment, bathroom, kitchen, big verandah, garden, telephone, to let immediately. Western district. Telephone 21156. -490

Unfurnished Houses

BOURGEAT. Unfurnished house, 7 rooms, 2 baths, big garden, immediately. US$50. Architect Herper, 205 Winling.

JOFFRE: house with 5 apartments, 5 baths, 5 kitchens, 3 shops. Rent $2,000. No keymoney. Architect Herper, 205 Winling. -422

FOUR houses to let for four years. (Total rent once paid for four houses £440). Four newly built two-storied dwelling houses, situated at the corner of Liaoyang and Ward Roads, covering a land of 3,825 square feet, with 20 big rooms, bathroom, telephone, etc. Apply 366 Liaoyang Road between hours 8-12 a.m. on Sunday, July 13, 1941. -573

NEW residence, French Concession, monthly rental US$60. Apply Telephone 93344. -495

VACANT, five-roomed house with big garden, 291 Rue Culty. Rent $500 excluding rates. Box 252, NCDN. -496

Furnished Houses

FURNISHED house to let wholly or partly: vicinity St. George's/Columbia Road, bus stop: five rooms, bath, kitchen, two lavatories, telephone. Box 229, NCDN. -418

FURNISHED house, western district, seven rooms, three bathrooms, usual servants' quarters, garage, greenhouse, garden, available for immediate occupation up to September 30, 1941. Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 10143

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

MASSAGE, pedicure, in-grown nails cured. 9 Central Arcade from Ezra Road 93-94. Telephone 11964. -579

ALICE, 360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2, from 2 to 10. Massage. -107

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m., 269 Peking, 1st 374 Kiangse Road, Apartment 30, second-floor. -78

More Classified Ads, Overleaf

OCT 21 1941
LIBRARY

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy weather with north-westerly to north-easterly winds over Shantung and our regions: with showers and variable winds over the Eastern Sea. The typhoon over the Pacific is still apparently slowly continuing north-north-westward.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 70.0	max. 79.5	min. 70.5	max. 77.9
„ same date last year	min. 76.5	max. 94.5	min. 76.1	max. 95.9

Rainfall: 3.51

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, JULY 13, 1941 (19th day of 6th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on July 17, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary due San Francisco on July 25. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.
British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Singapore on July 13, 3.30 p.m. registered and 4 p.m. ordinary. (Next air mail despatched per steamer to Hongkong on July 15, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary.)
Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.
Next steamships mails for America and Europe: July 30, Aug. 14, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
Single copies 30 cents

Shanghai delivery	6 mos.	$4.2
China, Korea and Japan	„	4.6
Hongkong and Macao	„	5.5
Postal Union Countries	„	10.4

NORTH-CHINA HERALD
EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"
Single copies $2

Shanghai, China and Japan	6 mos.	$4.2
Hongkong and Macao	„	4.4
Postal Union Countries	„	5.4

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055
Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.
To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

BIRTH

FLEMING.—On July 2, 1941, at Comox, Vancouver Island, B.C., to LILIAN, wife of J. C. Fleming, Tientsin, China, a daughter. 10222

DEATH

PHILLIPPO.—On July 11, 1941, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, ROBERT LESLIE, the dearly-beloved infant son of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Phillippo. Funeral service (cremation) was held at Bubbling Well cemetery on July 12 by the Very Rev. Dean Trivett. (Tientsin papers please copy.) 10227

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

JULY

13 Siege of Tientsin ended (1900)
13 France's new constitution (1940)

COMING EVENTS

JULY

16 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30.
16 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', British Night 402 Avenue Haig.
17 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', Norwegian Night 402 Avenue Haig.
18 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', Greek Night 402 Avenue Haig.
19 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', American Night 402 Avenue Haig.
20 Girl Guides' Fun Fair. War Fund, Shanghai Jewish School
21 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', Czechoslovakian Night 402 Avenue Haig.
22 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', Naval Military and Air Force Night 402 Avenue Haig.
23 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30.
23 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', Netherlands and Belgian Night 402 Avenue Haig.
24 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', British Dominions Night 402 Avenue Haig.
28 Extr. Gen. Mtg., Shanghai Club, 5.30.
25 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', Polish Night 402 Avenue Haig.
26 'XCDN Moonlight Follies', Free French Night 402 Avenue Haig.
30 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30.

NOTICE

SUMMER OFFICE HOURS

Commencing Monday, July 14, our office hours will be: 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.

A. LOONIS & COMPANY 10234

PROF. TOMSON S. WANG

Licensed Dentist announces
Summer Office Hours 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Effective (D.V.)
July 15 to September 15
Consultation by Appointment 10239

OFFICE HOURS

Commencing Monday, July 14, our office hours will be as follows:—

Week-days 8.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.
Saturdays 8.30 a.m. to 12 noon.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., (NORTH CHINA) LTD.
No. 1 The Bund 10200

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I, JEAN GEORGE LIPSMAN, of Cathay Hotel, hereby give notice that I hereby expressly withdraw all and every authority which my wife HEDY MARGIT LIPSMAN may have at any time either expressly or by implication or otherwise to contract for me or in my name or as my agent or in any way to pledge my credit and that I and my wife Hedy Margit Lipsman are living separate and apart from one another by mutual consent and agreement and that she is in receipt of an agreed and sufficient allowance from me for the purpose of providing herself with all suitable necessaries and that I will not be responsible for her debts whensoever and howsoever incurred.

Shanghai, July 11, 1941. 10215

A PERFECT SEAT

can be acquired by being expertly taught by one of the following instructors:

Colonel A. P. Bendersky
Captain N. D. Danilоff
E. N. Sokoloff
Captain A. A. Gourvitch
G. Tiatow

COLUMBIA & GREAT WESTERN RIDING ACADEMY
470 Great Western Road, Tel. 22012
General Manager, N. I. KEIKORIANTZ. 10109

"TRANSPORTATION"

It was to give good transportation at low cost that the first Ford car was built. It has taken 38 years of building constantly better transportation to produce the present Ford.

GET THE FACTS AND YOU'LL GET A FORD

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Avenue Foch. Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

HAZELWOOD ICE CREAM INCREASED PRICES

We regret to announce the following increase in the price of Hazelwood Ice Cream due to the continued rise in the cost of materials and production.

Hazelwood Deseert Brick	$2.40
Hazelwood De Luxe Cup	60c.,
Hazelwood De Luxe Bar	60c.,
Hazelwood Tasty Cup	40c.,
Hazelwood Tasty Bar	40c.,
Hazelwood Snow White Eskimo Toffee	60c.,
Hazelwood Frozen Sucker	12c.,

Effective as of July 12, 1941.

HENNINGSEN PRODUCE COMPANY
Federal Inc., U.S.A. 10213

THE SHANGHAI ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

(Incorporated in England)

A revised fares schedule will come into operation on and from July 14, 1941. The new fares will be exhibited in the Company's vehicles.

A. A. EWING,
General Manager.

Shanghai, July 12, 1941. 10208

The Far Eastern Classified Directory

Autumn 1941 Issue

Contains the following information:

1. Classified List of over 6000 International firms, Agents and Manufacturers.
2. Alphabetical List of over 7000 Shanghai and Hongkong Firms, Agents and Manufacturers
3. Shanghai Streets and Buildings Directory with EIGHT detailed Maps.
4. Shipping and Railway Time Tables
5. Exchange Tables:
   A. £stg. into C.N.C.$.
   B. US$. into C.N.C.$.
   By Francis Chang
6. Interest Tables
   By Francis Chang
7. Discount, Brokerage and Commission Tables.
   By Francis Chang
8. Calendars, Race Fixtures, Holiday List, Postal Informations and Weights and Measures.

All entries for the above Directory are now closed. For reservation of copies of Directory please write to:—

THE FAR EASTERN TRADE INVESTIGATION BUREAU
23 Central Arcade
Shanghai, China.
Price: C.N.C.$10.—per copy -822

WARNING

Bonds Nos. 829, 830, 831, 832, 834, 835, 836, 837 and 838, P. I. Government $1,000 each Irrigation and Permanent Public Works 4½% due 1952, and Bonds Nos. 3130, 3131, 3322, 3323, 3324, 14296, 14297, 14298, 14299 and 14300, P. I. Government $1,000 each Thirty Year 4½% due 1952 with coupons since July, 1935, were stolen or lost from the Metropolitan Insurance Company, Manila, and may be presented for negotiation. Any information to the owners or nearest United States Consul leading to discovery of said bonds will be substantially rewarded. 10123

REMEMBER

that in the War Areas invaluable and often dangerous work is carried out by Volunteers and Charitable Organisations.

SUPPORT THEIR EFFORTS

with your dollars given to

The Central British War Fund (Hon. Treas. Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.)

SWISS WATCHMAKER

(Holder of Swiss Government Diploma)
For high-grade watches and jewellery
E. TOBLER, 153 Nanking Road
4th floor. Telephone 12160 -803

TIMOR (MOCHA) COFFEE

113 Kiukiang Road. Room 301 -805

"War Savings Investment Week"

JULY 9 TO JULY 16, 1941

WATCH THE GRAPH

HELP THE FUND ALONG

OUR COUNTRY NEEDS OUR MONEY

SEND CONTRIBUTIONS
through the
Shanghai War Savings Association
Pay in at
CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA
18 THE BUND

This space is donated by: S. Moutrie & Co. Ltd. 10219

NORGE

for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865 10001

A SYMBOL OF SUCCESS

Ownership of a *Packard*—The outstanding car for 41 years.

MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
640 Avenue Foch.
After We Sell—WE SERVE

NOTICE

From July 15 to August 31, 1941, our office hours will be 8.30 a.m. to 1 p.m. daily.

FROST, BLAND & CO., LTD. 10196

CULTY DAIRY

The Home of Quality Milk
Pasteurised Grade "A"
1567 AVENUE JOFFRE, TELEPHONE 70126
General Managers: KEYLOCK & PRATT 10047

PASSPORT PHOTOS by JOSEPHO STUDIOS

61 Nanking Rd., First Floor, Tel. 12715
937 Avenue Joffre. Telephone 72387 10107

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED

(Established 1880)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND Y143,400,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND

Branches

Alexandria	Karachi	Rio de Janeiro
Bangkok	Kobe	Samarang
Batavia	London	San Francisco
Berlin	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	Manila	Shanghai
Calcutta	Moji	Singapore
Canton	Mukden	Sourabaya
Chanchaikow	Nagasaki	Sydney
Dairen	Nagoya	Tokyo
Hamburg	New York	Tokyo
Hankow	Osaka	(Marunouchi)
Harbin	Otaru	Tsingtao
Hongkong	Paris	Yinkow
Honolulu	Peking	Tientsin
Hsinking	Rangoon	

G. KISHINAMI, *Manager*

Leaving China?

Some of our readers are going to a new country; many of them are returning to their homeland — in either case they will want to keep in touch with personalities and Chinese affairs. The easiest and most effective way to do this is by subscribing to the

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

The "North-China Herald" is a weekly edition of the "North-China Daily News" and is mailed to foreign countries every Wednesday.

$28 for 3 months including postage anywhere abroad

May we send you an Order Form?

NORTH-CHINA HERALD
17 The Bund, Shanghai

FOUR'S A CROWD

but

THERE'S NO SQUASH

like an

AQUARIUS

GRAPEFRUIT SQUASH

BLUE RIBBON MILK

Owing to labour trouble we regret that our delivery service is temporarily disarranged.

Customers are requested to send for their supplies from the nearest of the following distribution centres:

Shanghai Milk Supply Co., 145 Tunsin Road,	Telephone 20407
DANA Creamery, 1200 Bubbling Well Road,	Telephone 35992
DIANA Creamery, 520 Avenue Petain,	Telephone 74609
DANA Creamery, 58 Broadway,	Telephone 44511

THE SHANGHAI MILK SUPPLY CO.

TIEN KWANG MANUFACTURING CO.

COLOUR, PAINT, VARNISH, CHEMICALS AND DYES

853 Loh Ka Pang Road, Nantao, Shanghai.
Works (02) 7679
Tel: Office 14653 10076

RADIOS, PIANOS
Sale or Hire, Tune, Repair
SAM LAZARO
232 Nanking Road. Tel. 10235 10202

POSITIONS WANTED

There is work to be had if you go through the right channels to reach it. An advertisement in our classified advertisement columns is likely to give you just the job you want, with very little trouble and expense to yourself.

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, G.C.T. Apl. 16 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological	July 11 10.00	July 11 21.00	July 12 4.00	July 12 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.58	29.62	29.58	29.61
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.02	+0.03	+0.09	+0.05
at 32 F. („ 12 hrs.)	+0.09	+0.06	0.00	—0.01
Wind (direction)	N	NE	ENE	NE
„ (miles per hour)	6.8	8.1	11.2	13.7
Temperature (Fahr.)	75.7°	76.5°	71.2°	71.6°
Humidity (per cent)	99	83	100	100
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	10	10	10	10
Rainfall (inches)	0.14	0.00	0.11	1.44

Siccawei Abridged Report July 11	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.56	—0.07	29.68
Temperature: min. 81.5° max. 87.3°	84.6°	—2.6°	80.6°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	29.89	0.14	24.89

Time and Tide	13/7	14/7	15/7	16/7	17/7	18/7	19/7
Sun rises at Shanghai	4.58	4.58	4.59	4.59	5.00	5.00	5.01
Sun sets at Shanghai	19.01	19.01	19.00	19.00	19.00	18.59	18.59
Moon rises at Shanghai	22.01	23.36	23.10	23.44	——	0.19	0.56
Moon sets at Shanghai	9.14	10.10	11.03	11.56	12.50	13.42	14.34
Flood makes Shal. (day)	13.02	13.38	14.15	14.55	15.50	17.00	6.10
Ebb makes Shal. (day)	6.19	7.00	7.35	8.10	8.54	9.45	10.47
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	15.12	15.58	16.39	17.33	5.53	7.10	8.36
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	11.10	10.25	9.35	8.45	7.60	6.80	6.57

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 11th:—Low and steady pressure over China and Japan. The typhoon over the Pacific is including more northward. Variable winds along the China Coast. Overcast and showery weather in our Valley.

State on the morning of the 12th:—Overcast weather with thundery showers. Unsteady wind. Low and unsteady pressure.

TYPHOON SIGNAL

Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the centre at 6 a.m., within 120 miles of latitude 19, longitude 132, direction north-north-west, intensity: unkown.—Siccawei Observatory.

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

SUNDAY, July 13.	Reg.	Ord.
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Amoy Fukien and Kiangsi Provinces via Amoy	10.00	10.00
Hongkong and Canton	10.00	10.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. Ceylon India and Suez (via Colombo)	15.30	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
MONDAY, July 14.		
Tsingtao and Dairen	*19.00	7.15
Chefoo Weihaiwei (via Chefoo) and Tientsin	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
TUESDAY, July 15.		
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	11.30	12.00
Swatow	12.30	13.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Australia and New Zealand	x 19.00	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	x 19.30	20.00
Amoy Fukien and Kiangsi Provinces via Amoy	19.30	20.00

*The night before.
X Provisional time subject to alterations.

Canton-Hanoi-Saigon-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Saigon on every Monday and Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails, may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.
Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer to Singapore on July 13, at 3.30 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary. (Next air mail despatched per steamer to Singapore.)
Royal Netherlands Indies Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Saigon.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.
Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow; Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Haichow, Kweiteh, Kaigan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen by the planes of the China Airways Co. close daily at 10.30 p.m.
Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.
Canton, Swatow and Hoihow per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Daily Train Mail

Nanking only at 7 a.m. and 1.30 p.m.
Entire N.S.R. and River Ports up to Ichang at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
T.P.R. north Pinghan, Lunghai and Kiaotsi Lines at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Entire S.H.N.R. including Siaoshan, Kohsiao and Shaoking daily at 1 p.m.
Sungkiang and Hangchow only at 10.30 p.m.
Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'sin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains (for time of closing see above.)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

King's Daughters Society
IN MEMORY OF MR. FRED J. BRAND

E. Gifford	$5
J. P. Hawes	10

The New "Mannish Mode"

LUTON STRAWS

The Latest from London

Every Hat is a distinct model and no two hats are alike. They are the Famous "Webflex". Trimmed with Ribbon and Veil.

PRICES $65, $75 AND $85 EACH

AT WHITEAWAY'S

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED: Chinese stenotypist for American firm. Reply to Box 356, NCDN. 10237

CHINESE office assistant required by British firm. Apply in own handwriting, giving age, education, salary expected, and experience, if any. Reply Box 355, NCDN. 10236

WANTED: Russian steno-typist, perfect English and some experience essential. Address Box 354, NCDN. 10238

MANNEQUINS wanted for high-class dressmaking salon, shortly to be opened. Applications will be treated confidentially Box 361, NCDN.

WANTED: office and editorial assistant with command of good English, capable of handling correspondence. Journalistic experience desirable, but not essential. Replies confidential. Address Box 345. NCDN. 10226

BRITISH firm requires expert Chinese accountant to keep complete set of books. General office experience an advantage. Address Box 348, NCDN. 10229

WANTED English-speaking Chinese salesgirl to call on offices. Salary and commission. Address Box 339, NCDN. -886

WANTED lady stenotypist, age 20 to 28, with good education. Applications, stating salary required, must be in handwriting and accompanied by small photo. Apply Box 331, NCDN. -871

WANTED well educated lady teacher for English lessons, of attractive personality. Handwritten applications with small photo to be addressed to Box 332, NCDN. -871

FIRST class chemical import firm wants A1 salesman. Only experienced men with good connections need apply, stating salary expected. Apply Box 330, NCDN. -869

WANTED, young attractive lady as shop assistant, preferably with previous experience. State particulars and salary expected. Box 262, NCDN. -466

INCREASE your technical power by learning shorthand, typewriting, accountancy, secretarial, bookkeeping, economics. Expert tuition. Many placed in suitable positions after few months' training. Apply for particulars. The Shanghai Business College, 320 Szechuen Road (second-floor). Telephone 17733. 13459

LARGE British firm in Singapore seeking capable engineer, preferably Briton, familiar with I.G.E. appliances and B.T.H. products. Reply with particulars to Box 327, NCDN. -864

DOCTOR has vacancy for lady coming from a respectable Chinese family in Shanghai. Will have to act as surgeon's assistant and receptionist. Must have good command of English, typewriting, and previous experience in doctor's office, and possess neat appearance and engaging character. Applications giving references in own handwriting to Box 323. NCDN. -880

DAIRY manager required. Reply to Box 319. NCDN. 10211

WANTED young attractive Chinese girl as saleslady for printing company, good knowledge of English. Salary and commission. Reply in handwriting to Box 304, NCDN. -535

BRITISH import/export firm requires experienced general office man, excellent prospects for live wire. Address Box 311, NCDN. 10208

Business Opportunities

WELL-KNOWN excellently located, lavishly appointed night-club offered for sale. Box 340, NCDN. -889

WELL-ESTABLISHED high-class foreign photo studio. Settlement, for sale. Apply to Box 268, NCDN. -476

INVENTOR (foreigner) looking for capitalist or established factory in order to manufacture useful noveities. Box 315, NCDN. -849

WILLING to invest up to $100,000 in a sound industrial enterprise or important wholesale business. Reply Box 269, NCDN. -481

REAL estate party is open for engagement to a reputable firm. Box 286, NCDN. -907

Miscellaneous

WAI Tung Bank 滙通銀號 Money exchange. Reasonable rates. 131/A Avenue Edward VII. Telephone 85187, 84725. -9684

PHOTOCOPIES of documents, etc., reproductions and enlargements. Alfred Sachs, Telephone 10204, 666 Szechuen Road. -241

Boats

A 40-horse power gasoline engine motor boat built in England, teak wood body, 30 feet, 7 feet wide. A house-boat with saloon, dining-room, bedroom, bath, kitchen and other sanitary equipment, etc. Best quality, modern style. For information please apply Room 212 Continental Bank Building, Kiukiang Road, telephone 17630. -519

MOTOR boats for sale, one 23 feet long with cabin and speed boat (30 miles per hour at full throttle) 18 feet long. Both boats in first-class condition. 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Room 713. 10206

WANTED seagoing junk about 50 tons. Fair order. State particulars immediately, Box 300. NCDN. -226

Office Cars

BRITON requires lift thrice daily. Hardoon/Avenue Roads to Bund/Peking Road. Office hours 9, 12 and 2. State terms to Box 273, NCDN. 10049

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.20.

YOUNG lady stenotypist with office experience seeks position. Moderate salary. Box 350, NCDN. -599

YOUNG man, knowledge English and French, desires any kind job available. Telephone 72894, Room 14. -602

FOREIGN chauffeur, long practice, Shanghai references, seeks position, also as watchman. Box 341, NCDN. -890

EXPERIENCED photographer-retoucher, able to manage photo-studios, seeks position. Box 344, NCDN. -594

TEXTILE designer specialized in fancy patterns for weaving mills, with many years experience with leading European mills, seeks occupation. Box 292, NCDN. -517

ENGINEER M.E. with thorough experience in workshop, storekeeping, selling and purchasing, three years' Shanghai practice with leading American auto company, best references, open for engagement. Address Box 299, NCDN. -477

WANTED by attractive lady work in salon. Has good taste in clothes. No previous experience but willing to learn. Nationality: British. Box 324, NCDN. -563

THREE men band, violinist, pianist, accordionist-drummer. Concert and dance music. Settlement/Concession. Box 290, NCDN. -519

EXPERIENCED Chinese clerk, age 30, knowledge of accounting, translating, typewriting, able to take charge department, seeks position. Good references. Box 276, NCDN. -492

Houses and Land

WANTED approximately two fen vacant land street frontage Settlement/Concession. Offers to Post Office Box 1897. -809

HOUSES with land Ferguson, Joffre, Great Western. Immediately for sale. Apply Ferguson, 305 Whiting. -

FOR SALE factory building about 3,000 sq. feet, on leased land. Great Western Road district. Apply to Box 224, NCDN. -419

APPROXIMATELY 9 mow, French Concession, with large residence and income producing apartment building. Box 212, NCDN. -389

Lost

LOST. Delivery Order No. 1517 issued by Yue Foong Cotton Mills in the name of Gosho Kabushiki Kaisha for 25 large bales cotton yarn, Peach 40S, has been lost on July 10 morning and is declared null and void. -515

LOST: 7 Customs Sub-Passes No. AH9418/9424, for 108 packages hogsheads of tobacco leaf ex s.s. Gertrude Maersk issued on March 21, 1938, in the name of The China Engineers, Ltd., marked EXM 61/85 (25 packages), EXP 75/85 (11 packages), REM 116/140 (25 packages) REP 129/140 (12 packages), EBR 66/75 (10 packages), EL6 1/10 (10 packages), LL5 1/15 (15 packages). The China Engineers, Ltd. -250

Personal

RESPECTABLE gentleman, no refugee, desires companionship with young, attractive, well educated Chinese lady. Replies with photo will be treated strictly confidentially. Box 352, NCDN. -609

DOCTOR, European, wishes to meet Chinese lady for companionship. Box 347, NCDN. -596

INTELLIGENT European lady, very lonely, would like to meet serious foreign or Eurasian gentleman of good standing, preferably 40-50, for companionship. Box 305, NCDN. -525

FOREIGNER, 28, not refugee, good appearance, seeks friendship with independent, attractive Eurasian/Chinese lady. Box 320, NCDN. -583

Holiday Resorts

HUNGJAO, why swelter in Shanghai and pay high rental where at the cost of a three months holiday in the North you can have a lovely screened bungalow, pretty garden and outhouses on six mow of land for four years at the same price. Early occupation personal application only. McMichael's Agency. -498

LUXURIOUS rooms, excellent board, special terms for September. Best location, two minutes' walk from German Beach White House. 20 Hwei Chuan Road, Tsingtao. -9801

TSINGTAO, Victoria House, "As at Home", 9 First Kinkow Road. Well-equipped rooms and flats on monthly and daily rates. Excellent cuisine. Hot and cold running water. Quiet location. Close to Beach and Town. Apply for reservation of rooms and particulars. 10047

TSINGTAO. Elderly retired widower possessing beautiful bungalow, Iltis Huk, by the sea, is looking for one or two bachelors or grass-widowers of quiet habits as paying guests, for two months or longer. Reply Box 3830, NCDN. 10109

LAOSHAN, Waterfall Pension. Modern toilet facilities. Simmons beds. Refrigerator. Private swimming pool. Terms: $9 upwards. Apply Mrs. Porter, Laoshan, Tsingtao. -9259

Clothing and Fabrics

BEDSHEETS, best imported grades, in all sizes. Table cloths, napkins and household linen in best European pure linen quality. Box 43, NCDN. -194

Educational

ARCHITECTURAL lessons given; perspectives, building constructions, planning by graduate architect. Telephone 73625 tiffin time. -891

FRENCH lessons by teacher, university graduate (French mother tongue) Extensive experience. Best recommendation. Telephone 21416. -429

FIGUEIREDO'S School, Shorthand typewriting. English. Crystal-clear explanations. 54 Garden Apts., 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 10009

LEARN French! Leçons françaises, conversation et grammaire, données par Monsieur Jean Knoché, 2 Quinsan Garden. Références extraordinaires. 78341

CHINESE gentleman (university graduate) teaches English, French and shorthand at pupil's house in evenings, $3 an hour. Box 210, NCDN. -393

MUSIC lessons, violin, viola, piano, organ, by experienced teacher. Fieldon, Telephone 22743. -347

COMPLETE commercial course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting, English, commercial correspondence, bookkeeping, coding, filing, students prepared for Pitman, Gregg and London Chamber of Commerce examinations. Class or individual tuition. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney Steno-Typist Academy, 173-301 Seymour Road. 19417

LEARN driving at George's Automobile School. 102 Marcel Tillot, telephone 84916. Success and licence guaranteed. -39

YOUNG lady teaches English, German. Reasonable fees. Highly recommended. Easy method. Box 4463, NCDN. -8603

SPECIALIST in correction of speech defects and lip-reading for deaf people. Max Warschauer, 255 Route Cohen, appointment by telephone 74854. -8514

GERMAN, French in the shortest possible time, by young, qualified teacher. Box 222, NCDN. -411

YOUNG Chinese lady gives Chinese lessons (Mandarin/Shanghai dialect). Telephone 31704. Box 309, NCDN. -540

MALE teacher required to give Russian lessons to foreigner. Box 267, NCDN. -474

Wanted to Rent

WANTED rent Western District/Settlement house/apartment six/seven rooms furnished/unfurnished, central heating, telephone. No key money. Box 359, NCDN. -811

FURNISHED room for office purposes, with telephone, wanted, near Bubbling Well. Box 362, NCDN.

FOREIGNER wants apartment, 2-3 furnished/unfurnished rooms. All comfort. Settlement/Concession. Box 363, NCDN.

SMALL furnished modern apartment in French Concession, by reliable American gentleman. Box 351, NCDN. -

SMALL foreign or Chinese house wanted. Will pay key money. Box 343, NCDN. -

ONE or two room apartment facing south, furnished or unfurnished. Reasonable rent. Box 335, NCDN. -576

ONE or two roomed flat wanted. Apply Box 342, NCDN. -502

WANTED three-roomed unfurnished apartment. French Concession. Apply 1-5 p.m. Telephone 81115. -539

BY British lady, furnished room or small flat, near town. Box 349, NCDN. -529

WANTED to rent in Hungjao district a furnished house with garden for one or two months from mid-July to mid-September. Particulars to Box 280, NCDN. 10232

WANTED to rent: Residence with 10 to 15 rooms, Settlement or French Concession, perhaps also badlands, preferably with garden, furnished or unfurnished. Applications giving full particulars and price to be addressed to Box 333, NCDN. -571

RESPONSIBLE bachelor, British, requires two or three-roomed apartment, kitchen, bathroom, separate entrance, furnished or unfurnished, in best part of French Concession or western district, for immediate occupation. Reply Box 259, NCDN. 10182

WANTED four/five-roomed apartment, two/three bathrooms, modern conveniences, immediate occupation. Reply to Box 257, NCDN. or telephone 76996, six to nine evenings. -461

RESPONSIBLE party requires three roomed unfurnished apartment French Concession. No key money. Willing pay advance deposit. Reply Box 178, NCDN. -326

MARRIED couple wants furnished room with bath attached in the Embankment Building, or willing to take over flat whilst owner is on leave. Please reply to Box 296. NCDN. -520

WANTED by responsible party end August, four/five-roomed unfurnished flat or house, two baihrooms, garage, French Concession. Reply Box 274, NCDN. -486

ONE or two-roomed flat wanted, complete with bathroom, kitchen, near Bund. Write Box 125. NCDN. 10098

Animals

FOUND: white/black wirehair terrier, male, corner Bubbling Well/Medhurst Road. 220 Route Dupleix, Lefeber. 10243

THOROUGHBRED French bulldog puppies, females. 965 Avenue Joffre. 10184

WHEN buying a dog insist on it having a China Kennel Club registration, which is recognised everywhere. 10106

A pair of thoroughbred Boston bull puppies, for sale. Telephone 29511. 10214

TWO tan dachshund, male, two months old, pedigreed. 596B Amherst Avenue, telephone 21677. -834

WANTED male Alsatian, preferably house-trained. Telephone 35516. -488

A good horse for a good rider going for his keep two months owner's absence July 15. Must be kept in owner's stable, Hungjao. Box 245, NCDN. -548

Dancing

MISS BOOLE'S Dancing Studio, All modern ballroom dances. 22A Route Pere Robert. -8798

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